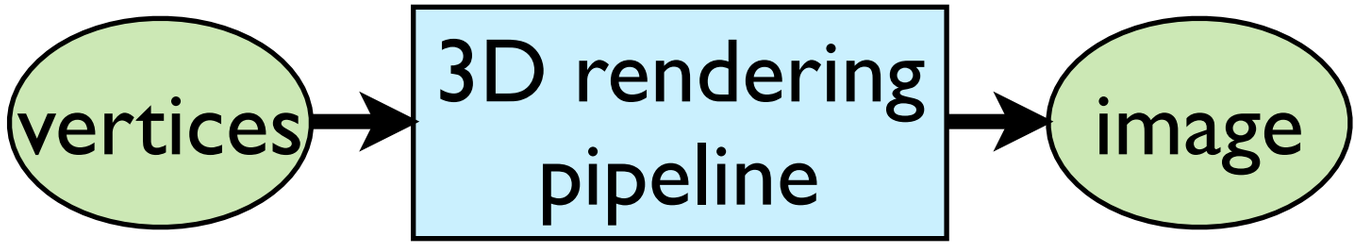
Graphics Pipeline

Rendering approaches

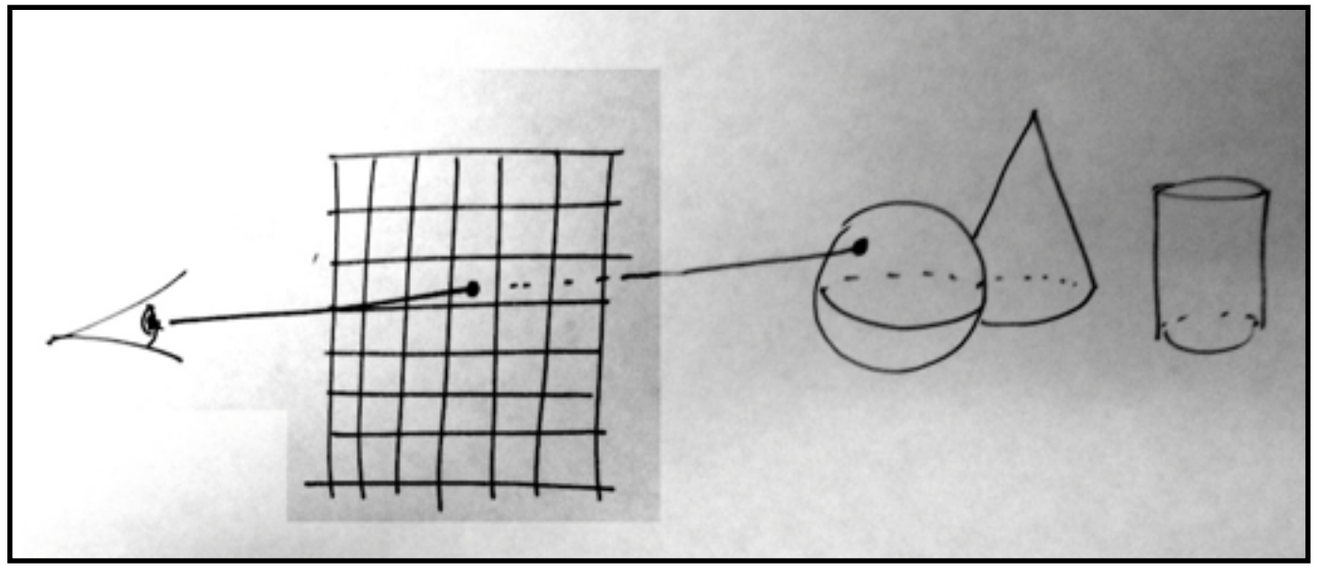
1.object-oriented

foreach object ...



2.image-oriented

foreach pixel ...

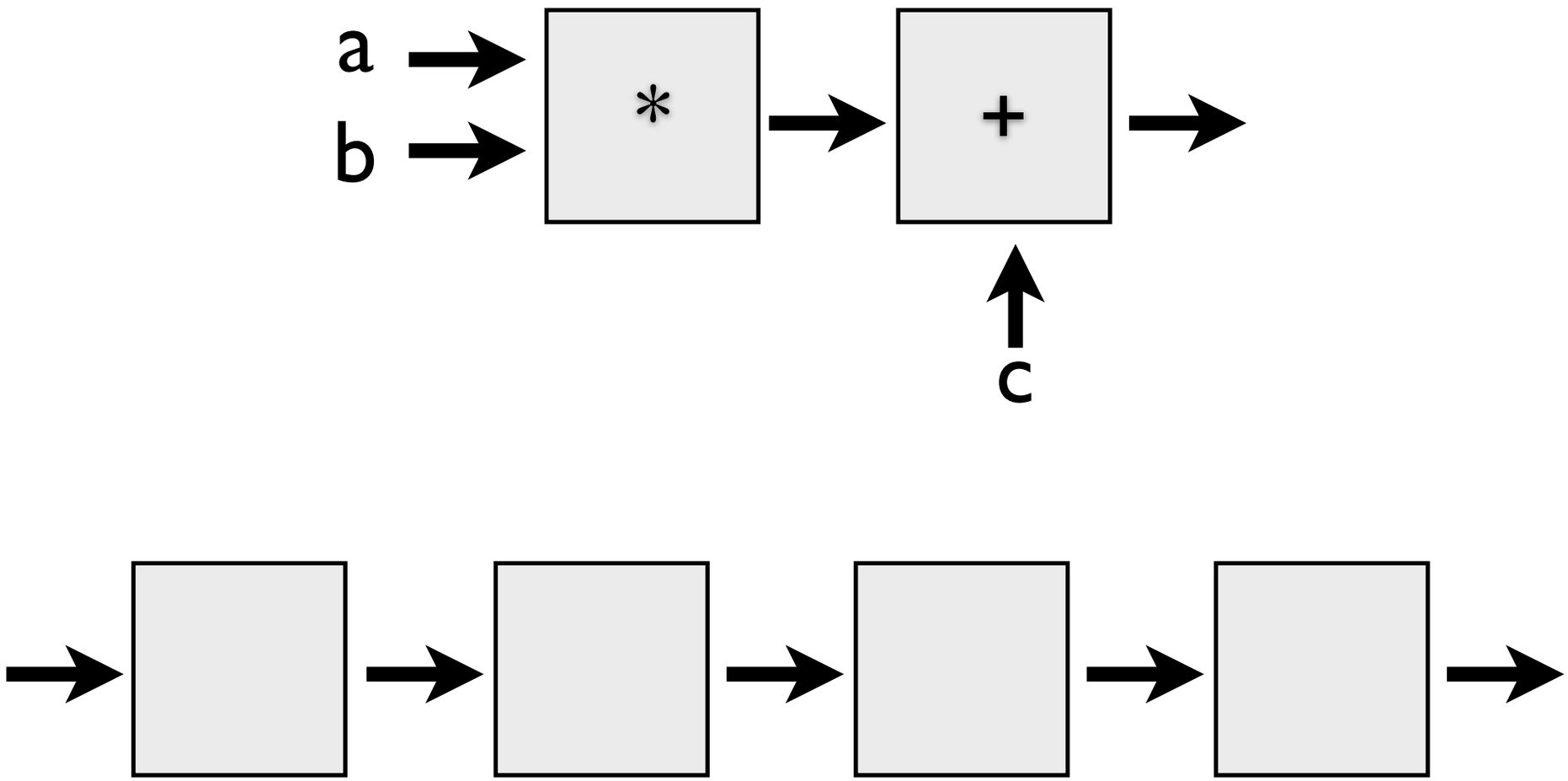


Z-buffer Rendering

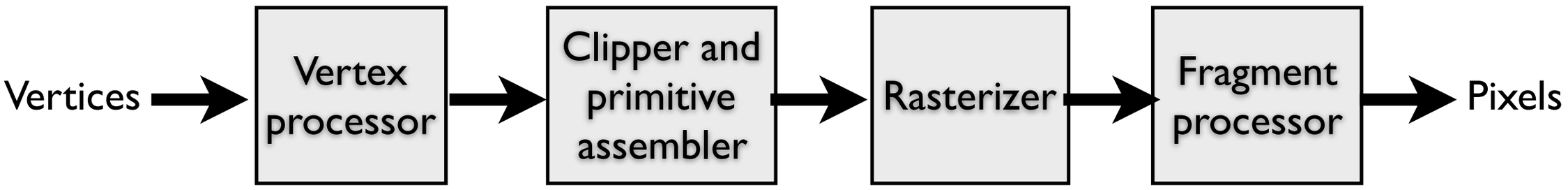
- Z-buffering is very common approach, also often accelerated with hardware
- OpenGL is based on this approach

