

CS 130 : Computer Graphics

Lecture 9: Viewing Transformations (cont.)

Tamar Shinar

Computer Science & Engineering

UC Riverside

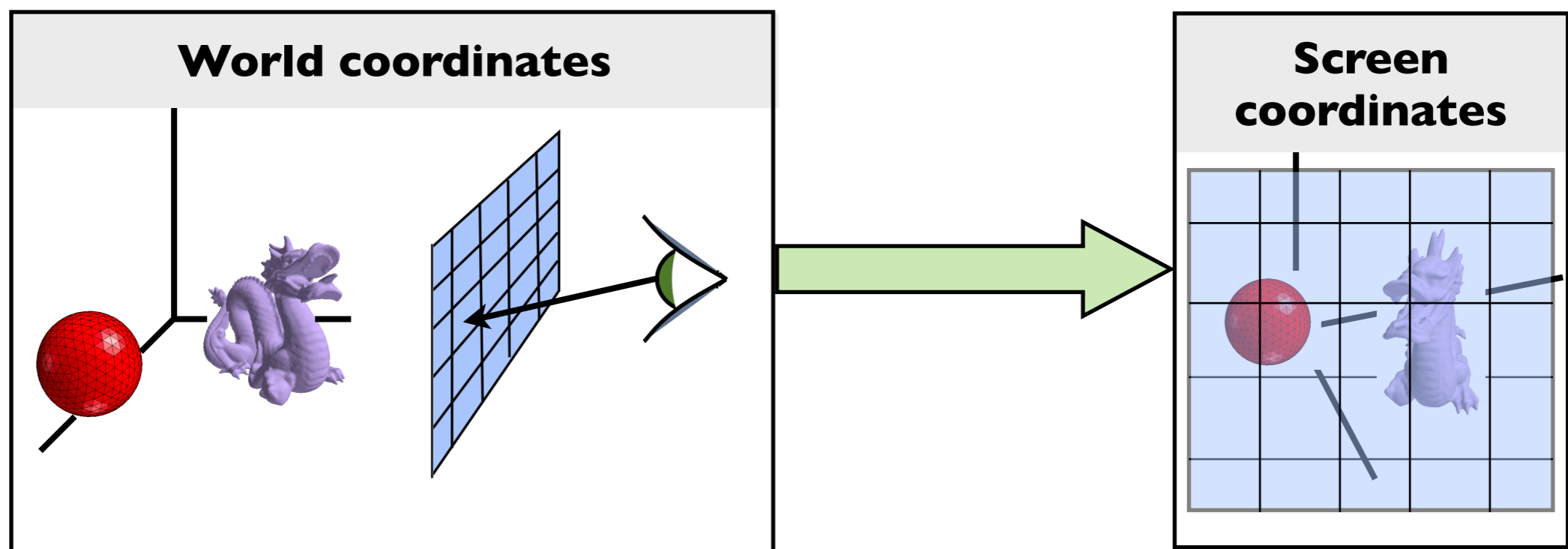
Viewing Transformations



Viewing transformations

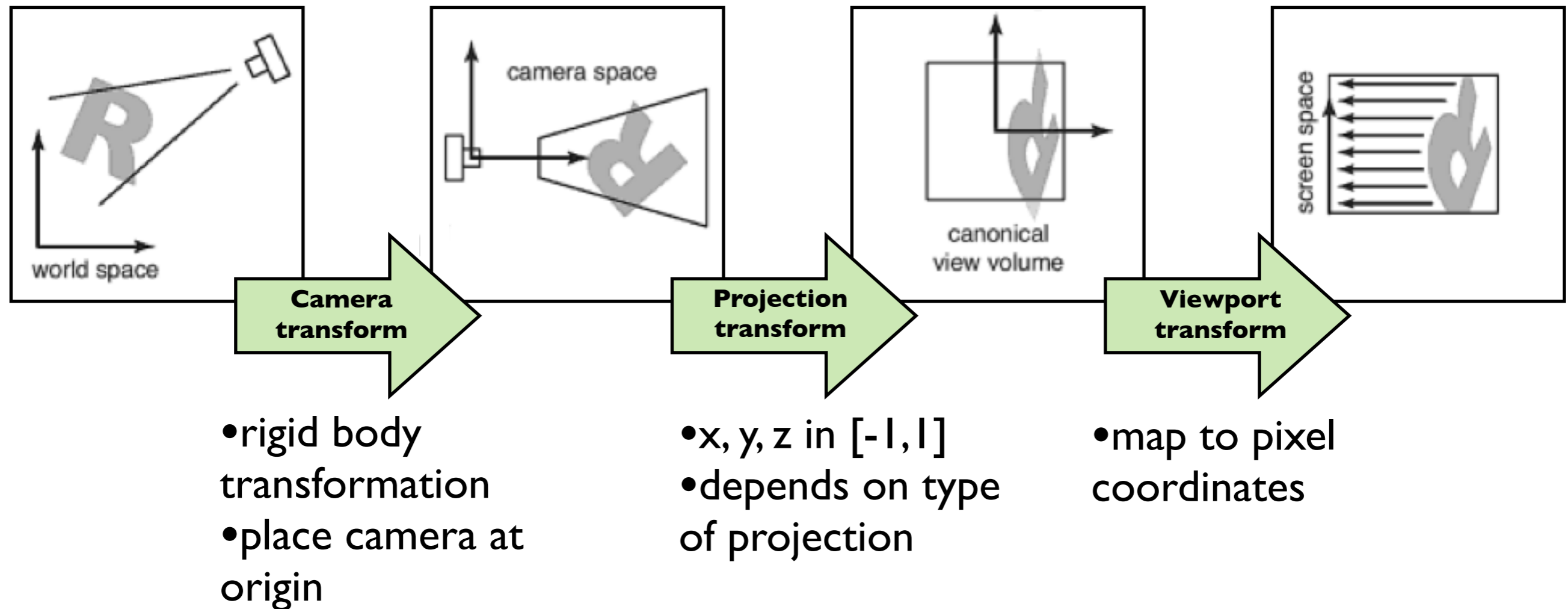


- Move objects from their 3D locations to their positions in a 2D view



The viewing transformation also projects any point along the pixel's view ray back to the pixel's position in **image space**

