Distributed Fractional Packing and Maximum Weighted b-Matching via Tail-Recursive Duality

Christos Koufogiannakis and Neal E. Young University of California, Riverside

Fractional Packing



Let δ be the maximum number of constraints in which a variable appears.

Maximum Weighted b-Matching

Hypergraph with edge weights *w*, vertex capacities *b*.

$$\max \sum_{e \in E} w_e x_e$$

subject to:
$$\sum_{e \in E(u)} x_e \le b_u \quad (\forall u \in V)$$
$$x \in \mathbb{Z}_+^{|E|}$$

Let δ be the maximum number of constraints in which a variable appears, so δ is the hyperedge degree (δ =2 for graphs).

Distributed Computation

- The problem instance is represented by a graph where edges are packing variables and nodes are packing constraints.
- Computation takes place in rounds.
- In each round:
 - Each node exchanges O(1) messages with immediate neighbors,
 - then does some computation.
- goal: Finish in a poly-log number of rounds.

Problem	Approx. ratio	Running time	Where
	2+ <i>ɛ</i>	$O(\log(\epsilon^{-1}) \log n)$	Lotker et al. 2008
Max Weighted	1+ <i>ɛ</i>	$O(\varepsilon^{-4} \log^2 n)$	Lotker et al. 2008
Matching on Graphs	1+ <i>ɛ</i>	$O(\varepsilon^{-2} + \varepsilon^{-1} \log(\varepsilon^{-1}n) \log n)$	Nieberg 2008
	2	$O(\log^2 n)$	$ \uparrow (\varepsilon = 1)$
	2	O(log <i>n</i>)	This work

Problem	Approx. ratio	Running time	Where
	2+ <i>ɛ</i>	$O(\log(\epsilon^{-1}) \log n)$	Lotker et al. 2008
Max Weighted	1+ <i>ɛ</i>	$O(\varepsilon^{-4} \log^2 n)$	Lotker et al. 2008
Matching on	1+ <i>ɛ</i>	$O(\varepsilon^{-2} + \varepsilon^{-1} \log(\varepsilon^{-1}n) \log n)$	Nieberg 2008
Graphs	2	$O(\log^2 n)$	$ \uparrow (\varepsilon = 1)$
	2	O(log <i>n</i>)	This work
Max Weighted Matching on Hypergraphs	O(δ) (>δ)	O(log m)	Kuhn et al. 2006
	δ	O(log ² <i>m</i>)	This work

Problem	Approx. ratio	Running time	Where
	2+ <i>ɛ</i>	$O(\log(\epsilon^{-1}) \log n)$	Lotker et al. 2008
Max Weighted	1+ <i>ɛ</i>	$O(\epsilon^{-4} \log^2 n)$	Lotker et al. 2008
Matching on	1+ <i>ɛ</i>	$O(\varepsilon^{-2} + \varepsilon^{-1} \log(\varepsilon^{-1}n) \log n)$	Nieberg 2008
Graphs	2	$O(\log^2 n)$	$ $ \uparrow $(\varepsilon = 1)$
	2	O(log <i>n</i>)	This work
Max Weighted	O(δ) (>δ)	O(log m)	Kuhn et al. 2006
Matching on Hypergraphs	δ	O(log ² <i>m</i>)	This work
Fractional Packing	O(1) (>2)	O(log m)	Kuhn et al. 2006
$\delta = 2$	2	O(log m)	This work

Problem	Approx. ratio	Running time	Where
	2+ <i>ɛ</i>	$O(\log(\epsilon^{-1}) \log n)$	Lotker et al. 2008
Max Weighted	1+ <i>ɛ</i>	$O(\varepsilon^{-4} \log^2 n)$	Lotker et al. 2008
Matching on	1+ <i>ɛ</i>	$O(\varepsilon^{-2} + \varepsilon^{-1} \log(\varepsilon^{-1}n) \log n)$	Nieberg 2008
Graphs	2	$O(\log^2 n)$	$ \uparrow (\varepsilon = 1)$
	2	O(log <i>n</i>)	This work
Max Weighted Matching on Hypergraphs	O(δ) (>δ)	O(log m)	Kuhn et al. 2006
	δ	O(log ² <i>m</i>)	This work
Fractional Packing	O(1) (>2)	O(log m)	Kuhn et al. 2006
$\delta = 2$	2	O(log m)	This work
Fractional Packing general δ	O(1) >12	O(log m)	Kuhn et al. 2006
	δ	O(log ² <i>m</i>)	This work

