

# Math 142-2, Group work 1

## Problem 1

This group work activity is based around exploring the second order ordinary differential equation

$$tx'' + x' + tx = \frac{1}{4} \sin t.$$

Write this second order ODE as a first order ODE of the form  $z' = f(z, t)$  by introducing a new variable  $v = x'$ . Note that  $z$  in our case will need to be the vector  $\langle x, v \rangle$ . Find  $f(z, t)$ .

## Problem 2

Write a Matlab function which takes two arguments and computes  $f(z, t)$  (note that the argument  $z$  and the result will be vectors). You are not required to use Matlab; you may use another language if you prefer. You will need to be able to generate line plots.

## Problem 3

Plot the vector valued function  $f(\langle \cos t, -\sin t \rangle, t)$  for  $t \in [0, 4\pi]$  using the Matlab function you wrote. Plot the function at around hundred or so sample points. (Note that you will have difficulty at  $t = 0$ ; one simple solution is to plot it at a tiny value like  $t = 10^{-10}$  instead.)

## Problem 4

When solving ODE's numerically, we compute approximate values for  $z_n \approx z(t_n)$  at a large number  $N$  of sample times  $t_0 \dots t_N$  in the interval  $[0, T]$ . The sample points are equally spaced ( $t_{n+1} = t_n + h$  for fixed  $h$ ), with  $t_0 = 0$  and  $t_N = T$ . The forward Euler method for approximating the solution to an ODE  $z' = f(z, t)$  is given by

$$\begin{aligned} z_0 &= \langle x(0), x'(0) \rangle \\ z_{n+1} &= z_n + hf(t_n, z_n) \end{aligned}$$

Compute  $z_0 \dots z_N$  for  $N = 400$ ,  $T = 20$ ,  $x(0) = 1$ . (What is  $x'(0)$ ?)

## Problem 5

Generate a plot of the points  $(t_n, x(t_n))$ .

## Problem 6

Approximate the maximum and minimum values of  $x(t)$  over the interval  $[0, T]$ .