Pipelining operations

An arithmetic pipeline that computes c+(a*b)



3D graphics pipeline



Geometry: objects – made of primitives – made of vertices
Vertex processing: coordinate transformations and color
Clipping and primitive assembly: output is a set of primitives
Rasterization: output is a set of fragments for each primitive
Fragment processing: update pixels in the frame buffer

3D graphics pipeline

- optimized for drawing 3D triangles with shared vertices
- map 3D vertex locations to 2D screen locations
- shade triangles and draw them in back to front order using a z-buffer
- speed depends on # of triangles
- most operations on vertices can be represented using a 4D coordinate space - 3D position + homogeneous coordinate for perspective viewing
  - 4x4 matrices and 4-vectors

Primitives and Attributes

Choice of primitives

- Which primitives should an API contain?
  - small set - supported by hardware, *or*
  - lots of primitives - convenient for user

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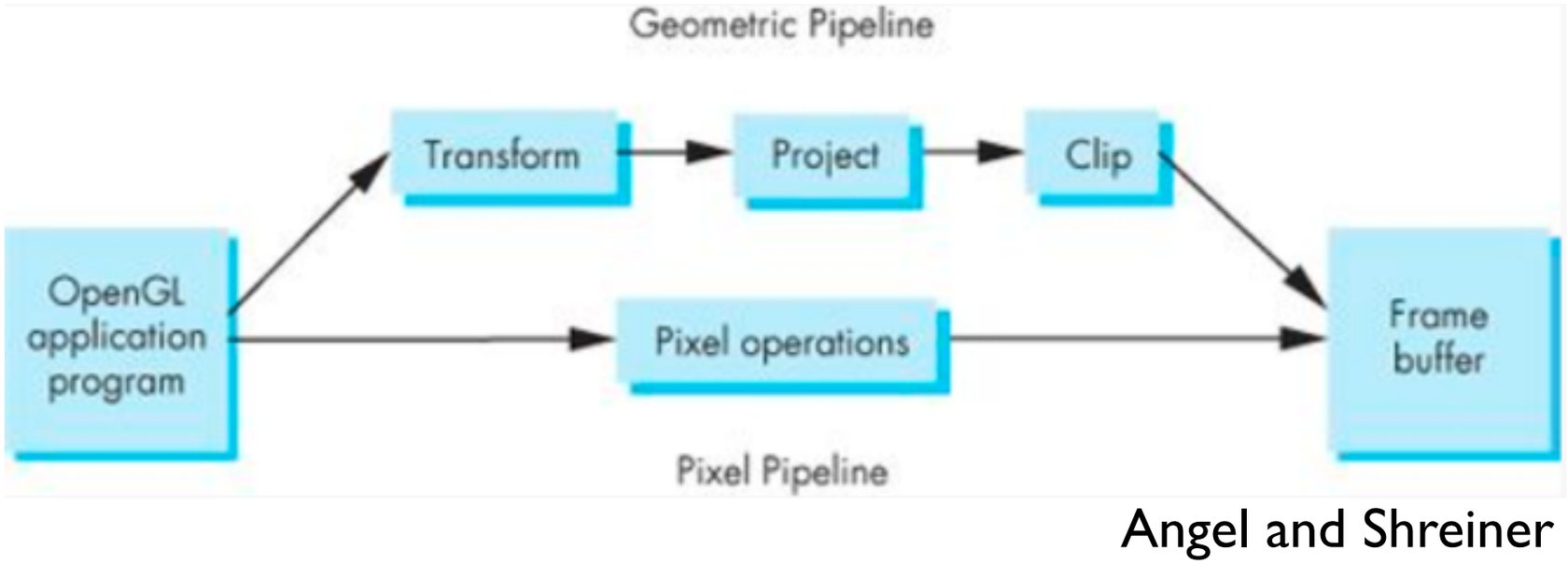
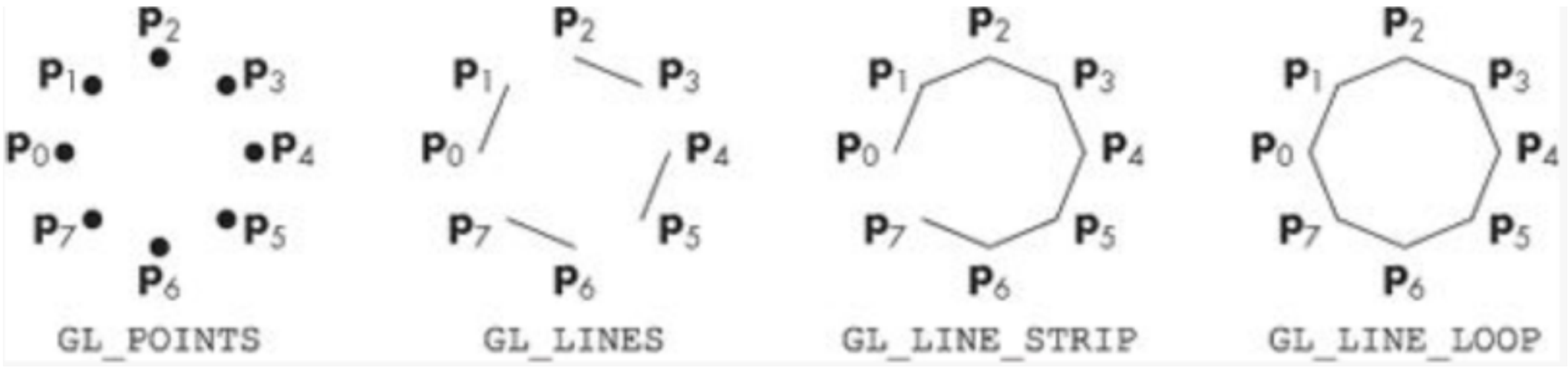
Two classes of primitives



