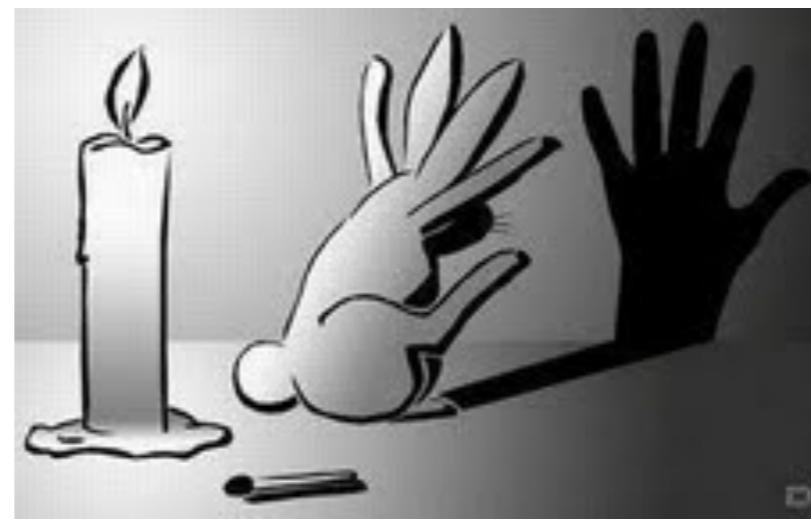
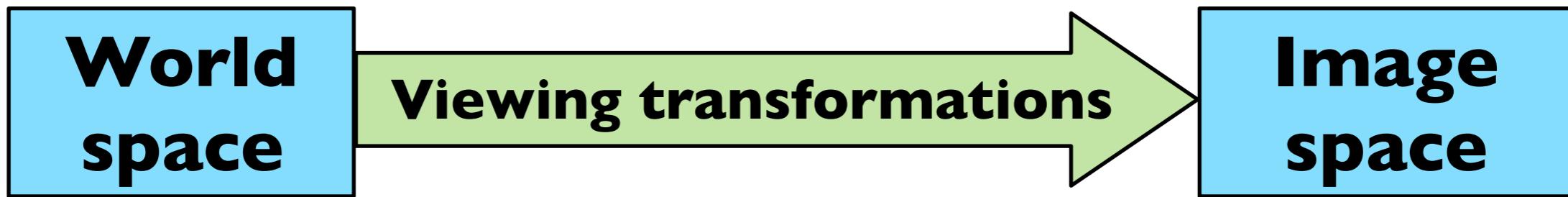