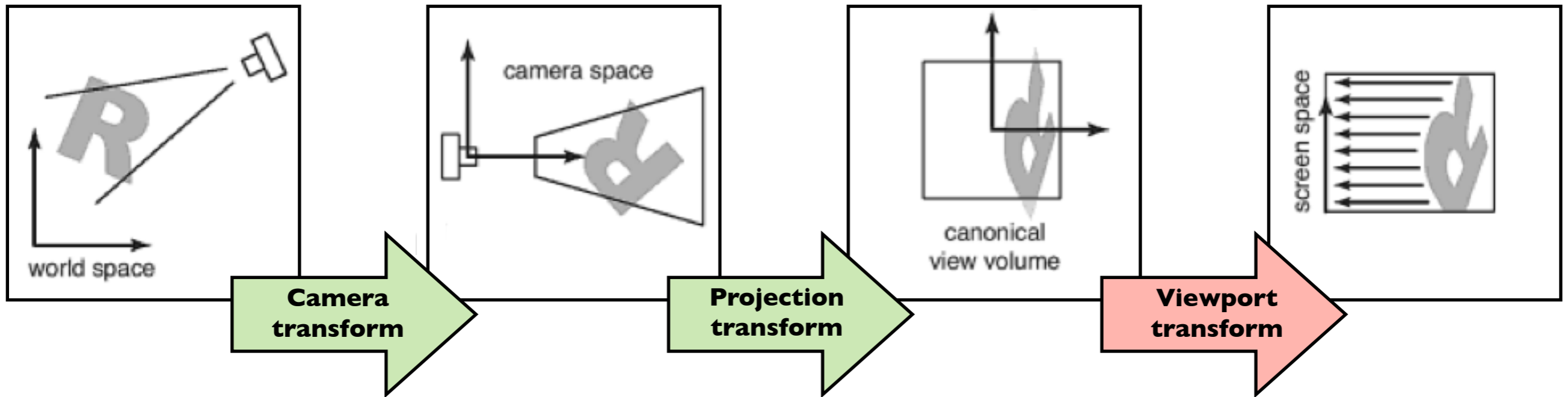
Decomposition of viewing transforms



Viewing transforms depend on: camera position and orientation, type of projection, field of view, image resolution

there are several names for these spaces: "camera space" = "eye space", "canonical view volume" = "clip space" = "normalized device coordinates", "screen space" = "pixel coordinates" and for the transforms: "camera transformation" = "viewing transformation"

Viewport transform

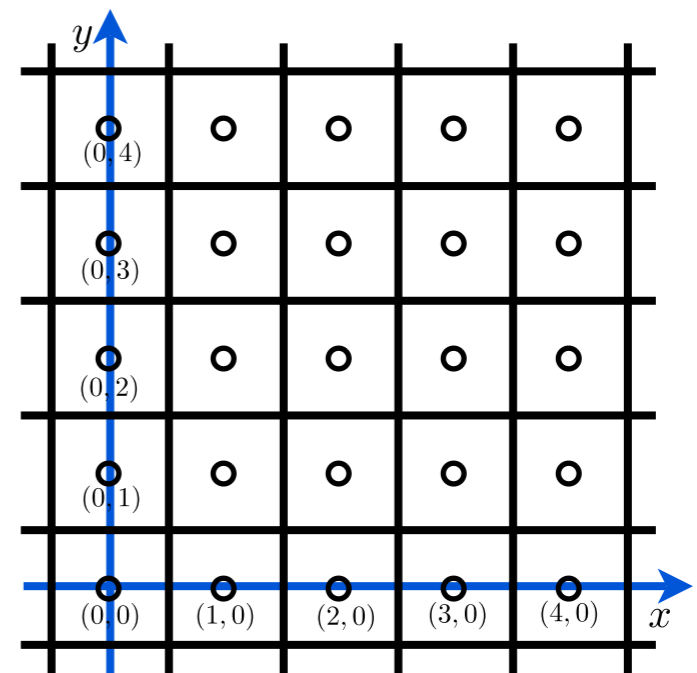


$$(x, y, z) \rightarrow (x', y', z')$$

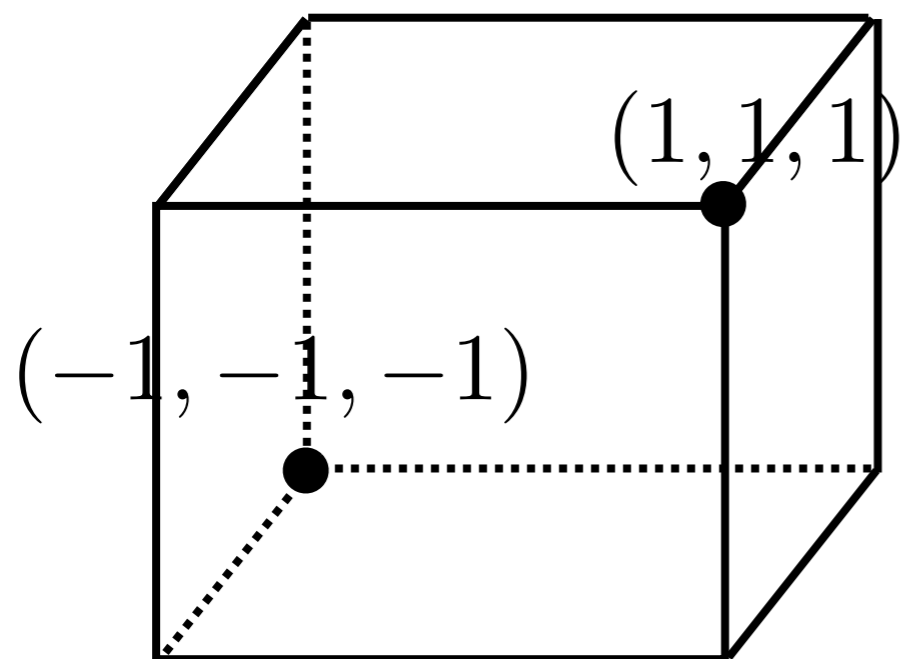
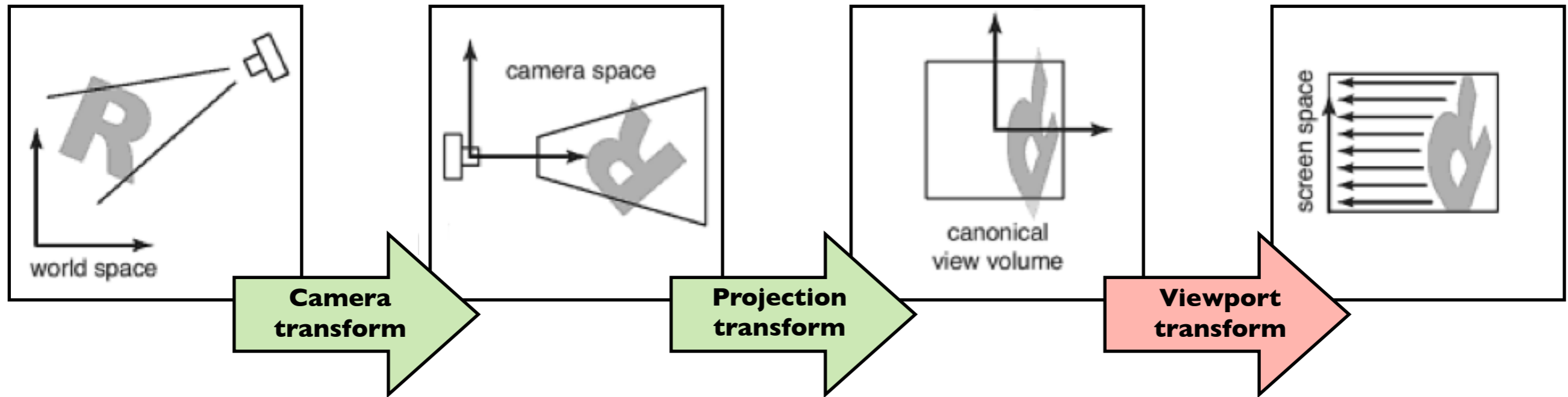
$$(x, y, z) \in [-1, 1]^3$$