Primal-Dual
$$\delta$$
-approximation algorithmPackingCoveringmax $\sum_{j=1}^{m} w_j x_j$ subject to: $\min \sum_{i=1}^{n} b_i y_i$ $\sum_{j=1}^{m} A_{ij} x_j \le b_i$ $(\forall i = 1...n)$ $x \in \mathbb{R}_+^m$ $y \in \mathbb{R}_+^n$

- Compute a solution for the dual Covering Problem.
- Use the dual solution to compute a solution for the primal Packing Problem.

δ -approximation for Covering

1. Let $y \leftarrow 0$. 2. While $\exists j$ such that $\sum_{i=1}^{n} A_{ij} y_i < w_j$ do: 3. Let $\beta = \left(w_j - \sum_{i=1}^{n} A_{ij} y_i \right) \cdot \underbrace{\min_i \left(b_i / A_{ij} \right)}_{\text{cost to reduce slack by 1 using the cheapest variable}} \underbrace{\max_{i=1}^{n} \sum_{j=1}^{n} A_{ij} y_j}_{\text{OPT cost to satisfy the constraint given the current solution y}}$ 4. Raise each y_i (with $A_{ij} \neq 0$) by β/b_i .

5. Return y.

$$\min \sum_{i=1}^n b_i y_i$$

subject to:

$$\sum_{i=1}^{n} A_{ij} y_i \ge w_j \quad (\forall j = 1...m)$$
$$y \in \mathbb{R}^n_+$$

Primal-Dual Attempt

- 1. Let $x, y \leftarrow 0$.
- 2. While $\exists j$ such that $\sum_{i=1}^{n} A_{ij} y_i < w_j$ do:
- 3. Do a "step" to satisfy this covering constraint.
- 4. Raise x_j maximally without violating any packing constraint.

5. Return *x*, *y*.

 $\max \sum_{j=1}^{m} w_j x_j$

subject to:

$$\sum_{j=1}^{m} A_{ij} x_j \le b_i \quad (\forall i = 1...n)$$
$$x \in \mathbb{R}^m_+$$

 $\min \sum_{i=1}^{n} b_{i} y_{i}$ subject to: $\sum_{i=1}^{n} A_{ij} y_{i} \ge w_{j} \quad (\forall j = 1...m)$ $y \in \mathbb{R}^{n}_{+}$

Primal-Dual Attempt

- 1. Let $x, y \leftarrow 0$
- 2. While $\exists j$ such that $\sum_{ij} A_{ij} y_i < w_j$ do:
- 3. Do a "step" to satisfy this covering constraint.
- 4. Raise x_i maximally without violating any packing constraint.
- 5. Return *x*, *y*.





Nata S O	min $y_1 + y_2 + y_3$	max $x_{12} + 5x_{13}$	
Note $o = Z$	s.t. $y_1 + y_2 \ge 1$	s.t. $x_{12} + x_{13} \le 1$	
	$y_1 + y_3 \ge 5$	$x_{12} \le 1$	
	$y_1, y_2, y_3 \ge 0$	$x_{13} \le 1$	
		$x_{12}, x_{13} \ge 0$	

Note $\delta = 2$	min $y_1 + y_2$ s.t. $y_1 + y_2$ $y_1 + y_3$ $y_1, y_2,$	$\begin{array}{ll} & \max_{x_1 \geq 1} & \max_{x_2 \geq 1} \\ & s.t \\ & s \geq 5 \\ & y_3 \geq 0 \end{array}$	$x_{12} + 5x_{13}$ $x_{12} + x_{13} \le 1$ $x_{12} \le 1$ $x_{13} \le 1$ $x_{13} x_{13} \ge 0$
	choose $y_1 + y_2 \ge 1$ step $y_1 + = 1$, $y_2 + = 1$ primal cost $+= 2$		raise x_{12} , $x_{13} = 0$ raise x_{12} maximally $x_{12} = 1$