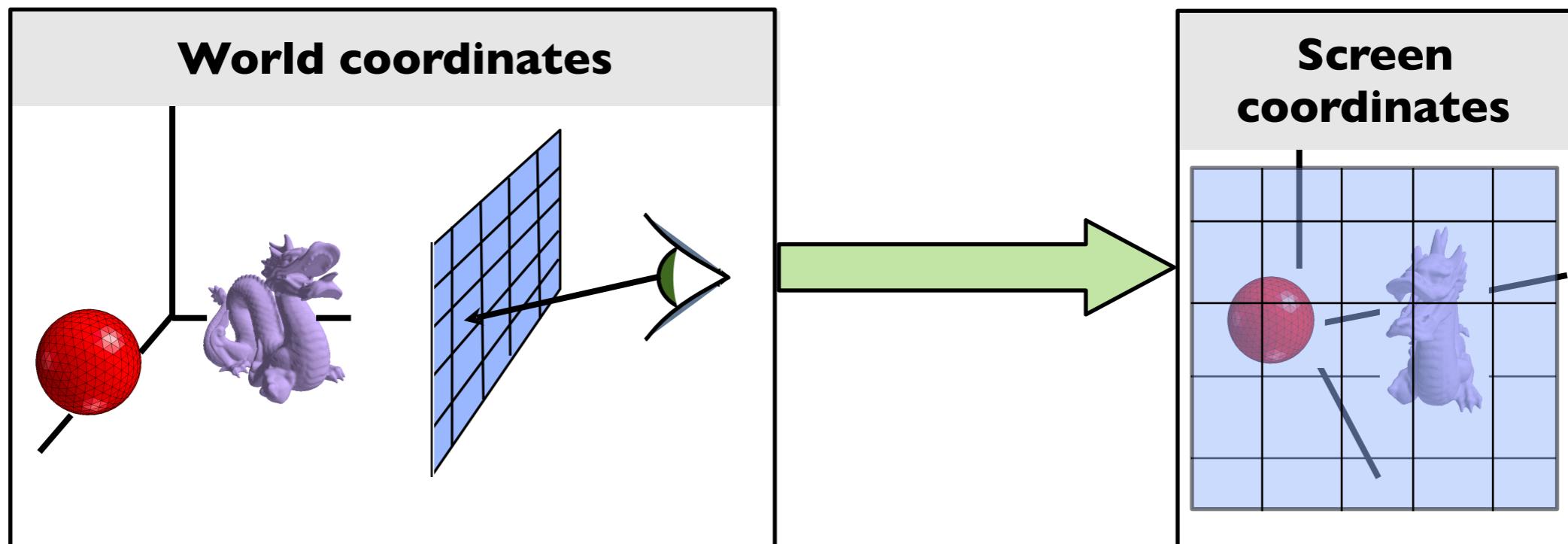
Viewing Transformations



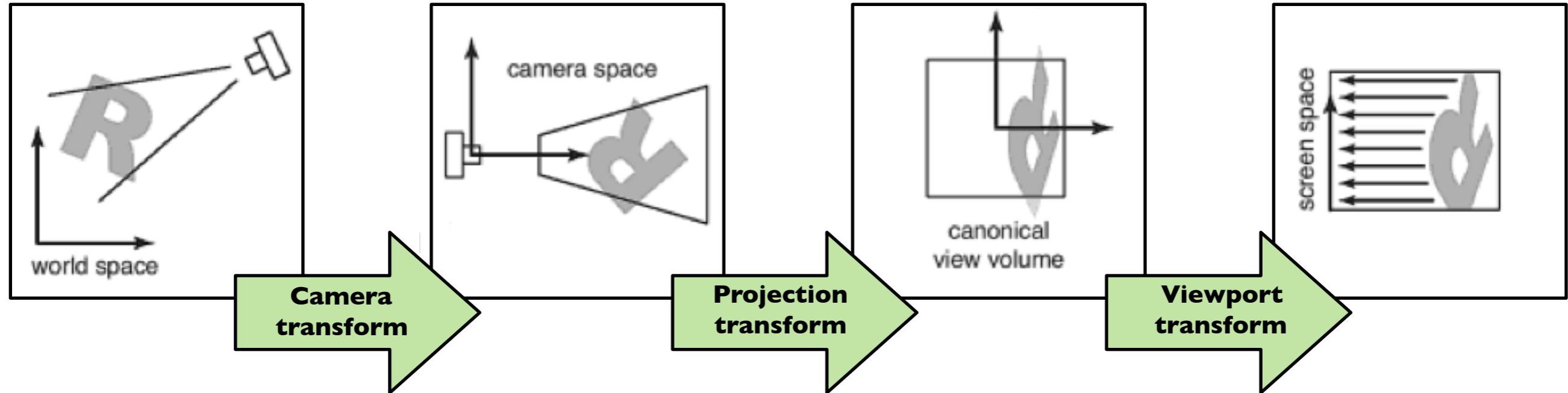
Viewing transformations



- Transform **vertices** from world coordinate descriptions to screen coordinate description



Decomposition of viewing transforms



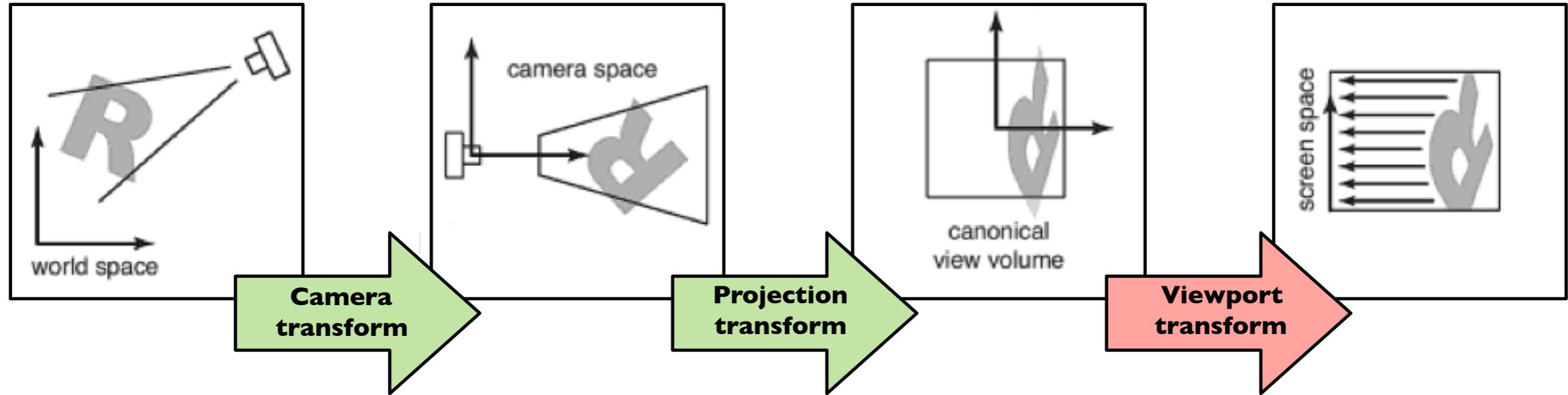
- rigid body transformation
- transform camera to origin