Angel and Shreiner

Geometric : points, lines, polygons
Image : arrays of pixels

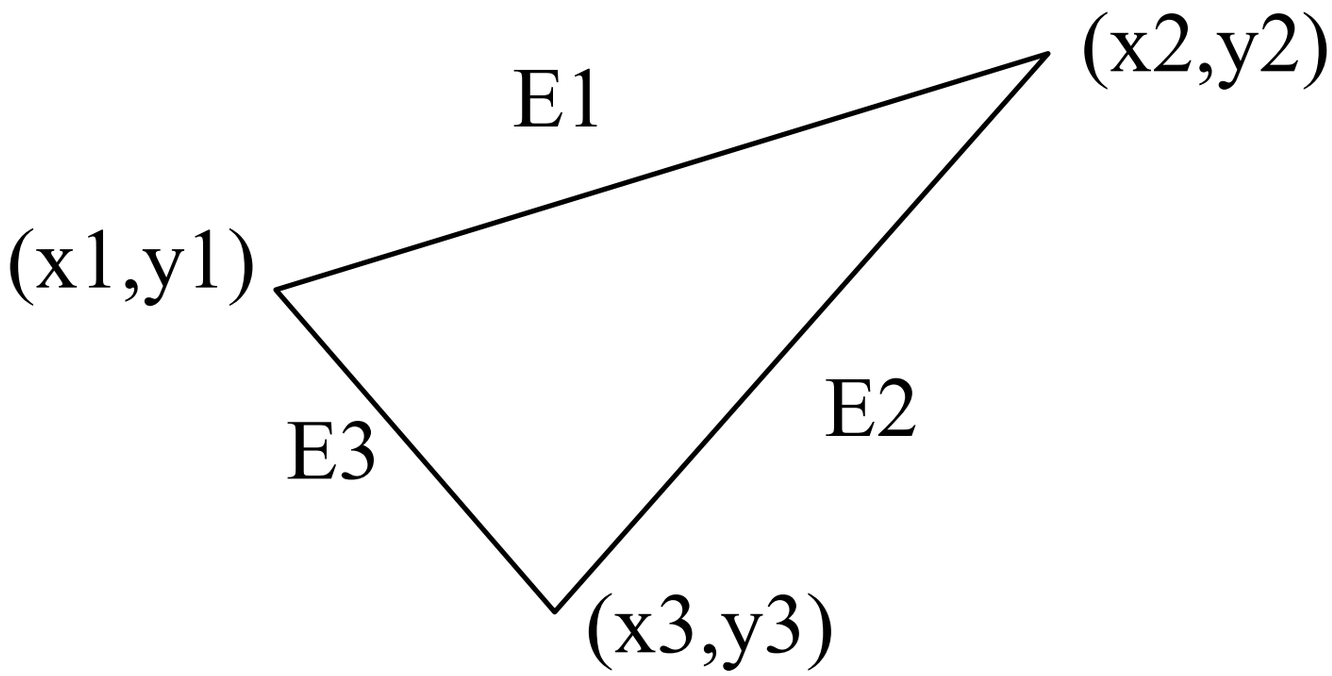
Point and line segment types



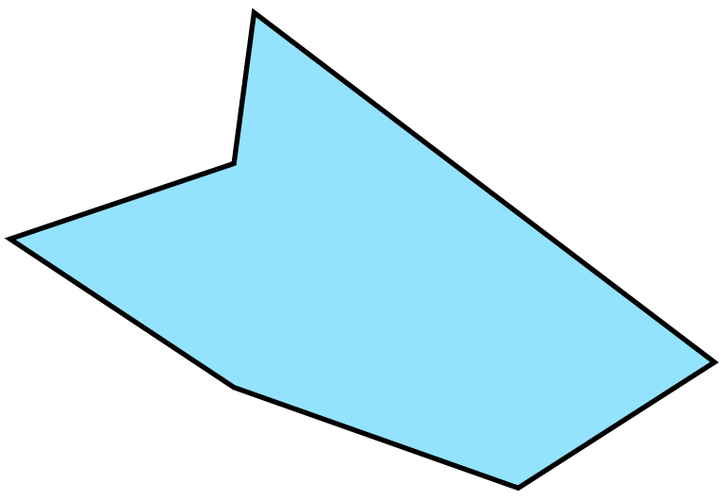
Angel and Shreiner

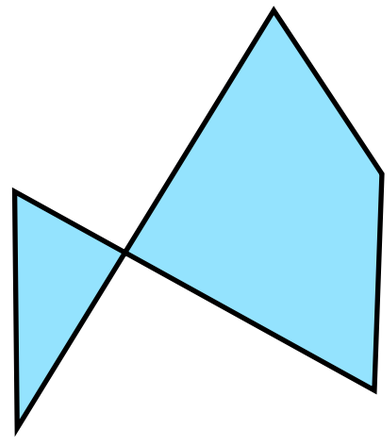
Polygons

- Multi-sided planar element composed of edges and vertices.
- Vertices (singular vertex) are represented by points
- Edges connect vertices as line segments