Note S 2	min $y_1 + y_2 + y_3$	$\max x_{12} + 5x_{13}$
Note $o = Z$	s.t. $y_1 + y_2 \ge 1$	s.t. $x_{12} + x_{13} \le 1$
	$y_1 + y_3 \ge 5$	$x_{12} \le 1$
	$y_1, y_2, y_3 \ge 0$	$x_{13} \le 1$
		$x_{12}, x_{13} \ge 0$
	choose $y_1 + y_2 \ge 1$ step $y_1 + = 1$, $y_2 + = 1$ primal cost $+= 2$	raise x_{12} maximally $x_{12} = 1$
	$\min y_1 + y_2 + y_3$	max $-x_{12} + 4x_{13}$
	s.t. $y_1 + y_2 \ge -1$	s.t. $x_{12} + x_{13} \le 1$
	$y_1 + y_3 \ge 4$	

Note & 2	min $y_1 + y_2 + y_3$	$\max x_{12} + 5x_{13}$
Note $o = Z$	s.t. $y_1 + y_2 \ge 1$	s.t. $x_{12} + x_{13} \le 1$
	$y_1 + y_3 \ge 5$	$x_{12} \le 1$
	$y_1, y_2, y_3 \ge 0$	$x_{13} \le 1$
		$x_{12}, x_{13} \ge 0$
	choose $y_1 + y_2 \ge 1$ step $y_1 + = 1$, $y_2 + = 1$ primal cost $+= 2$	raise x_{12} maximally $x_{12} = 1$
	min $y_1 + y_2 + y_3$ s.t. $y_1 + y_2 \ge -1$ $y_1 + y_3 \ge 4$	$ \begin{array}{l} \max \ -x_{12} + 4x_{13} \\ \text{s.t.} \ x_{12} + x_{13} \le 1 \end{array} $
	choose $y_1 + y_3 \ge 4$ step $y_1 + = 4$, $y_3 + = 4$ primal cost $+= 8$	raise x ₁₃ maximally (it remains 0)

min $y_1 + y_2 + y_3$	max $x_{12} + 5x_{13}$
s.t. $y_1 + y_2 \ge 1$	s.t. $x_{12} + x_{13} \le 1$
$y_1 + y_3 \ge 5$	$x_{12} \le 1$
$y_1, y_2, y_3 \ge 0$	$x_{13} \le 1$
	$x_{12}, x_{13} \ge 0$
choose $y_1 + y_2 \ge 1$ step $y_1 + = 1$, $y_2 + = 1$ primal cost $+= 2$	raise x_{12} maximally $x_{12} = 1$
$\min y_1 + y_2 + y_3$ s.t. $y_1 + y_2 \ge -1$ $y_1 + y_3 \ge 4$	$ \begin{array}{ll} \max & -x_{12} + 4x_{13} \\ \text{s.t.} & x_{12} + x_{13} \le 1 \end{array} $
choose $y_1 + y_3 \ge 4$ step $y_1 + = 4$, $y_3 + = 4$ primal cost $+= 8$	raise x ₁₃ maximally (it remains 0)
$\min y_1 + y_2 + y_3$ s.t. $y_1 + y_2 \ge -5$ $v_1 + v_2 \ge -4$	$ \max -5x_{12} - 4x_{13} $ s.t. $x_{12} + x_{13} \le 1 $
	$\begin{array}{c} \min y_{1} + y_{2} + y_{3} \\ \text{s.t. } y_{1} + y_{2} \ge 1 \\ y_{1} + y_{3} \ge 5 \\ y_{1}, y_{2}, y_{3} \ge 0 \end{array}$ $\begin{array}{c} \text{choose } y_{1} + y_{2} \ge 1 \\ \text{step } y_{1} + = 1, \ y_{2} + = 1 \\ \text{primal cost} + = 2 \end{array}$ $\begin{array}{c} \min y_{1} + y_{2} + y_{3} \\ \text{s.t. } y_{1} + y_{2} \ge -1 \\ y_{1} + y_{3} \ge 4 \\ \text{step } y_{1} + = 4, \ y_{3} + = 4 \\ \text{primal cost} + = 8 \end{array}$ $\begin{array}{c} \min y_{1} + y_{2} + y_{3} \\ \text{s.t. } y_{1} + y_{2} \ge -5 \\ y_{1} + y_{3} \ge -5 \\ y_{1} + y_{3} \ge -4 \end{array}$