$$x' \in [-.5, n_x - .5]$$

$$y' \in [-.5, n_y - .5]$$

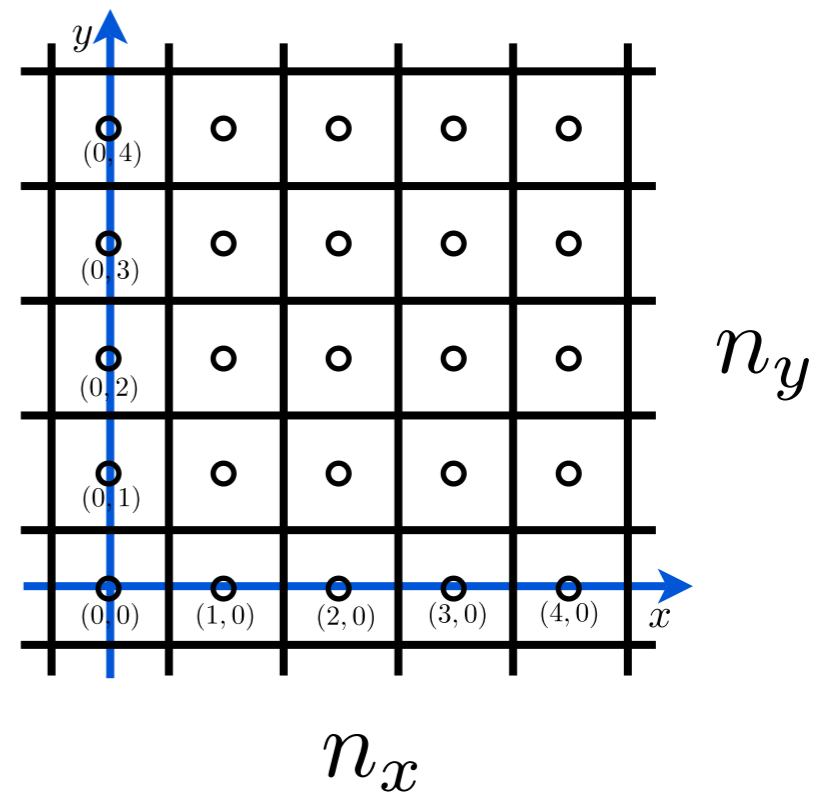


Viewport transform

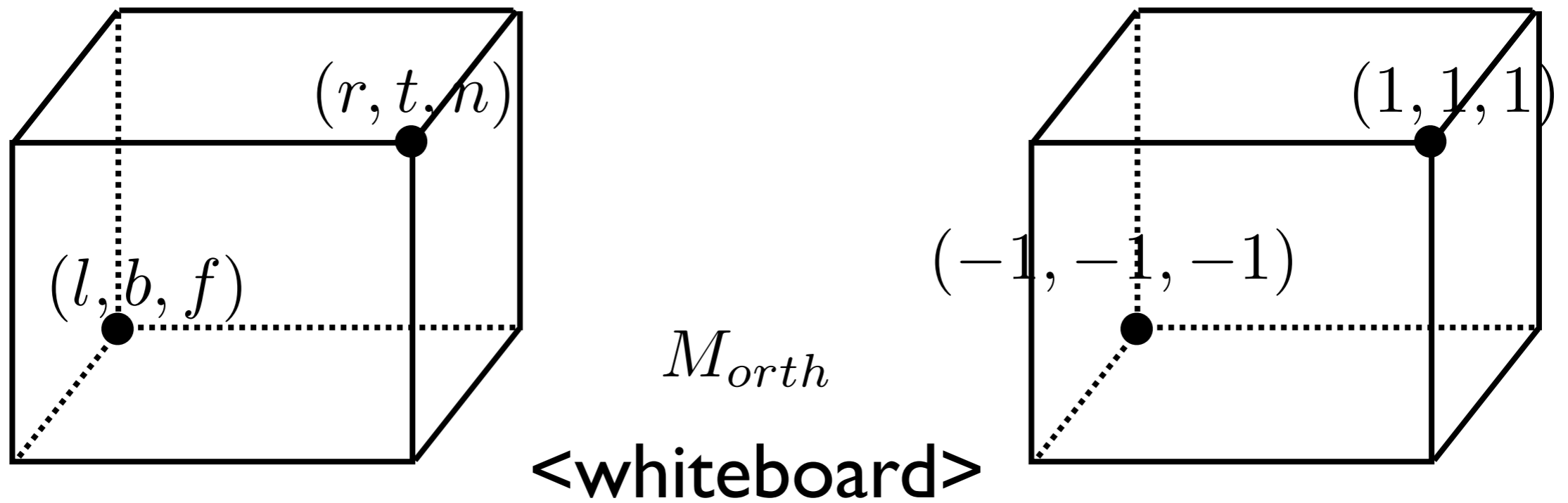
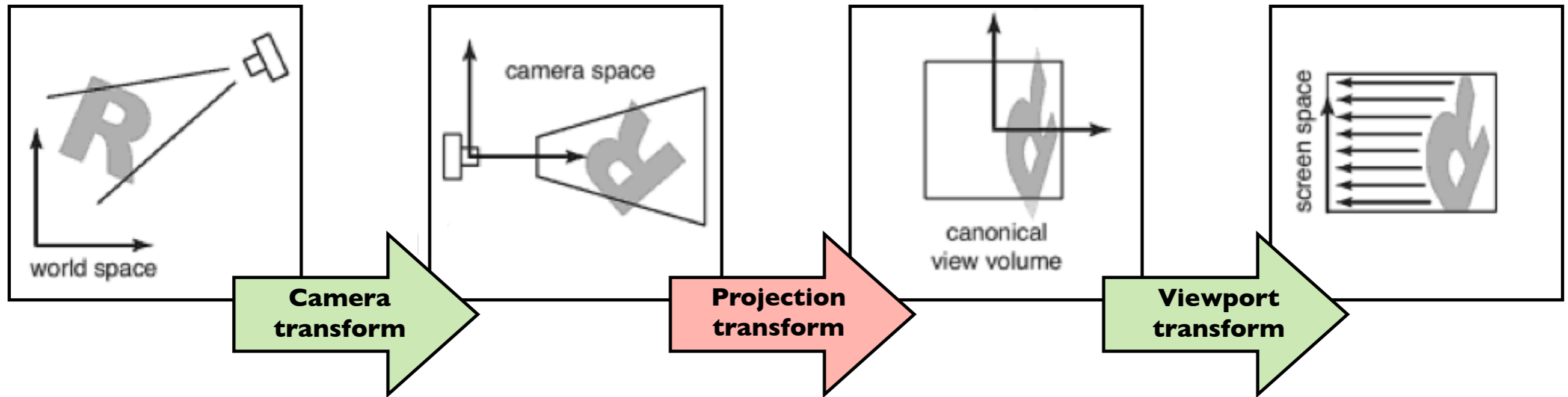