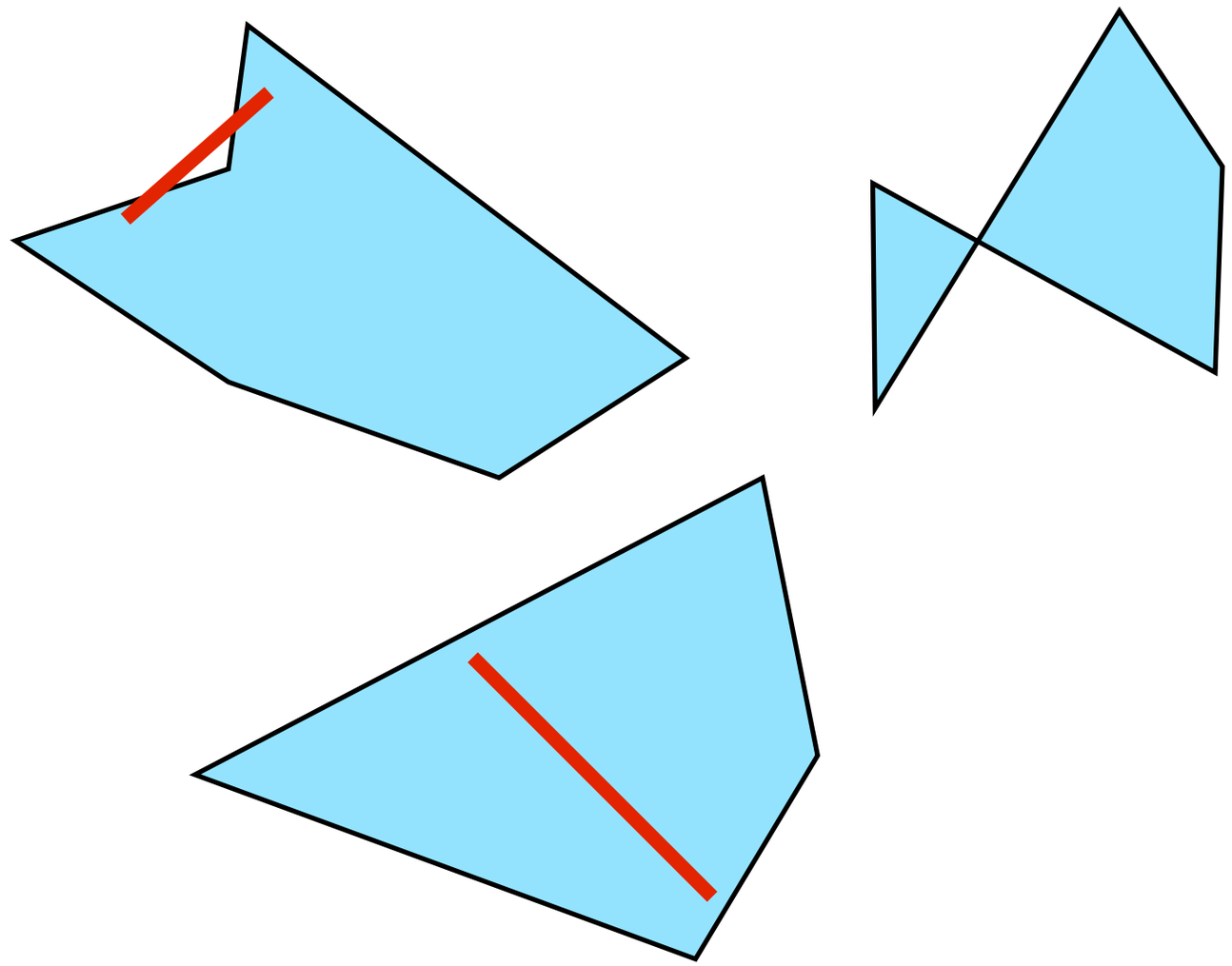
Valid polygons





- Simple
- Convex
- Flat

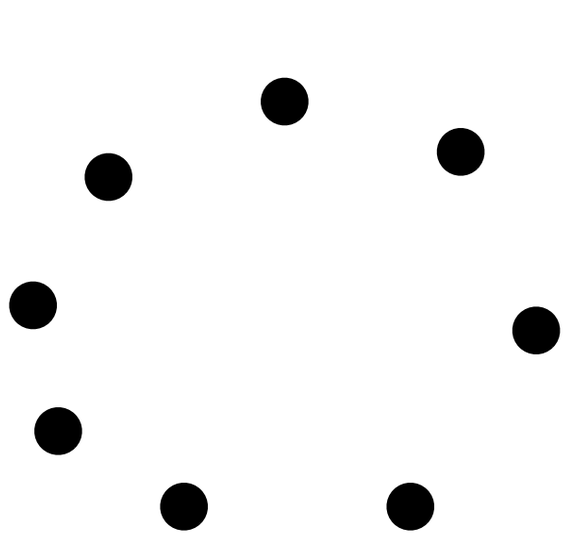
Valid polygons



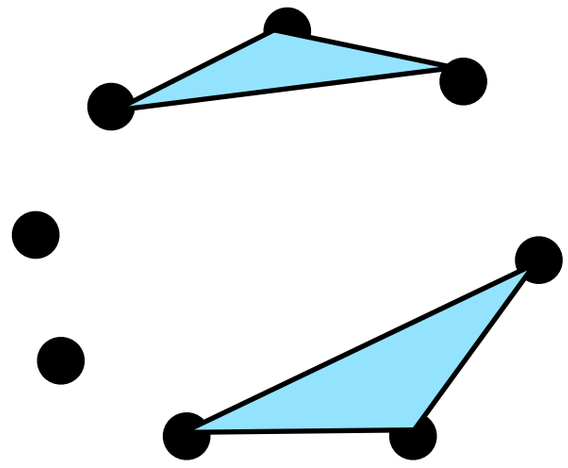
- Simple
- Convex
- Flat

OpenGL polygons

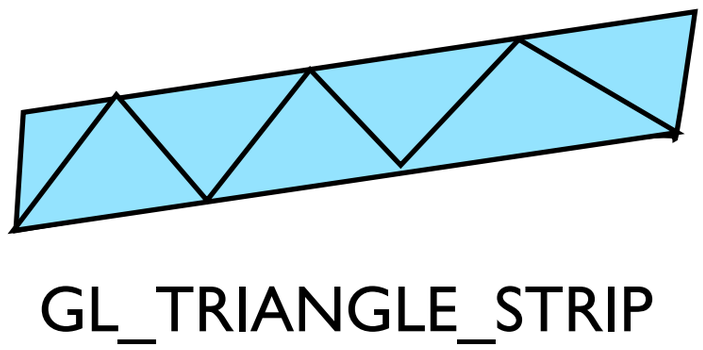
- Only triangles are supported (in latest versions)