Note

Note $\delta = 2$	min $y_1 + y_2 + y_3$ s.t. $y_1 + y_2 \ge 1$ $y_1 + y_3 \ge 5$ $y_1, y_2, y_3 \ge 0$	$ \begin{array}{l} \max \ x_{12} + 5x_{13} \\ \text{s.t.} \ x_{12} + x_{13} \leq 1 \\ x_{12} \leq 1 \\ x_{13} \leq 1 \\ x_{12}, x_{13} \geq 0 \end{array} $
	choose $y_1 + y_2 \ge 1$ step $y_1 + = 1$, $y_2 + = 1$ primal cost $+= 2$	raise x_{12} maximally $x_{12} = 1$
	$\min y_1 + y_2 + y_3$ s.t. $y_1 + y_2 \ge -1$ $y_1 + y_3 \ge 4$	$ \begin{array}{ll} \max & -x_{12} + 4x_{13} \\ \text{s.t.} & x_{12} + x_{13} \le 1 \end{array} $
	choose $y_1 + y_3 \ge 4$ step $y_1 + = 4$, $y_3 + = 4$ primal cost $+= 8$	raise x ₁₃ maximally (it remains 0)
	min $y_1 + y_2 + y_3$ s.t. $y_1 + y_2 \ge -5$ $y_1 + y_3 \ge -4$	$ \max -5x_{12} - 4x_{13} $ s.t. $x_{12} + x_{13} \le 1 $
	Final primal solution: $y_1 = 5, y_2 = 1, y_3 = 4$ primal cost = 10	Final dual solution: $x_{12} = 1, x_{13} = 0$ dual cost = 1

	$\min y_1 + y_2 + y_3$	max $x_{12} + 5x_{13}$	
Note $o = Z$	s.t. $y_1 + y_2 \ge 1$	s.t. $x_{12} + x_{13} \le 1$	
	$y_1 + y_3 \ge 5$	$x_{12} \le 1$	
	$y_1, y_2, y_3 \ge 0$	$x_{13} \le 1$	
		$x_{12}, x_{13} \ge 0$	
	choose $y_1 + y_2 \ge 1$ step $y_1 + = 1$, $y_2 + = 1$ primal cost $+= 2$	raise x_{12} maxima $x_{12} = 1$	ılly
	$\min y_1 + y_2 + y_3$ s.t. $y_1 + y_2 \ge -1$ $y_1 + y_3 \ge 4$	$ \max_{x_{12}} + 4x_{13} $ s.t. $x_{12} + x_{13} \le 1 $	
	choose $y_1 + y_3 \ge 4$ step $y_1 + = 4$, $y_3 + = 4$ primal cost $+= 8$	raise x ₁₃ maxima (it remains 0)	lly
	$2 \min_{\substack{y_1 + y_2 + y_3 \\ \dots, y_1 + y_2 \ge -5 \\ y_1 + y_2 \ge -4}} \min_{y_1 + y_2 \ge -4} v_3$	$\max_{n=1}^{\infty} -5x_{12} - 4x_{12}$	ate
	Final primal solution:	Final dual solution:	
	$y_1 = 5, y_2 = 1, y_3 = 4$	$x_{12} = 1, x_{13} = 0$	
	primal cost = 10	dual cost = 1	

Ν

Primal-Dual Algorithm

1. Let $x, y \leftarrow 0$.

2. While $\exists j$ such that $\sum_{i=1}^{n} A_{ij} y_i < w_j$ do:

3. Do a "step" to satisfy this covering constraint..

4. For each *j* for which a step was done (line 2) in reverse order do:

5. Raise x_j maximally without violating any packing constraint.
6. Return x, y.

 $\max \sum_{j=1}^{m} w_j x_j$

subject to:

$$\sum_{j=1}^{m} A_{ij} x_j \le b_i \quad (\forall i = 1...n)$$
$$x \in \mathbb{R}^m_+$$

 $\min \sum_{i=1}^{n} b_{i} y_{i}$ subject to: $\sum_{i=1}^{n} A_{ij} y_{i} \ge w_{j} \quad (\forall j = 1...m)$ $y \in \mathbb{R}_{+}^{n}$