M_{vp}

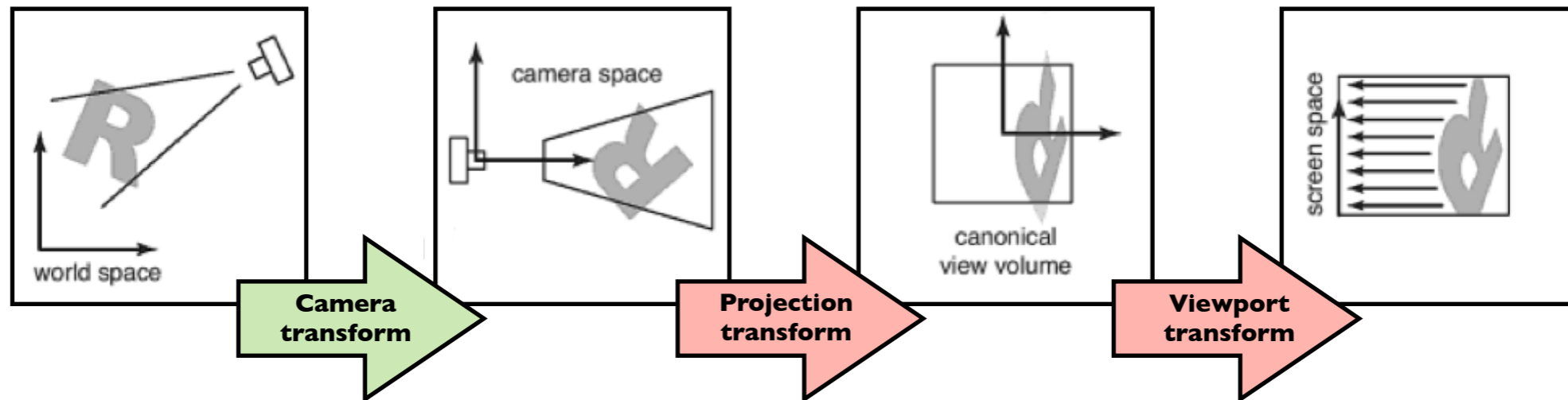
<whiteboard>



Orthographic Projection Transform



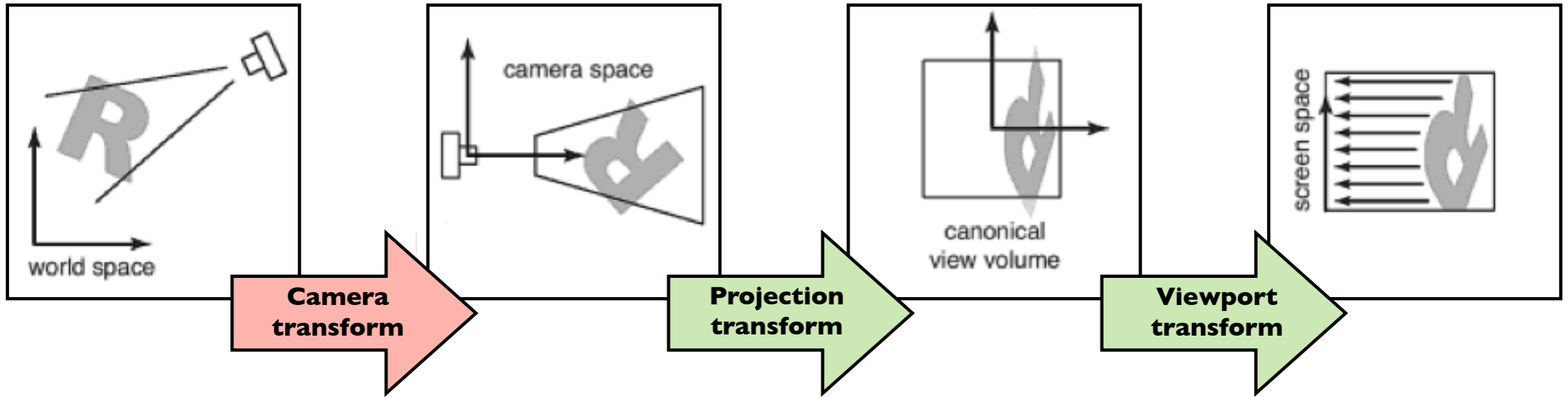
Line drawing algorithm



construct M_{vp}
construct M_{orth}
 $M = M_{vp}M_{orth}$
for each line segment (a_i, b_i) do
 $\mathbf{p} = M\mathbf{a}_i$
 $\mathbf{q} = M\mathbf{b}_i$
 drawline (x_p, y_p, x_q, y_q)