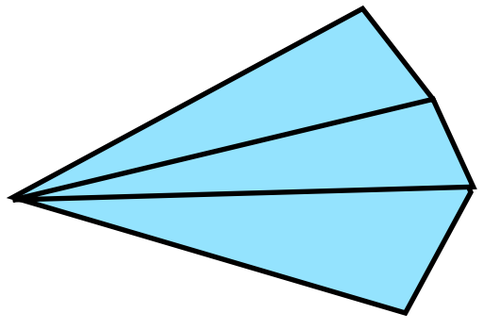
GL_POINTS



GL_TRIANGLES

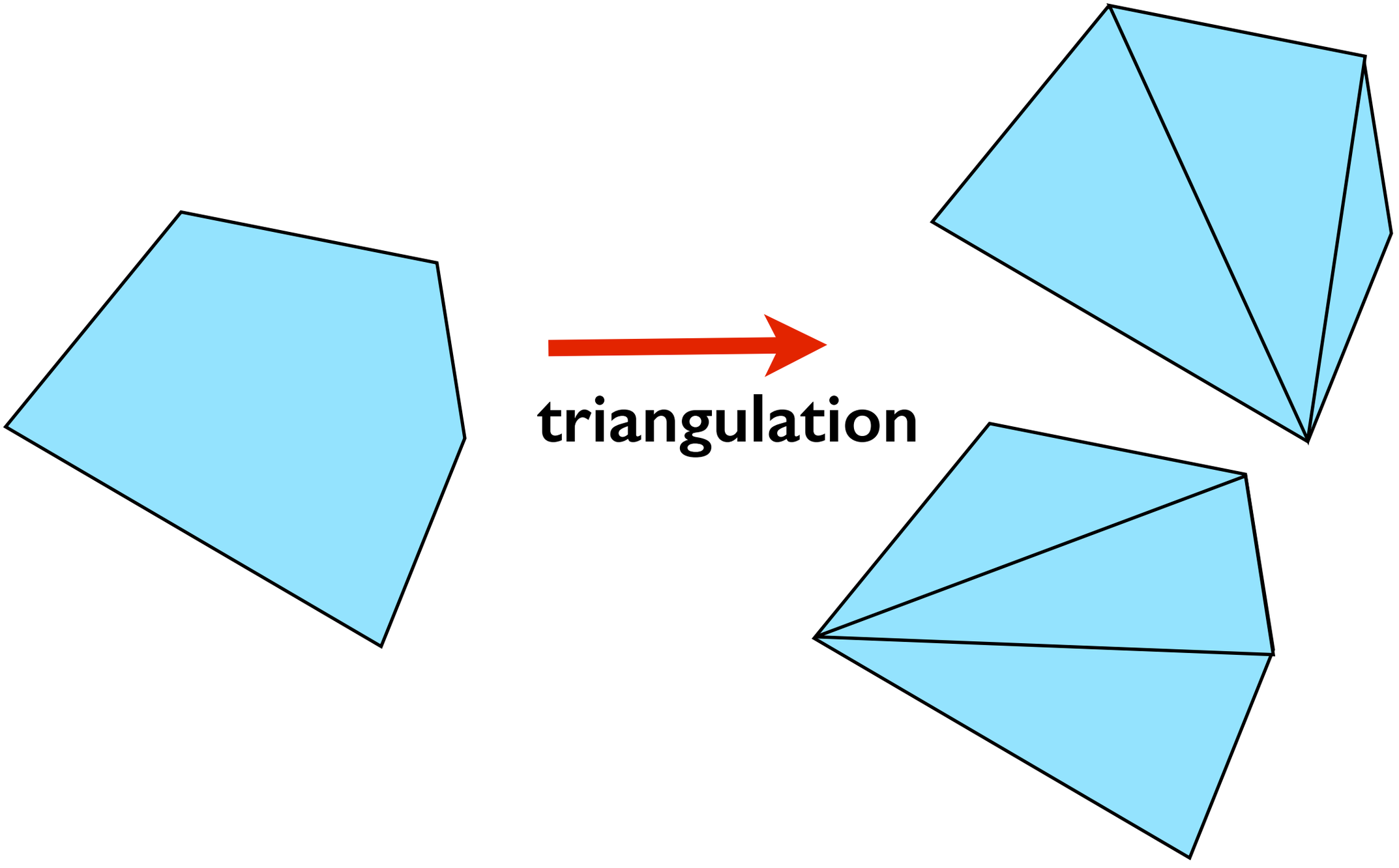


GL_TRIANGLE_STRIP



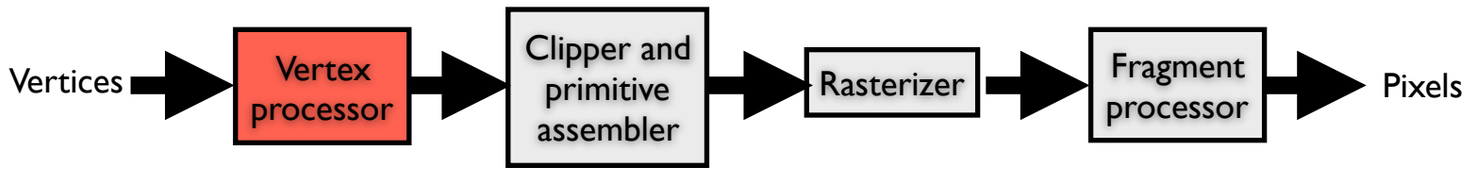
GL_TRIANGLE_FAN

Other polygons



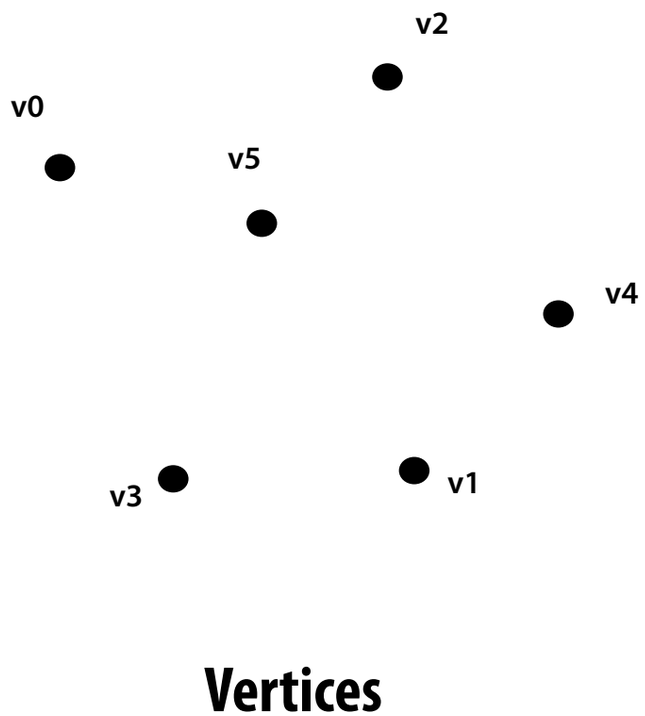
Graphics Pipeline

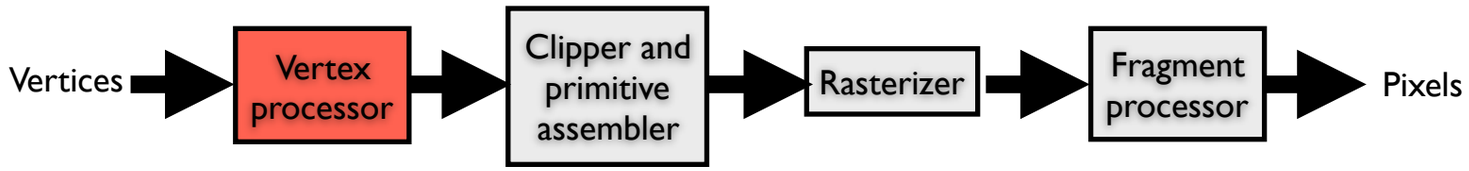
(slides courtesy K. Fatahalian)



Vertex processing

Vertices are transformed into “screen space”





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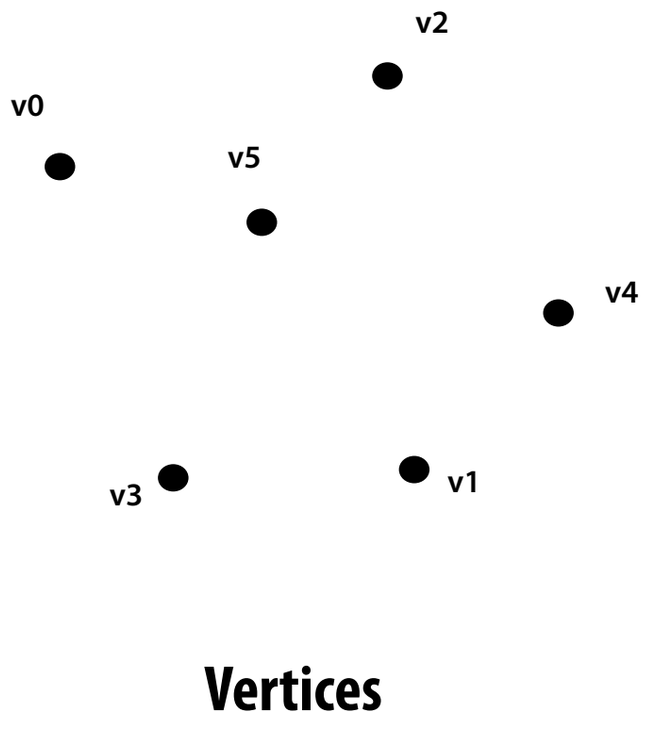
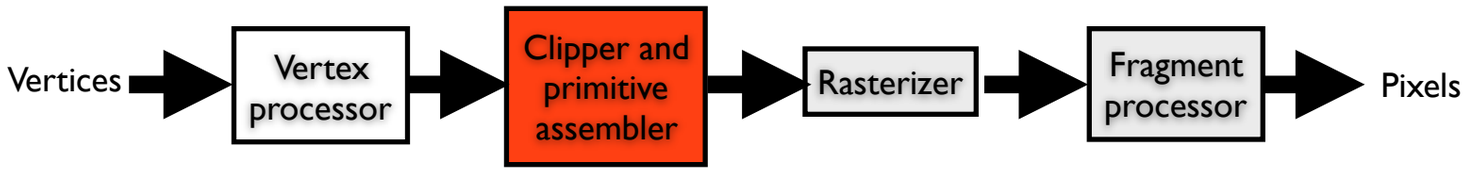
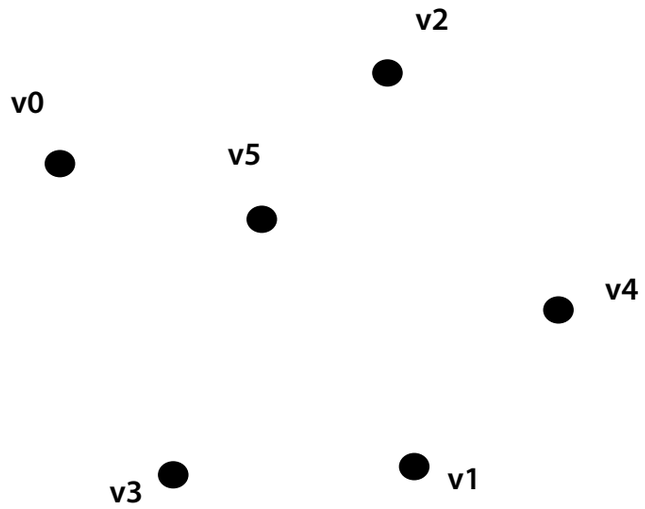


EACH VERTEX IS TRANSFORMED INDEPENDENTLY

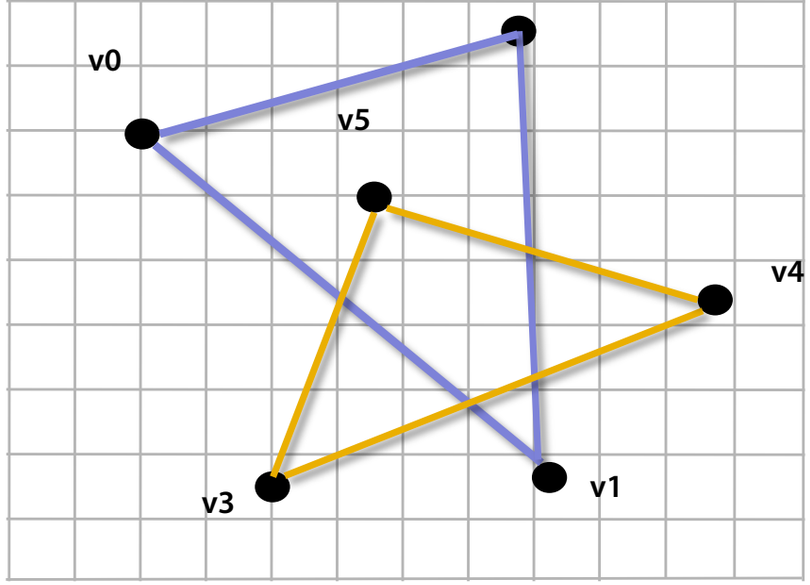


Primitive processing

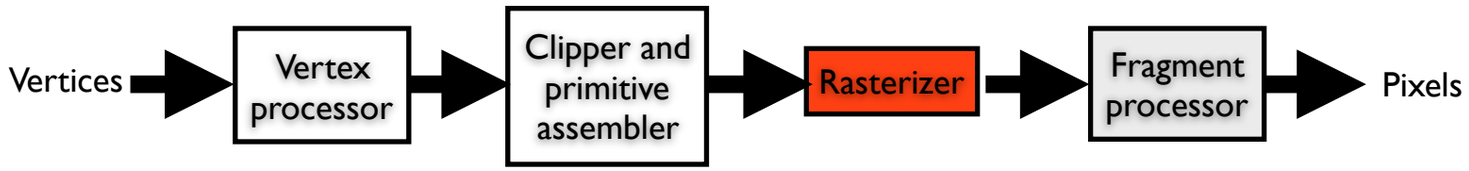
Then organized into primitives that are clipped and culled…