Execution starts here. Follow the arrows	
 •	
min $y_1 + y_2 + y_3$	
s.t. $y_1 + y_2 \ge 1$	
$y_1 + y_3 \ge 5$	
$y_1, y_2, y_3 \ge 0$	







	Execution starts here. Follow the arrows
	•
	min $y_1 + y_2 + y_3$
	s.t. $y_1 + y_2 \ge 1$
	$y_1 + y_3 \ge 5$
	$y_1, y_2, y_3 \ge 0$
choose $y_1 + y_2$	≥1
step $y_1 + =$	1, $y_2 + = 1$
primal cost +=	2
1	$\min y'_1 + y'_2 + y'_3$
	s.t. $y'_1 + y'_2 \ge -1$
	$y'_{1} + y'_{3} \ge 4$
	$y'_{1}, y'_{2}, y'_{3} \ge 0$
choose $y'_1 + y'_2$, ≥ 4
step $y'_1 + =$	$4, y'_3 + = 4$
primal cost +=	8 🖡
	nin $y''_1 + y''_2 + y''_3$
	s.t. $y''_1 + y''_2 \ge -5$
	$y''_1 + y''_3 \ge -4$
	$y''_{1}, y''_{2}, y''_{3} \ge 0$

	Execution starts here. Follow the arrows	
	min $y + y + y$	
	$\lim_{y_1 \to y_2 \to y_3} y_1 + y_2 + y_3$	
	$y_1 + y_2 \ge 1$	
	$y_1 + y_3 \ge 0$	
	$y_1, y_2, y_3 \ge 0$	
choose $y_1 + y_2$	≥1	
step $y_1 + =$	1, $y_2 + = 1$	
primal cost +=	2	
	min $y'_1 + y'_2 + y'_3$	
	s.t. $y'_1 + y'_2 \ge -1$	
	$y'_{1} + y'_{3} \ge 4$	
	$y'_1, y'_2, y'_3 \ge 0$	
choose $y'_1 + y'_2$,≥4	
step $y'_1 + =$	4, $y'_3 + = 4$	
primal cost +=	8	-
	$\min y''_1 + y''_2 + y''_3$	
	s.t. $y''_1 + y''_2 \ge -5$	
	$y''_1 + y''_3 \ge -4$	
	$y''_1, y''_2, y''_3 \ge 0$	

Base case

$$y''_1 = y''_2 = y''_3 = 0$$

Final primal solution:

 $y_1 = 5, y_2 = 1, y_3 = 4$ primal cost = 10

-	Execution starts here. Follow the arrows	
	min $y_1 + y_2 + y_3$	
	s.t. $y_1 + y_2 \ge 1$	
	$y_1 + y_3 \ge 5$	
	$y_1, y_2, y_3 \ge 0$	
choose $y_1 + y_2$	2 ≥1	
step $y_1 + =$	1, $y_2 + = 1$	
primal cost +=	= 2	
	min $y'_1 + y'_2 + y'_3$	
	s.t. $y'_1 + y'_2 \ge -1$	
	$y'_{1} + y'_{3} \ge 4$	
	$y'_1, y'_2, y'_3 \ge 0$	
choose $y'_1 + y'$	3 ≥ 4	
step $y'_1 + =$	4, $y'_3 + = 4$	
primal cost +=	8	-
1	$\min y''_1 + y''_2 + y''_3$	max $-5x_{12}^{*}-4x_{13}^{*}$
	s.t. $y''_1 + y''_2 \ge -5$	s.t. $x''_{12} + x''_{13} \le 1$
	$y''_1 + y''_3 \ge -4$	$x_{12}^{"}, x_{13}^{"} \ge 0$
	$y''_1, y''_2, y''_3 \ge 0$	
	Base	case
	$y''_1 = y''_2 = y''_3 = 0$	$x''_{12} = x''_{13} = 0$
F	inal primal solution:	dual cost = 0
3	$y_1 = 5, y_2 = 1, y_3 = 4$	
p	rimal cost = 10	