*draw lines specified
in camera space*

Camera Transform



Camera Transform

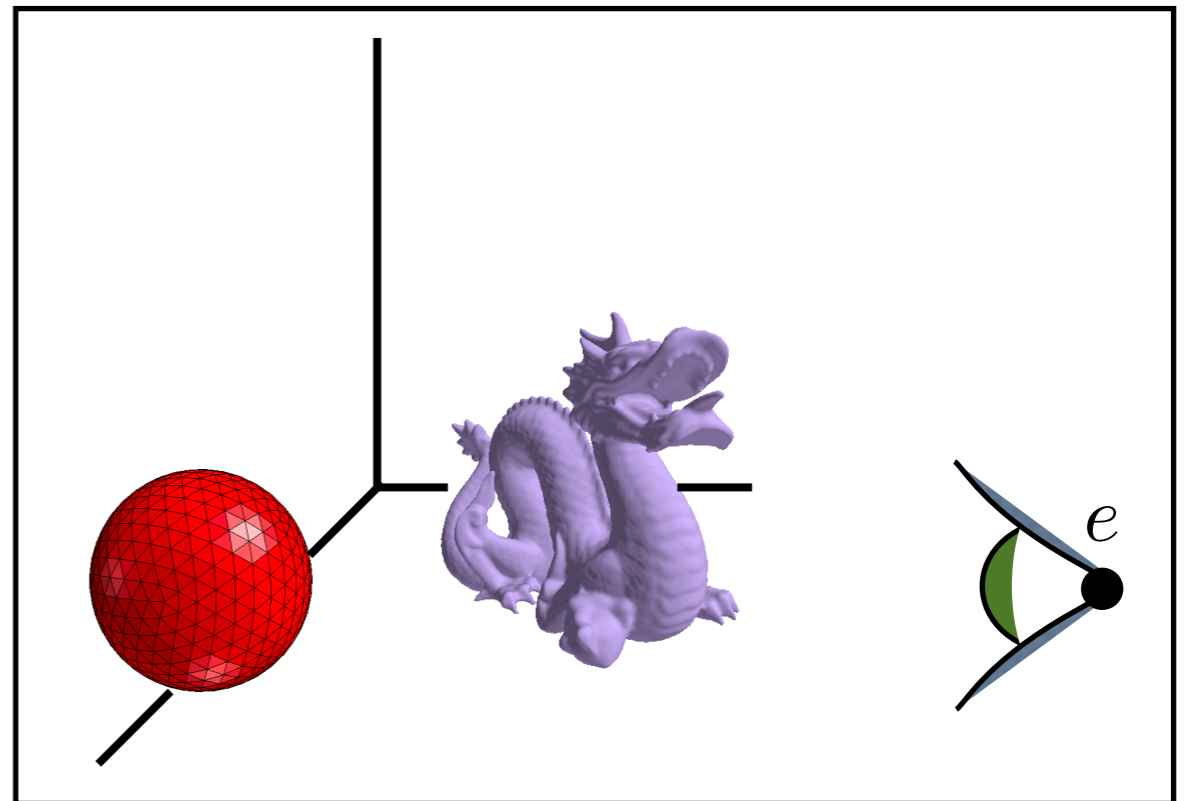
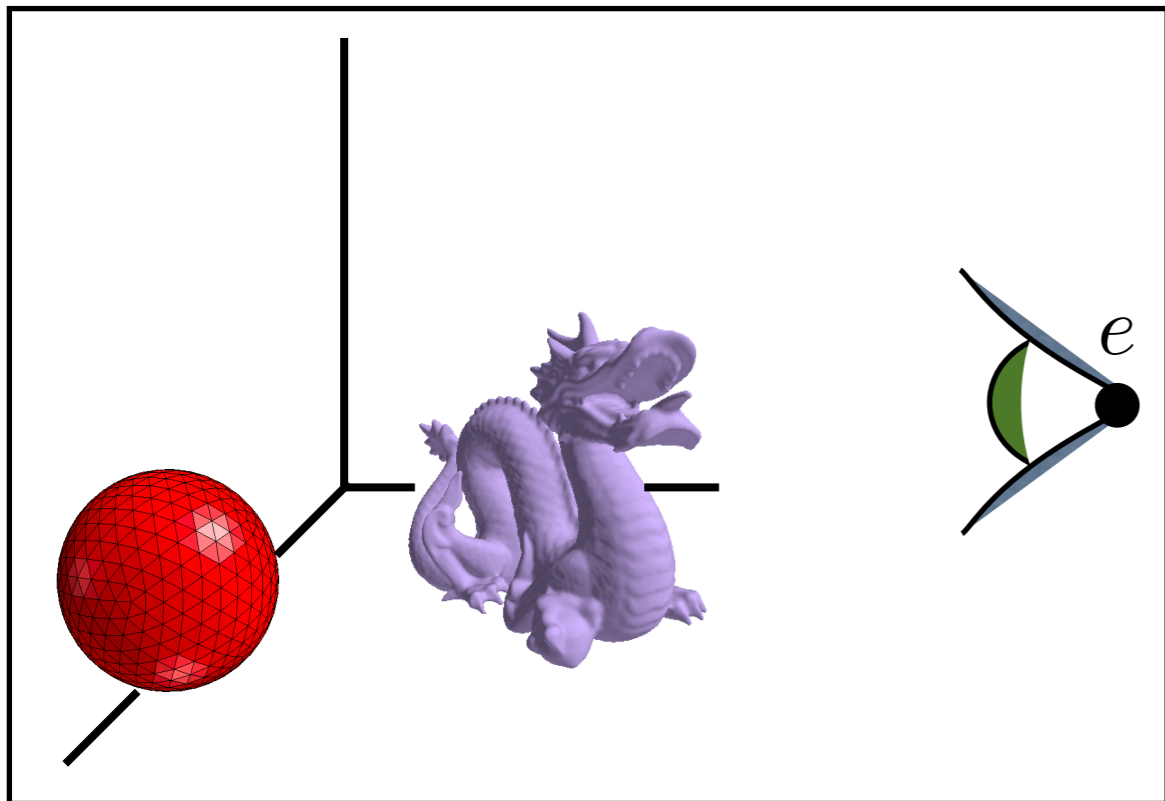
How do we specify the camera configuration?

(orthogonal case)

Camera Transform

How do we specify the camera configuration?

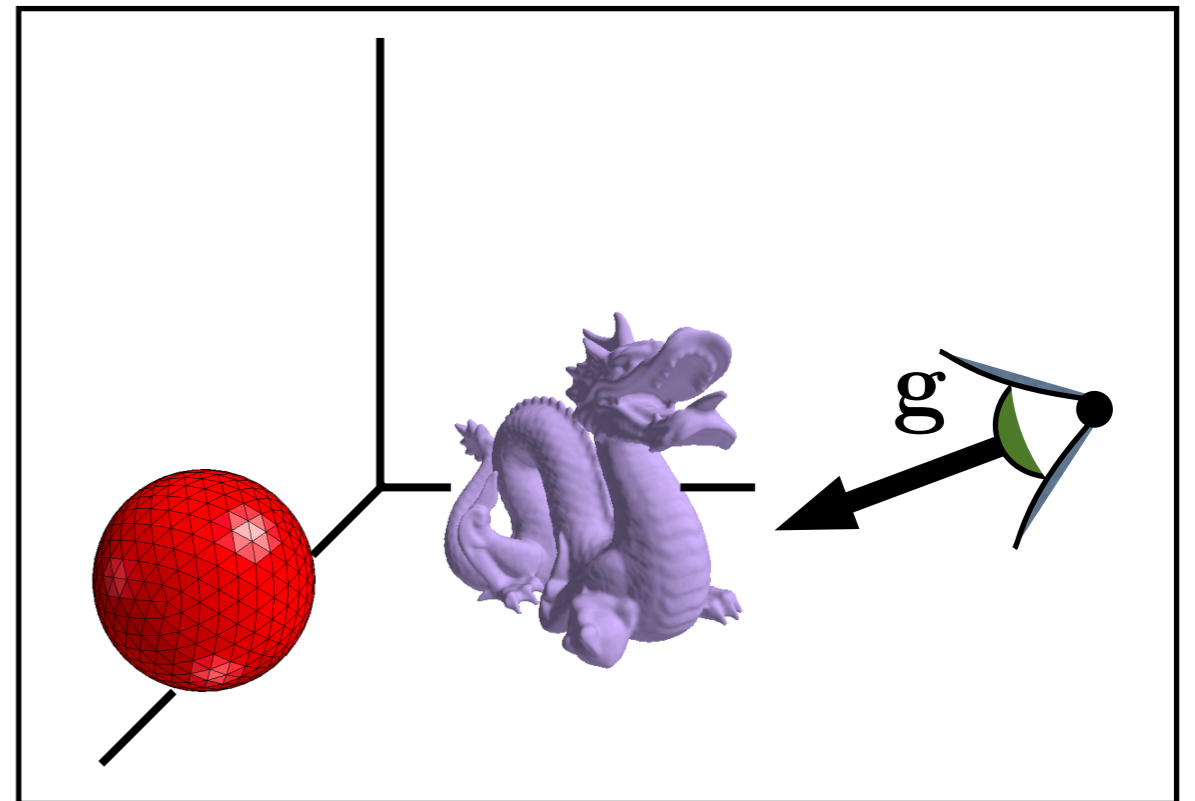
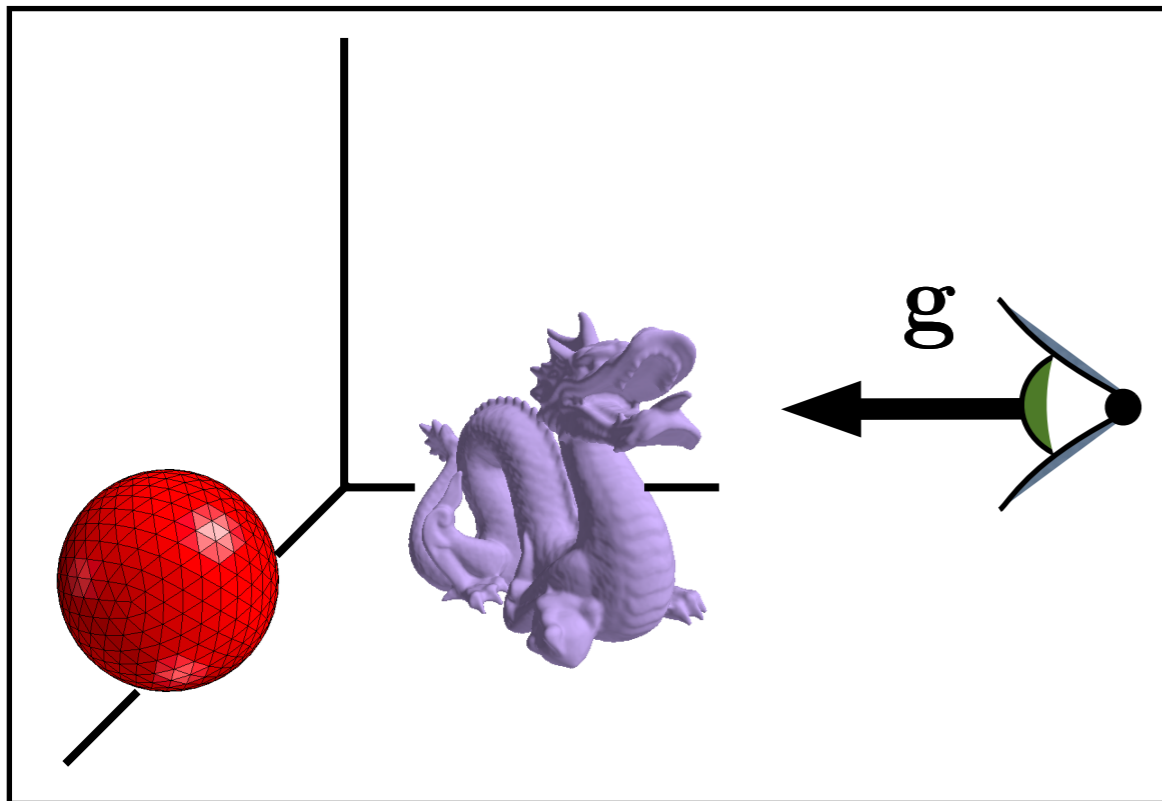
**eye
position**



