CS 202: Advanced Operating Systems

You can use sledge server for the course labs.

\$ ssh -X username@sledge.cs.ucr.edu

To download xv6:

\$ git clone https://github.com/mit-pdos/xv6-public.git \$ cd xv6-public

Links:

<u>xv6 book</u> <u>xv6 indexed/cross referenced code</u>

To run XV6:

\$ make qemu

If the mouse pointer gets stuck in the QEMU emulator window press: Ctrl + Alt + G

To create a system call:

Make a system call "sys_hello" that call a kernel function that displays: "Hello from the kernel space!"

To do that open the following files and add the line(s) with //BR comment:

```
In "usys.S"
26
      SYSCALL(chdir)
27
      SYSCALL(dup)
28
      SYSCALL(getpid)
29
      SYSCALL(sbrk)
      SYSCALL(sleep)
30
      SYSCALL(uptime)
31
      SYSCALL(hello) //BR
32
33
```

In "syscall.h"

	1	// Syste	em call numb	bers	
	2	#define	SYS fork	1	
	3	#define	SYS exit	2	
	4	#define	SYS wait	3	
	5	#define	SYS pipe	4	
	6	#define	SYS read	5	
	7	#define	SYS kill	6	
	8	#define	SYS exec	7	
	9	#define	SYS fstat	8	
	10	#define	SYS chdir	9	
	11	#define	SYS_dup	10	
	12	#define	SYS getpid	11	
	13	#define	SYS sbrk	12	
	14	#define	SYS sleep	13	
	15	#define	SYS_uptime	14	
	16	#define	SYS open	15	
	17	#define	SYS write	16	
	18	#define	SYS_mknod	17	
	19	#define	SYS unlink	18	
	20	#define	SYS link	19	
	21	#define	SYS mkdir	20	
:	22	#define	SYS close	21	
1	23	#define	SYS hello	22	//BR
4	24				

In "syscall.c"

80	extern int	<pre>sys chdir(void);</pre>	
81	extern int	sys close(void);	
82	extern int	sys dup(void);	
83	extern int	sys exec(void);	
84	extern int	<pre>sys exit(void);</pre>	
85	extern int	sys fork(void);	
86	extern int	<pre>sys fstat(void);</pre>	
87	extern int	sys getpid(void);	
88	extern int	<pre>sys kill(void);</pre>	
89	extern int	<pre>sys link(void);</pre>	
90	extern int	sys mkdir(void);	
91	extern int	sys mknod(void);	
92	extern int	<pre>sys open(void);</pre>	
93	extern int	<pre>sys pipe(void);</pre>	
94	extern int	sys read(void);	
95	extern int	sys sbrk(void);	
96	extern int	sys sleep(void);	
97	extern int	<pre>sys unlink(void);</pre>	
98	extern int	<pre>sys wait(void);</pre>	
99	extern int	sys write(void);	
100	extern int	<pre>sys uptime(void);</pre>	
101	extern int	<pre>sys_hello(void);</pre>	//BR
102			

And

1	102	
	103	<pre> pstatic int (*syscalls[])(void) = { </pre>
	104	[SYS_fork] sys_fork,
	105	[SYS_exit] sys_exit,
	106	[SYS wait] sys wait,
	107	[SYS_pipe] sys_pipe,
	108	[SYS_read] sys_read,
	109	[SYS_kill] sys_kill,
1	110	[SYS_exec] sys_exec,
	111	[SYS_fstat] sys_fstat,
	112	[SYS_chdir] sys_chdir,
	113	[SYS_dup] sys_dup,
	114	[SYS_getpid] sys_getpid,
	115	[SYS_sbrk] sys_sbrk,
	116	[SYS_sleep] sys_sleep,
	117	[SYS_uptime] sys_uptime,
	118	[SYS_open] sys_open,
	119	[SYS_write] sys_write,
	120	[SYS_mknod] sys_mknod,
	121	[SYS_unlink] sys_unlink,
	122	[SYS_link] sys_link,
	123	[SYS_mkdir] sys_mkdir,
	124	[SYS_close] sys_close,
	125	[SYS_hello] sys_hello, //BR
	126	L};
	107	

In "sysproc.c"

10-040-04	
92	
93	// BR
94	int
95	sys hello(void)
96	₽{
97	hello();
98	return 0;
99	L}
100	// BR
101	

In "proc.c"

483	<pre>cprintf(" %p", pc[i]);</pre>
484	- }
485	<pre>cprintf("\n");</pre>
486	- H
487	L} .
488	//BR
489	void
490	hello(void)
491	₽{
492	<pre>cprintf("\n\n Hello from the kernel space! \n\n");</pre>
493	L}
494	//BR

In "defs.h"