Vertices

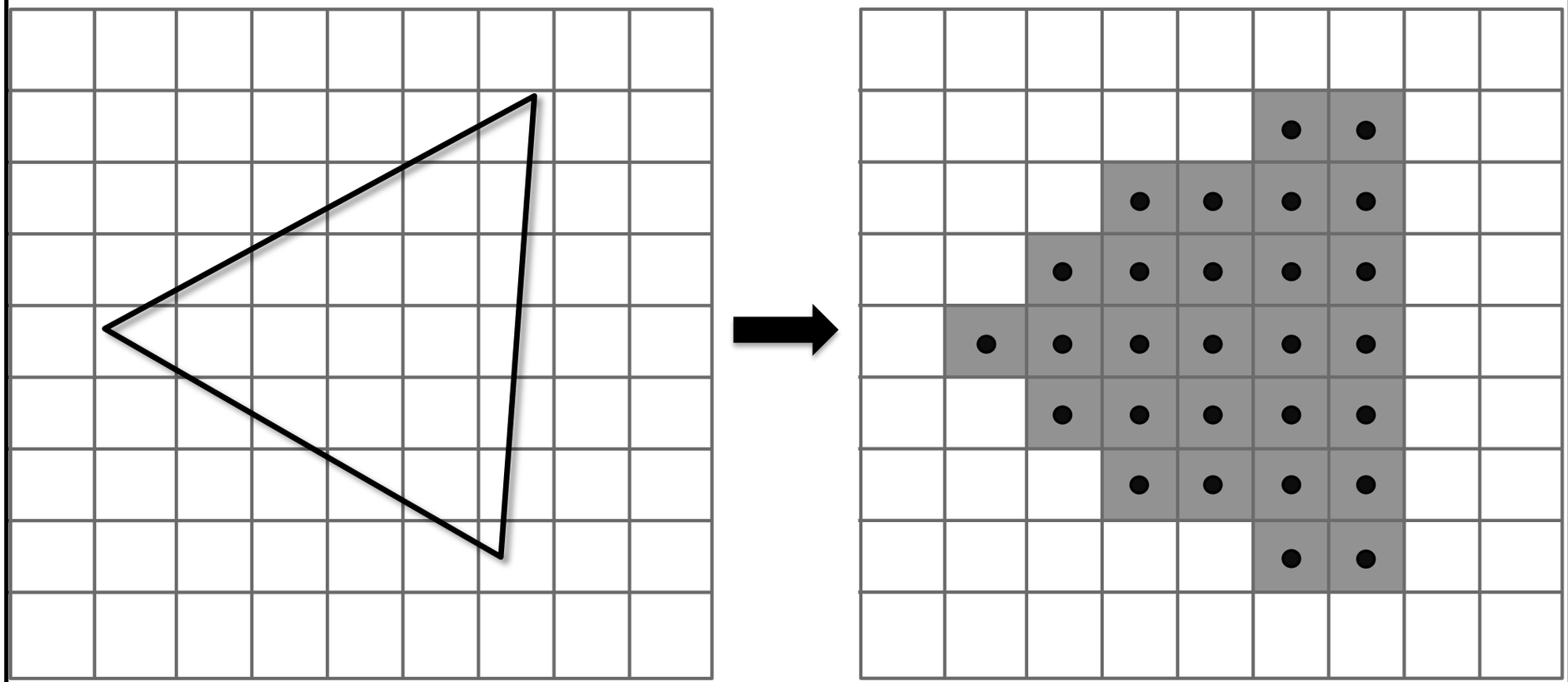


Primitives (triangles)

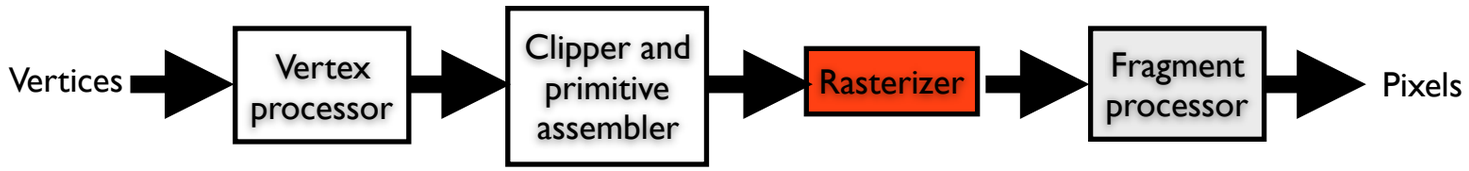


Rasterization

Primitives are rasterized into "pixel fragments"