Camera Transform

How do we specify the camera configuration?

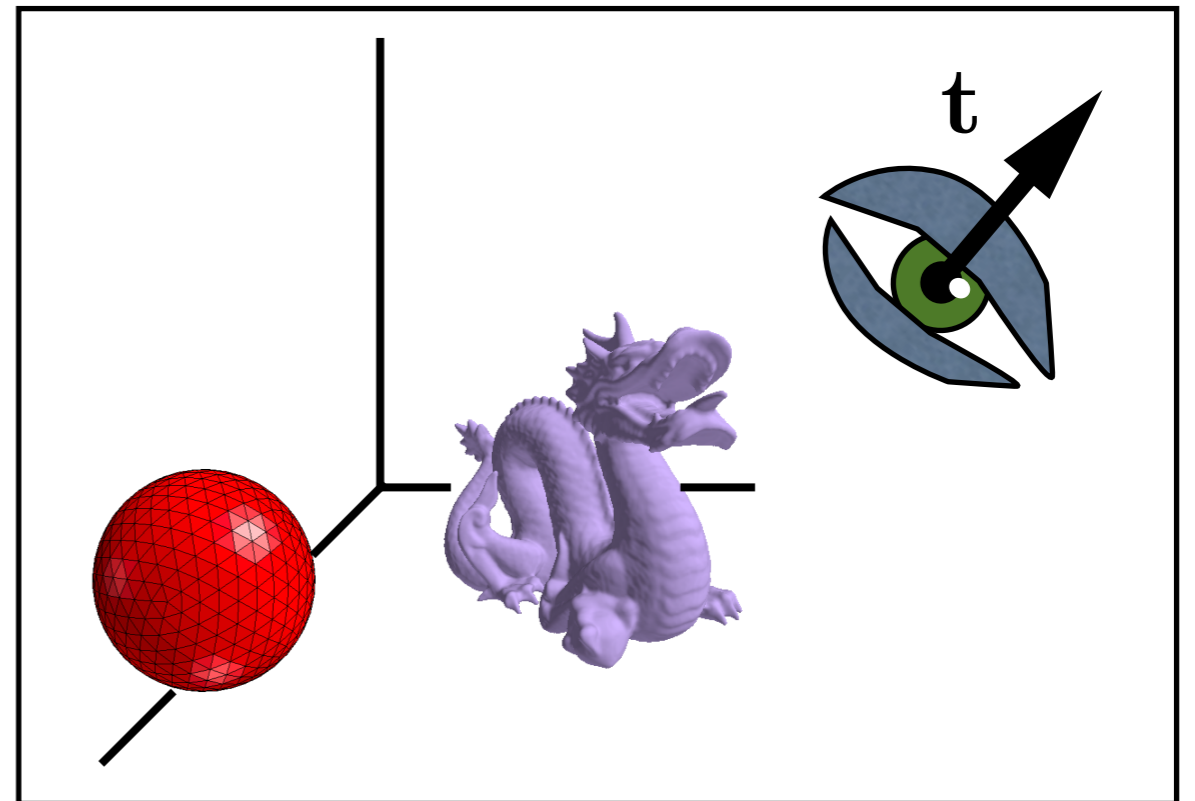
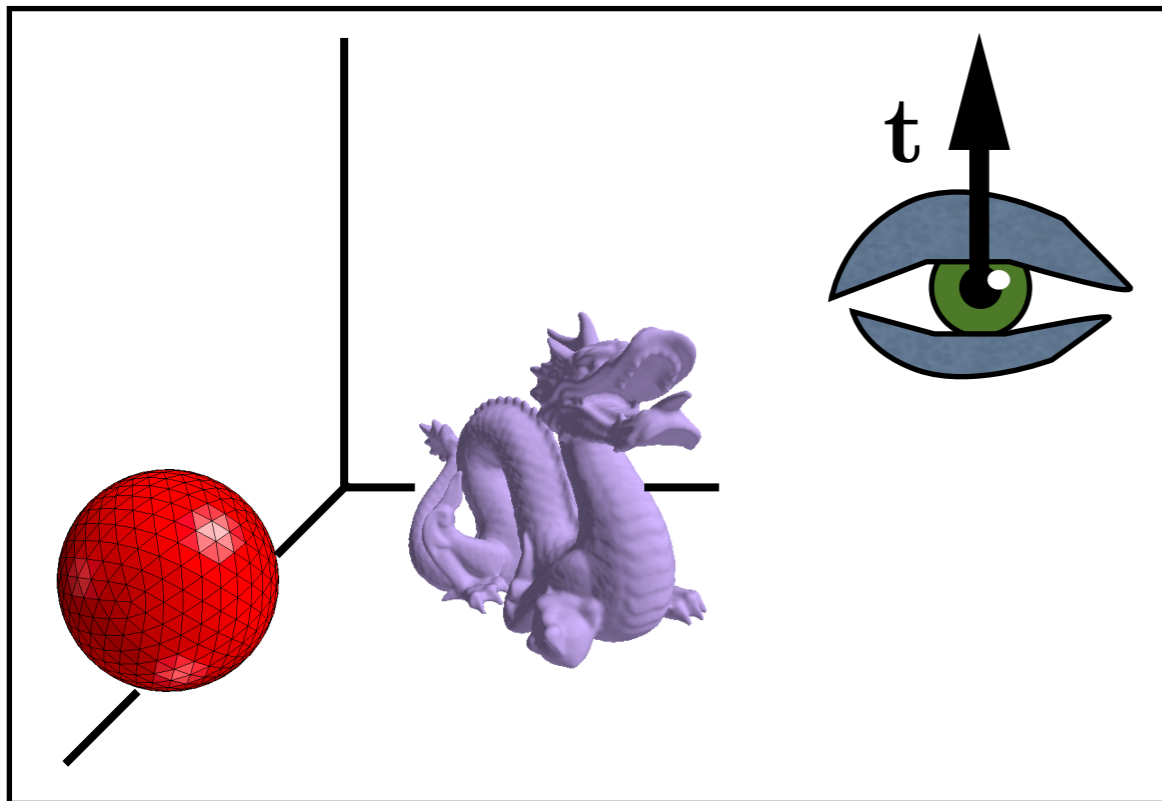
**gaze
direction**