	Execution starts here. Follow the arrows	
	•	
	min $y_1 + y_2 + y_3$ s.t. $y_1 + y_2 \ge 1$ $y_1 + y_3 \ge 5$ $y_1, y_2, y_3 \ge 0$	
choose $y_1 + y_2$ step $y_1 + = 1$ primal cost +=	≥ 1 $\downarrow y_2 + = 1$ $\downarrow 2$	
1	min $y'_1 + y'_2 + y'_3$ s.t. $y'_1 + y'_2 \ge -1$ $y'_1 + y'_3 \ge 4$ $y'_1 \cdot y'_2 \cdot y'_3 \ge 0$	
choose $y'_1 + y'_3$ step $y'_1 + =$ primal cost +=	$\begin{vmatrix} 2 \\ 4 \\ 4 \\ y'_3 + = 4 \\ 8 \end{vmatrix}$	raise x' ₁₃ maximally (it becomes 1)
r	nin $y''_1 + y''_2 + y''_3$ s.t. $y''_1 + y''_2 \ge -5$ $y''_1 + y''_3 \ge -4$ $y''_1, y''_2, y''_3 \ge 0$	$\max -5x"_{12} - 4x"_{13}$ s.t. $x"_{12} + x"_{13} \le 1$ $x"_{12}, x"_{13} \ge 0$
F	Base $y''_1 = y''_2 = y''_3 = 0$ inal primal solution: $y_1 = 5, y_2 = 1, y_3 = 4$ rimal cost = 10	e case $x''_{12} = x''_{13} = 0$ dual cost = 0

	Execution starts here. Follow the arrows		
			-
	min $y_1 + y_2 + y_3$ s.t. $y_1 + y_2 \ge 1$ $y_1 + y_3 \ge 5$ $y_1, y_2, y_2 \ge 0$		
choose y ₁ step y ₁ primal cos	$y_{1}, y_{2}, y_{3} = 1$ $y_{1} + y_{2} \ge 1$ $y_{1} + = 1, y_{2} + = 1$ $y_{1} + = 1, y_{2} + = 1$		_
	min $y'_1 + y'_2 + y'_3$	max $-x'_{12} + 4x'_{13}$	
	s.t. $y'_1 + y'_2 \ge -1$	s.t. $x'_{12} + x'_{13} \le 1$	$x'_{12} = 0, x'_{13} = 1$
	$y'_{1} + y'_{3} \ge 4$	$x'_{12}, x'_{13} \ge 0$	dual cost += 4
	$y'_1, y'_2, y'_3 \ge 0$		
choose y'_1 step y'_1 primal cost	$y'_{3} \ge 4$ $y'_{3} + = 4$, $y'_{3} + = 4$ t + = 8	raise x' ₁₃ maxima (it becomes 1)	11y
	$\min y''_1 + y''_2 + y''_3$	max $-5x"_{12} - 4x"_{13}$	-
	s.t. $y''_1 + y''_2 \ge -5$	s.t. $x''_{12} + x''_{13} \le 1$	
	$y''_1 + y''_3 \ge -4$	$x''_{12}, x''_{13} \ge 0$	
	$y''_1, y''_2, y''_3 \ge 0$		
Base case			-
	$y''_1 = y''_2 = y''_3 = 0$	$x''_{12} = x''_{13} = 0$	
	Final primal solution:	dual cost = 0	
	$y_1 = 5, y_2 = 1, y_3 = 4$		
	primal cost = 10		

	Execution starts here. Follow the arrows		
			_
	min $y_1 + y_2 + y_3$ s.t. $y_1 + y_2 \ge 1$ $y_1 + y_3 \ge 5$ $y_1, y_2, y_3 \ge 0$		
choose y ₁ step y ₁ primal cos	$y_1 + y_2 \ge 1$ $y_1 + = 1, y_2 + = 1$ st + = 2	raise x ₁₂ maximal (it remains 0)	11y
	min $y'_1 + y'_2 + y'_3$ s.t. $y'_1 + y'_2 \ge -1$ $y'_1 + y'_3 \ge 4$ $y'_1, y'_2, y'_3 \ge 0$	$ \max -x'_{12} + 4x'_{13} $ s.t. $x'_{12} + x'_{13} \le 1 $ $x'_{12}, x'_{13} \ge 0 $	$x'_{12} = 0$, $x'_{13} = 1$ dual cost += 4
choose y'_1 step y'_1 primal cost	$y'_{3} \ge 4$ $y'_{3} + = 4, y'_{3} + = 4$ t + = 8	raise x' ₁₃ maxima (it becomes 1)	dly
	min $y''_1 + y''_2 + y''_3$	max $-5x"_{12} - 4x"_{13}$	-
	s.t. $y''_1 + y''_2 \ge -5$	s.t. $x''_{12} + x''_{13} \le 1$	
	$y''_1 + y''_3 \ge -4$	$x_{12}^{"}, x_{13}^{"} \ge 0$	
	$y''_1, y''_2, y''_3 \ge 0$		_
Base of		case	
	$y''_1 = y''_2 = y''_3 = 0$	$\frac{1}{12} - \frac{1}{13} = 0$ dual cost = 0	
	Final primal solution:		
	$y_1 = 5, y_2 = 1, y_3 = 4$		
	primar cost – 10		