Fragments



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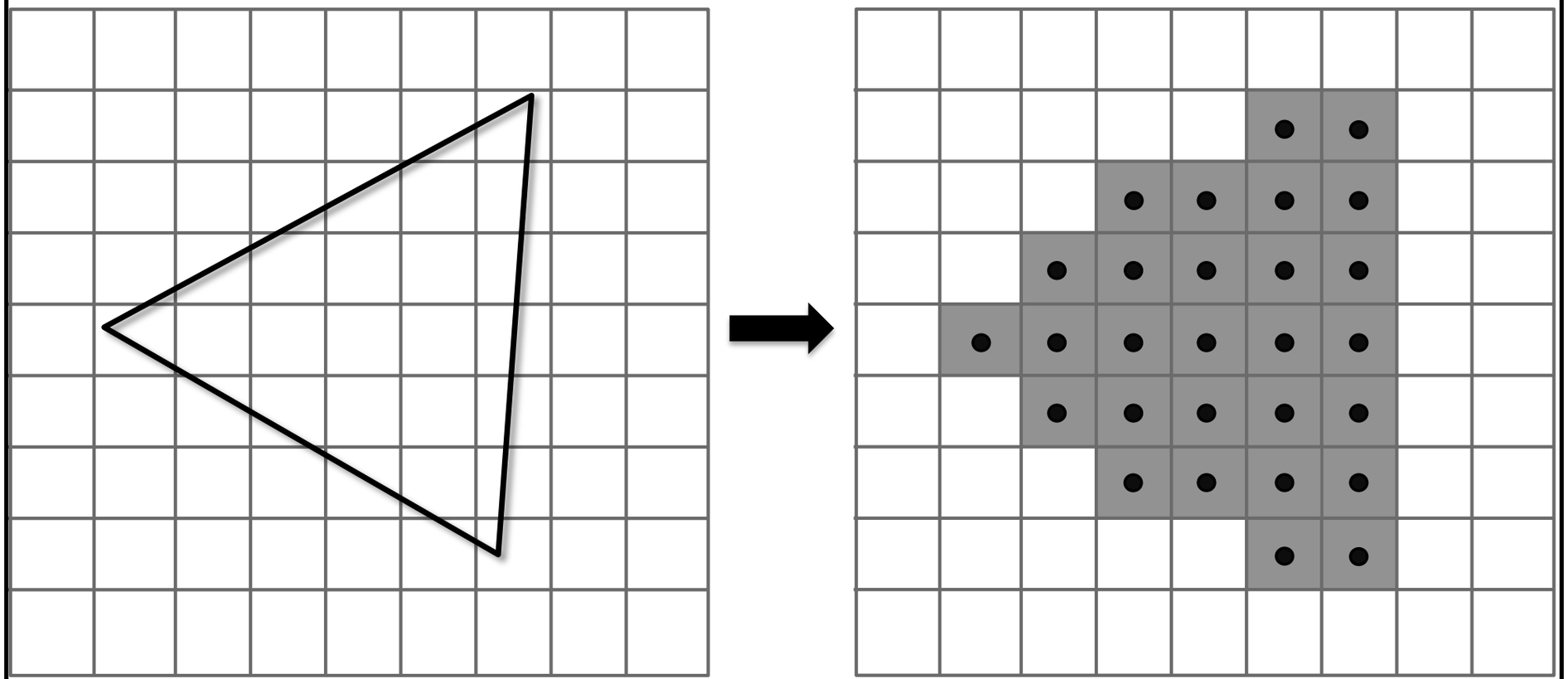
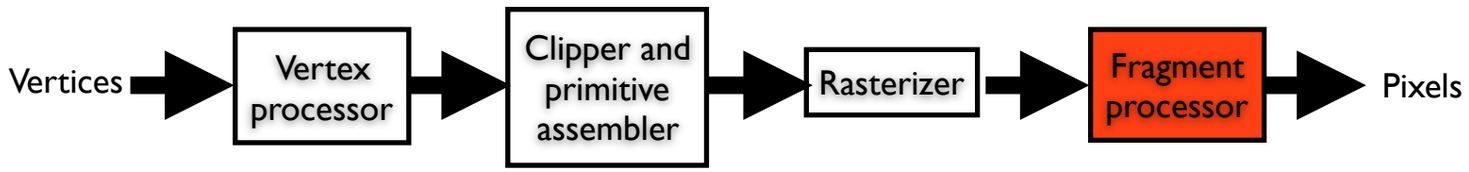
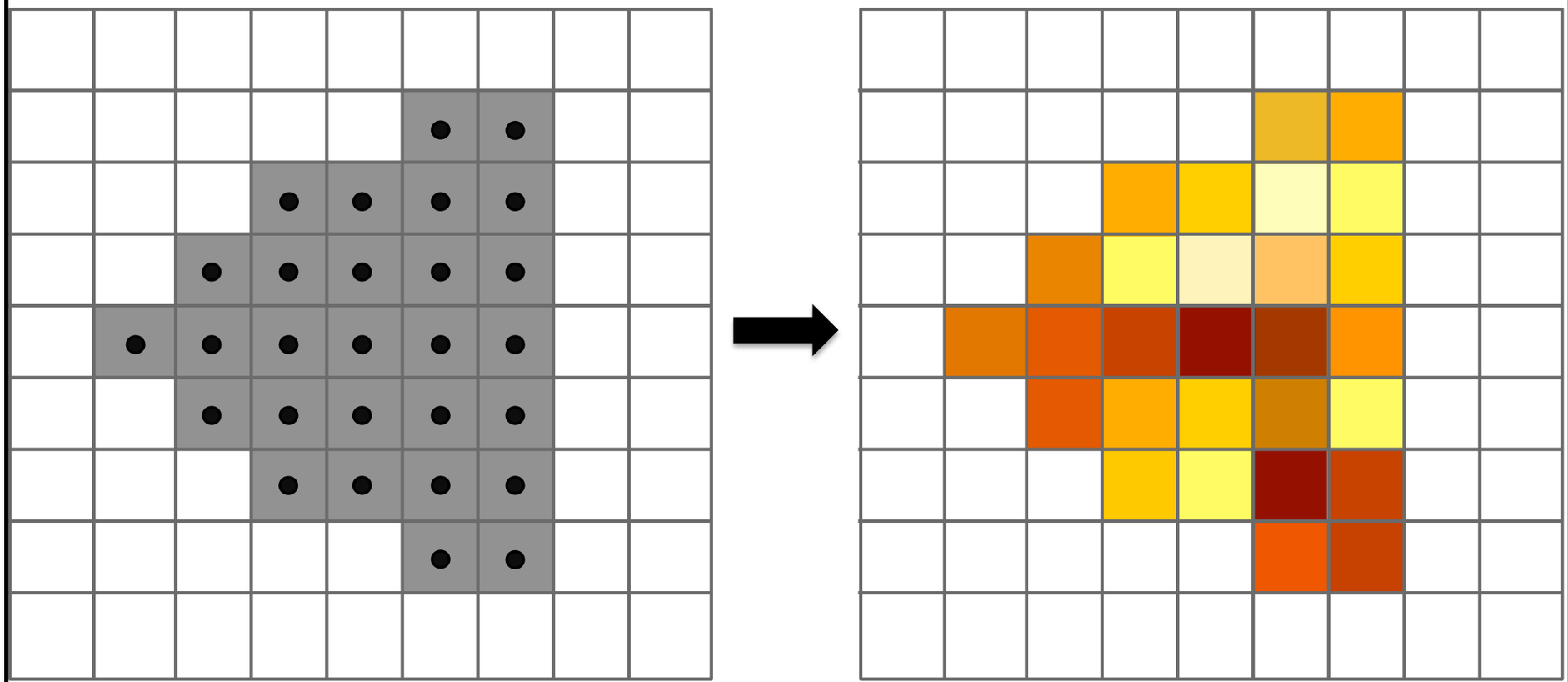