Camera Transform

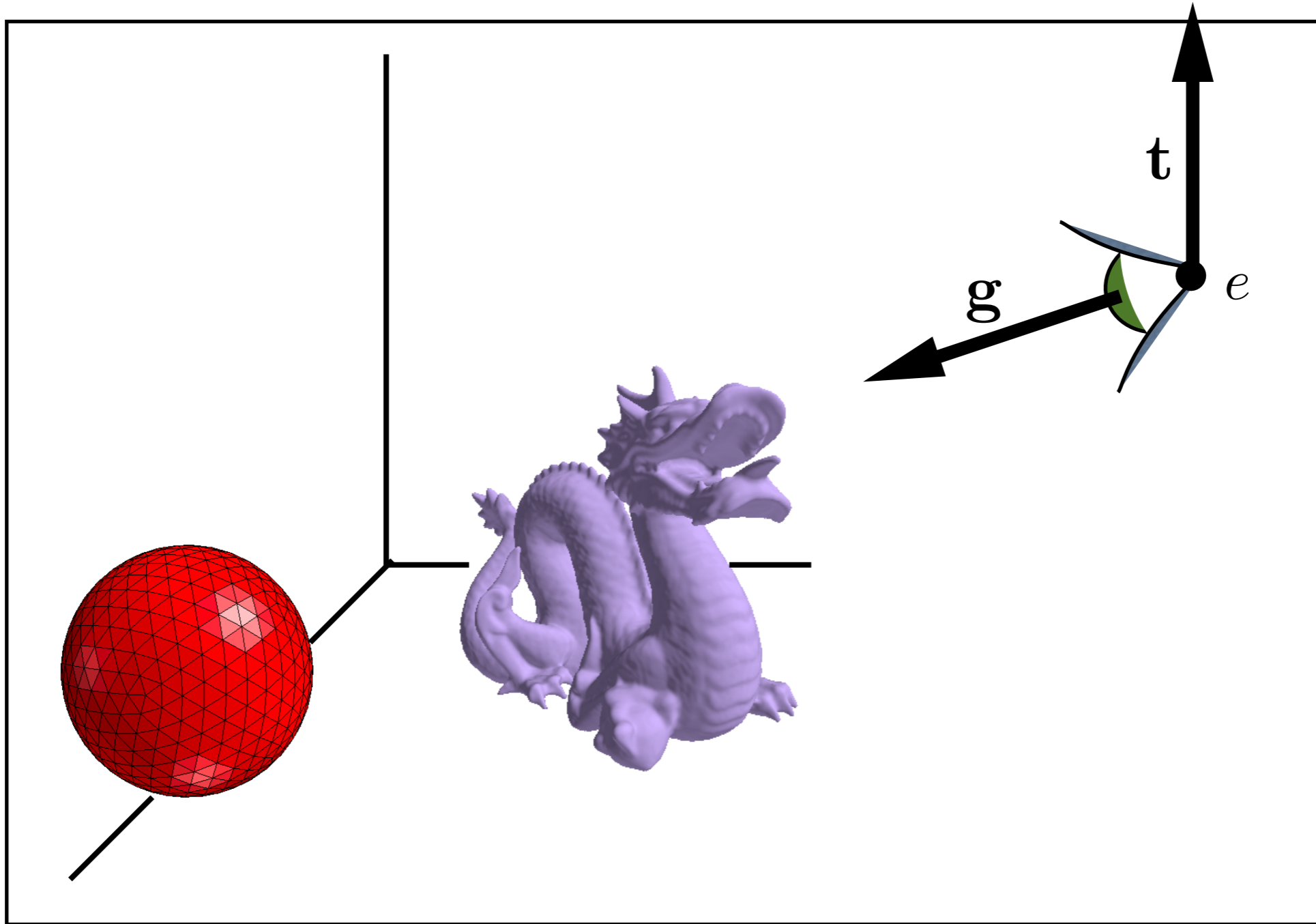
How do we specify the camera configuration?

**up
vector**

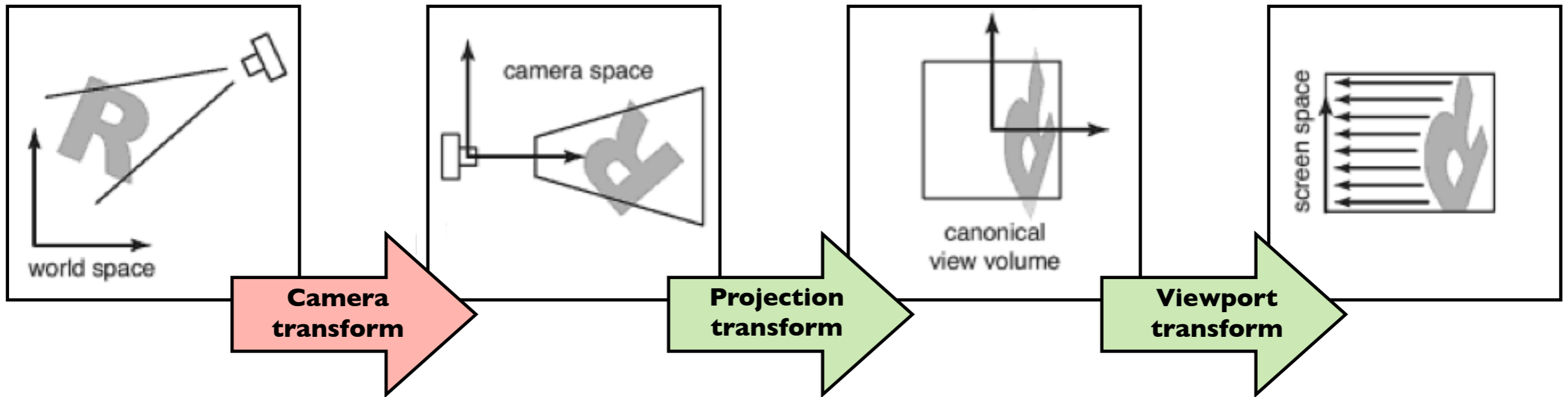


Camera Transform

How do we specify the camera configuration?