104	//PAGEBREAK:	16
105	// proc.c	
106	void	<pre>exit(void);</pre>
107	int	<pre>fork(void);</pre>
108	int	<pre>growproc(int);</pre>
109	int	kill(int);
110	void	<pre>pinit(void);</pre>
111	void	procdump(void);
112	void	<pre>scheduler(void) attribute ((noreturn));</pre>
113	void	<pre>sched(void);</pre>
114	void	<pre>sleep(void*, struct spinlock*);</pre>
115	void	<pre>userinit(void);</pre>
116	int	<pre>wait(void);</pre>
117	void	<pre>wakeup(void*);</pre>
118	void	<pre>yield(void);</pre>
119	void	hello(void); //BR
120		
121	// swtch.S	
122	void	<pre>swtch(struct context**, struct context*);</pre>
123		

In "user.h"

```
4
      // system calls
5
     int fork(void);
6
      int exit(void)
                        attribute
7
      int wait(void);
8
      int pipe(int*);
9
      int write(int, void*, int);
10
     int read(int, void*, int);
11
      int close(int);
      int kill(int);
12
     int exec(char*, char**);
int open(char*, int);
int mknod(char*, short, shor
13
14
15
16
      int unlink(char*);
17
      int fstat(int fd, struct sta
      int link(char*, char*);
18
19
      int mkdir(char*);
20
      int chdir(char*);
21
      int dup(int);
22
      int getpid(void);
23
      char* sbrk(int);
24
      int sleep(int);
25
      int uptime(void);
26
      int hello(void); //BR
27
      Т
```

Create "test.c" file in the home directory of "xv6-public"

```
#include "types.h"
#include "stat.h"
#include "user.h"
int main(int argc, char *argv[])
{
    hello();
    exit();
}
```

Edit "Makefile" by appending "_test\" to UPROGS

123	
160	UPROGS=\
161	cat\
162	echo
163	forktest
164	grep\
165	init\
166	kill
167	ln
168	ls
169	mkdir\
170	rm\
171	sh\
172	stressfs\
173	usertests\
174	WC\
175	zombie
176	_test\
177	

Now type: \$ make qemu After xv6 boots: type" \$ test

And you should see the message:

\$ [broma002@sledge xv6-public]\$ make gemu dd if=/dev/zero of=xv6.img count=10000 10000+0 records in 10000+0 records out 5120000 bytes (5.1 MB) copied, 0.0377488 s, 136 MB/s dd if=bootblock of=xv6.img conv=notrunc 1+0 records in 1+0 records out 512 bytes (512 B) copied, 0.000161106 s, 3.2 MB/s dd if=kernel of=xv6.img seek=1 conv=notrunc 334+1 records in 334+1 records out 171121 bytes (171 kB) copied, 0.000858728 s, 199 MB/s qemu -serial mon:stdio -drive file=fs.img,index=1,media=disk,format=raw -drive file=x xv6... cpul: starting cpu0: starting sb: size 1000 nblocks 941 ninodes 200 nlog 30 logstart 2 inodestart 32 bmap start 58 init: starting sh \$ test

+ Shell

🔄 (broma002) sledge - KDE Terminal Emulator



To run Qemu with GDB, you need to open another terminal at the same xv6-public folder: \$ gnome-terminal&

In terminal 1type: \$ make qemu-gdb

In second terminal type:

\$ gdb -q -iex "set auto-load safe-path /home/csgrads/username/xv6-public/"

+ target remote localhost:25049
The target architecture is assumed to be i8086
[f000:fff0] 0xffff0: ljmp \$0xf000,\$0xe05b
0x0000fff0 in ?? ()
+ symbol-file kernel
\$ (gdb) continue

5120000 bytes (5.1 MB) copied, 0.0322785 s, 159 MB/s dd if=bootblock of=xv6.img conv=notrunc 1+0 records in 1+0 records out 512 bytes (512 B) copied, 0.000160632 s, 3.2 MB/s dd if=kernel of=xv6.img seek=1 conv=notrunc 334+1 records in 334+1 records out 171149 bytes (171 kB) copied, 0.000922341 s, 186 MB/s *** Now run 'gdb'. qemu -nographic -drive file=fs.img,index=1,media=disk,format=raw -drive file=xv6.img,index=0,media=disk Could not open option rom 'sgabios.bin': No such file or directory хvб... cpul: starting cpu0: starting sb: size 1000 nblocks 941 ninodes 200 nlog 30 logstart 2 inodestart 32 bmap start 58 init: starting sh \$ test Hello from the kernel space! \$ + Shell (broma002) sledge - KDE Terminal Emulator File Edit View Search Terminal Help

[broma002@sledge xv6-public]\$ gdb -q -iex "set auto-load safe-path /home/csgrads /broma002/demo/xv6-public/" + target remote localhost:25049 The target architecture is assumed to be i8086 [f000:fff0] 0xffff0: ljmp \$0xf000,\$0xe05b 0x0000fff0 in ?? () + symbol-file kernel (gdb) continue Continuing.

Qemu uses two CPUs mode. To switch to a single core edit the Makefile:

Line 213: CPUS := 2 And replace 2 with 1.