EACH PRIMITIVE IS RASTERIZED INDEPENDENTLY

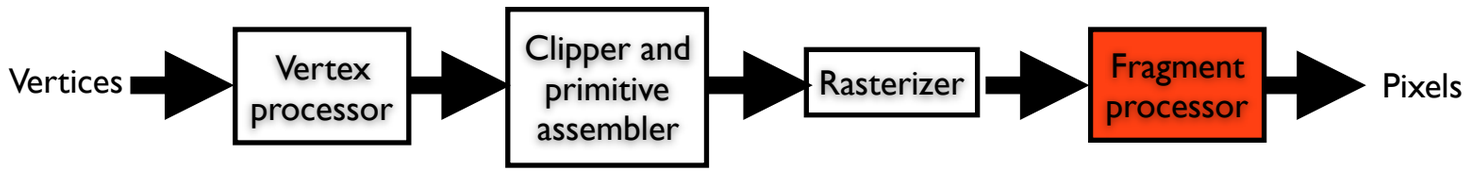


Fragment processing

Fragments are shaded to compute a color at each pixel



Shaded fragments



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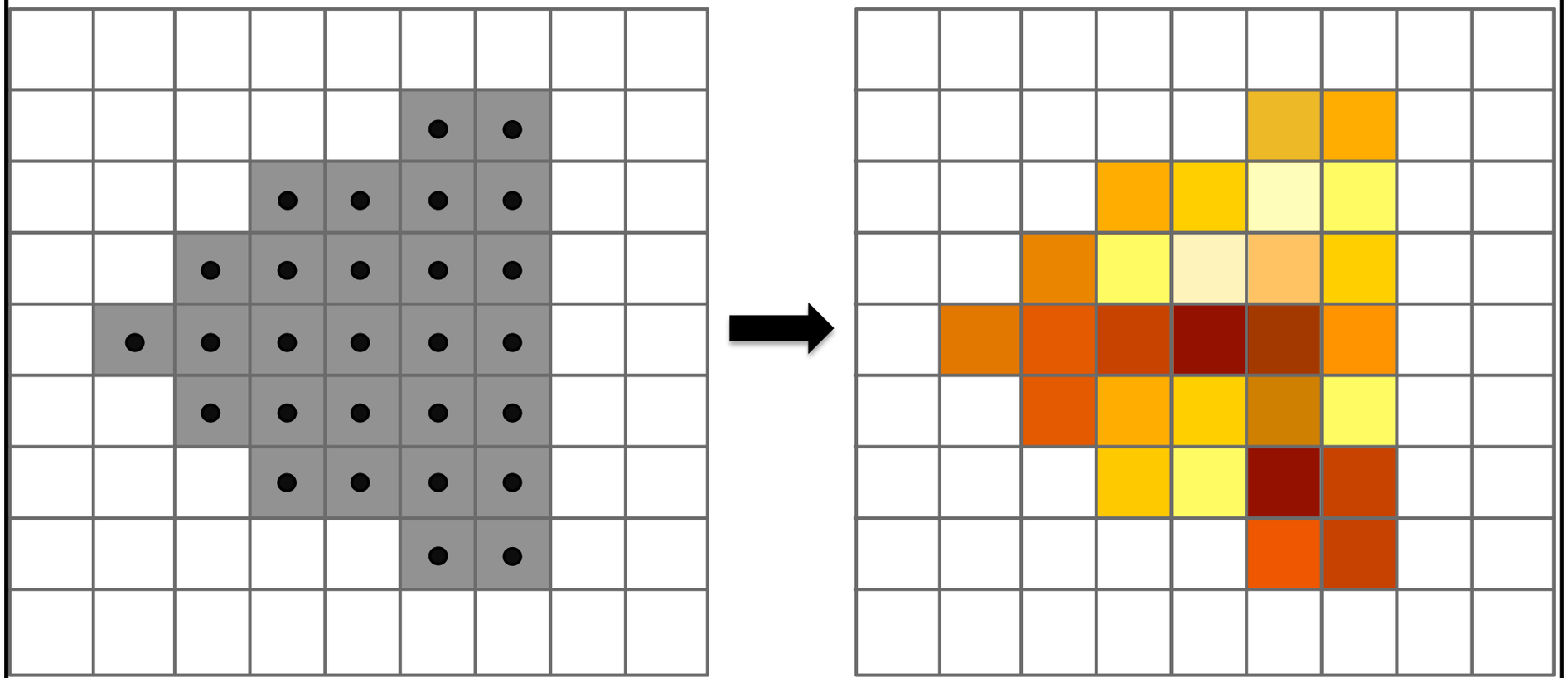
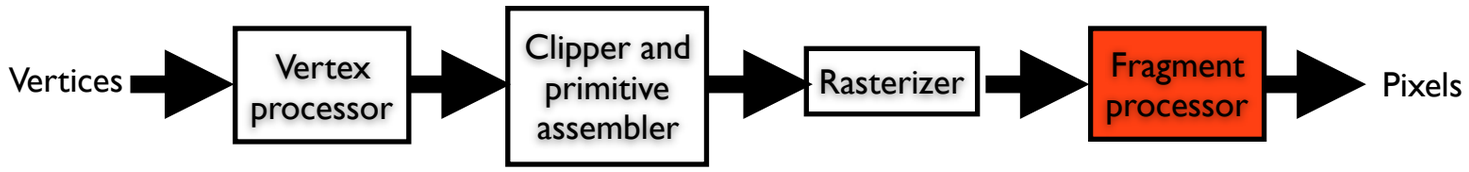
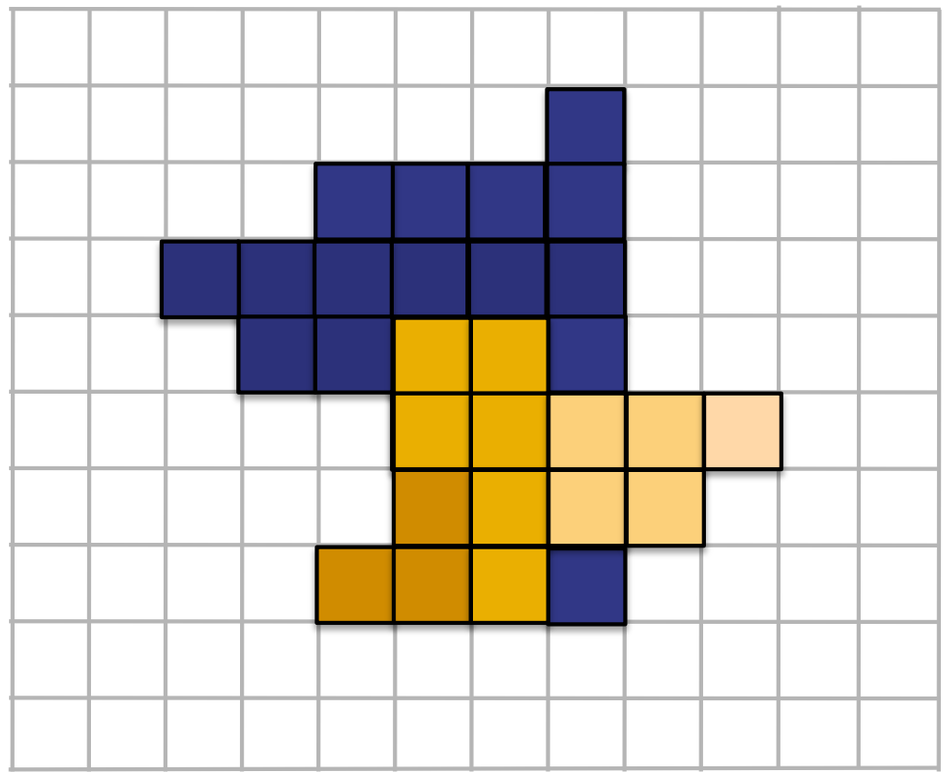


EACH FRAGMENT IS PROCESSED INDEPENDENTLY



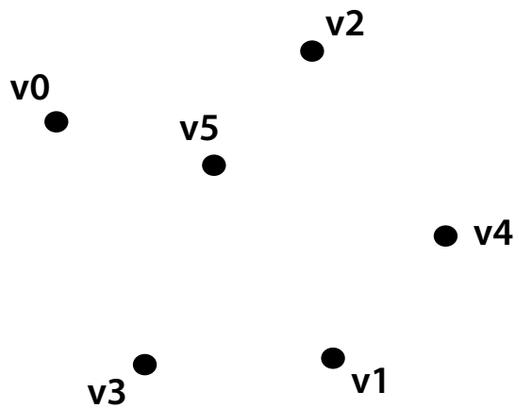
Pixel operations

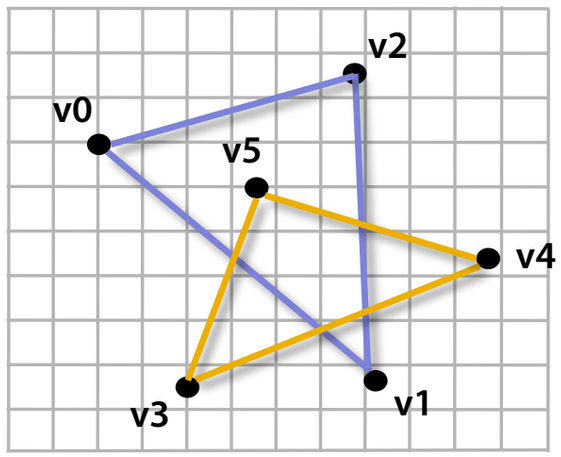
Fragments are blended into the frame buffer at their pixel locations (z-buffer determines visibility)

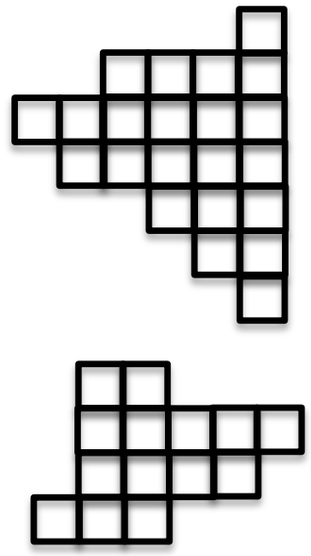


Pixels

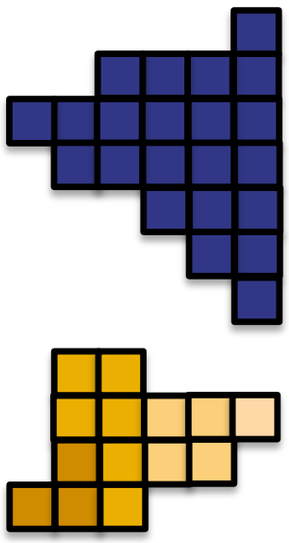
Pipeline entities

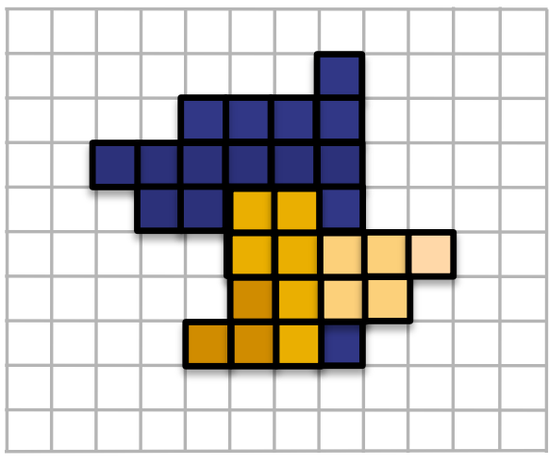






Vertices **Primitives** **Fragments**





Fragments (shaded) **Pixels**

Graphics pipeline