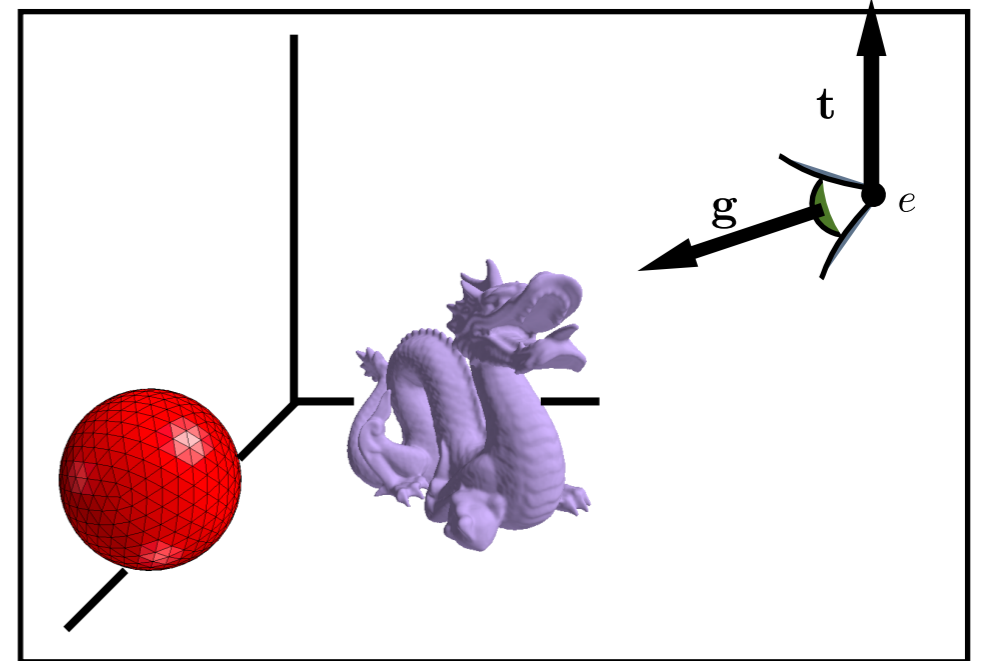
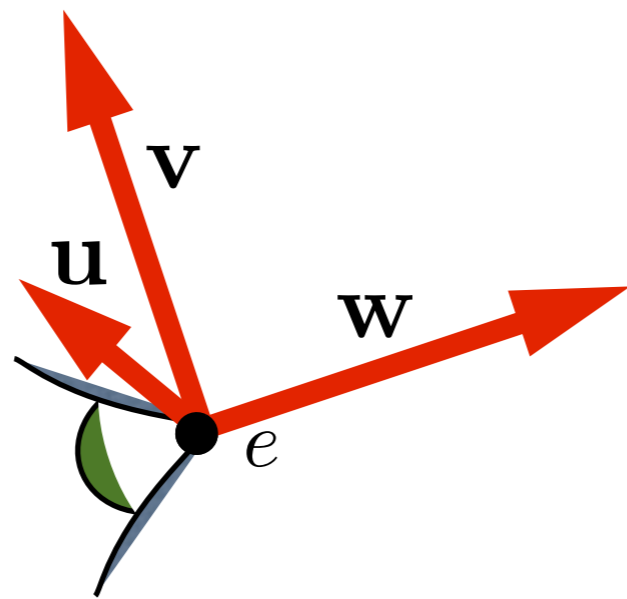
Camera Transform



$$\mathbf{w} = -\frac{\mathbf{g}}{\|\mathbf{g}\|}$$

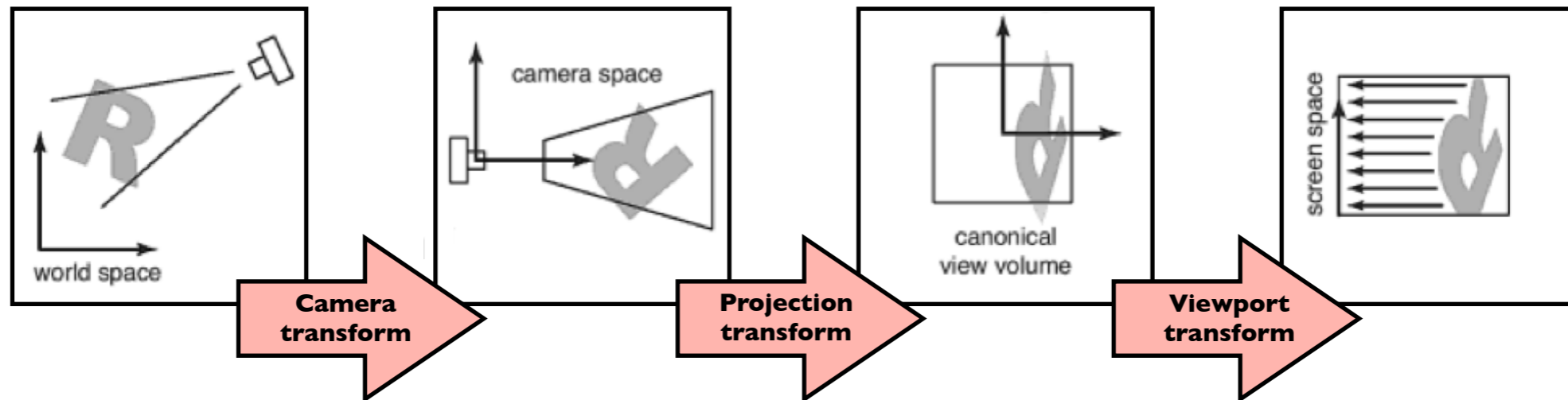
$$\mathbf{u} = \frac{\mathbf{t} \times \mathbf{w}}{\|\mathbf{t} \times \mathbf{w}\|}$$

$$\mathbf{v} = \mathbf{w} \times \mathbf{u}$$



M_{cam} <whiteboard>

Line drawing algorithm



construct $M_{vp} M_{cam}$

construct M_{orth}

$M = M_{vp} M_{orth} M_{cam}$

for each line segment (a_i, b_i) do

$\mathbf{p} = M \mathbf{a}_i$

$\mathbf{q} = M \mathbf{b}_i$

drawline (x_p, y_p, x_q, y_q)

*draw lines specified
in world space*

Shirley, Marschner 7.1

Graphics Pipeline