primal cost = 10

Recap of the algorithm

- Perform steps to satisfy covering constraints \leftarrow record the *partial* order of the covering constraints for which the algorithm performed a step.
- Consider the corresponding packing variables in a valid reverse order, and raising them maximally.

Partial order

The order in which steps to satisfy covering constraints does not matter for covering constraints that do no share a variable.

Since the order is partial, there might be more than one valid reverse orders. Any one of them works!

Max Weighted b-matching

• Raise
$$x_j$$
 maximally $\langle - - \sum_{j=1}^m A_{ij} x_j \rangle$

• If
$$A_{ij} = 0/1$$
 and $b_i \in \mathbb{Z}_+$ then $x_j \in \mathbb{Z}_+$

$$\max \sum_{e \in E} w_e x_e$$

subject to:
$$\sum_{e \in E(u)} x_e \le b_u \qquad (\forall u \in V)$$
$$x \in \mathbb{Z}_+^{|E|}$$

Distributed Computation

- Compute solution for the covering problem [KY 2009].
- Start computing solution for the packing (matching) problem as soon as possible.

(an edge can compute its packing variable as long as *all* of its adjacent edges are covered and they are not waiting for their adjacent edges)



1. Create stars, where the roots have weight greater than or equal to the weight of leaves.



- 1. Create stars, where the roots have weight greater than or equal to the weight of leaves.
- 2. Roots perform steps to cover edges to leafs that selected them.



- 1. Create stars, where the roots have weight greater than or equal to the weight of leaves.
- 2. Roots perform steps to cover edges to leafs that selected them.



- 1. Create stars, where the roots have weight greater than or equal to the weight of leaves.
- 2. Roots perform steps to cover edges to leafs that selected them.



1. For each edge record "when" a covering step was performed.



- 1. For each edge record "when" a covering step was performed.
- 2. If an edge is covered but no step was performed for it, set its packing variable to 0.



- 1. For each edge record "when" a covering step was performed.
- 2. If an edge is covered but no step was performed for it, set its packing variable to 0.
- 3. If edge e and all of its adjacent edges are covered:

a) wait until all adjacent edges that were covered later have set their packing variables.

b) raise x_e maximally w/out violating any constraint.



- 1. For each edge record "when" a covering step was performed.
- 2. If an edge is covered but no step was performed for it, set its packing variable to 0.
- 3. If edge e and all of its adjacent edges are covered:

a) wait until all adjacent edges that were covered later have set their packing variables.

b) raise x_e maximally w/out violating any constraint.



Analysis

- Guaranteed to return a 2-approximate solution, since it implements the sequential algorithm.
- What about running time?
- Goal: Show O(log n) rounds (w.h.p.).

Analysis of number of rounds

- Iemma: If the distributed covering algorithm finishes in T rounds, then the distributed packing algorithm finishes in at most 2T rounds.
- proof: (Next)

corollary: Since $T = O(\log n)$, the distributed packing algorithm finishes in O(log n) rounds.

Analysis of number of rounds

- Edges covered at the same round by the same root node can all set their packing variables in a single round as long as neither of them is waiting for any adjacent edge.
- Edges covered at round *T* (last round of covering algorithm) can immediately raise their packing variables (at round *T*).
- Then, edges covered at round T-1, can set their packing variables in round T+1.
- Edges covered at round *T-t*, can set their packing variables at round *T+t*...
- Using induction on t = 1,2,.., at most T more rounds are necessary to construct the packing solution.

Open problems

- (1+ε)-approximation in O_ε(log n) rounds?
- Deterministic algorithm?

thank you