- $x, y, z \in [-1, 1]$
- depends on type of projection

- map to pixel coordinates

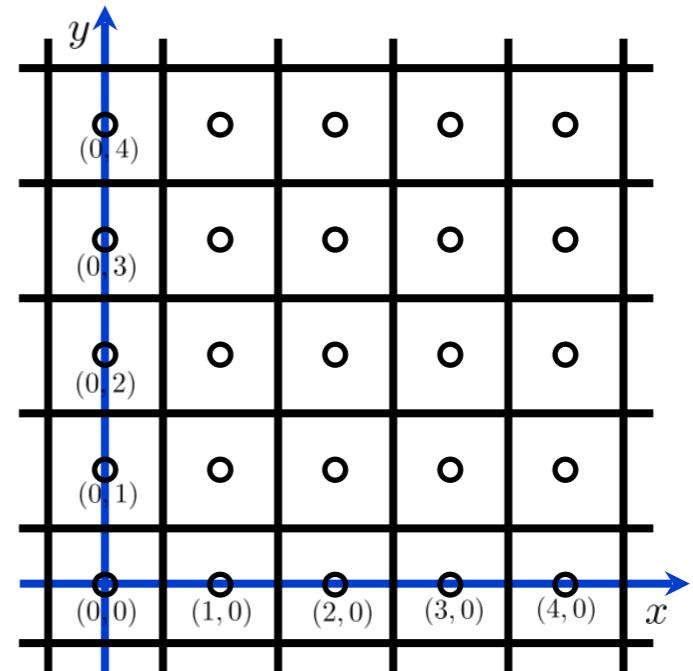
Viewing transforms depend on: camera position and orientation, type of projection, field of view, image resolution

Viewport transform

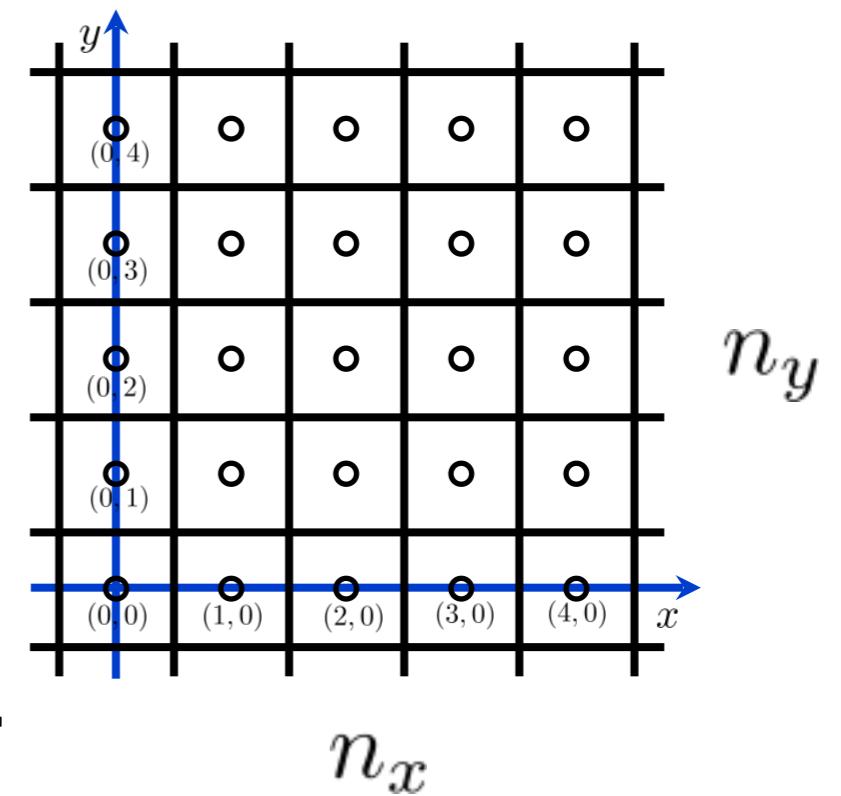
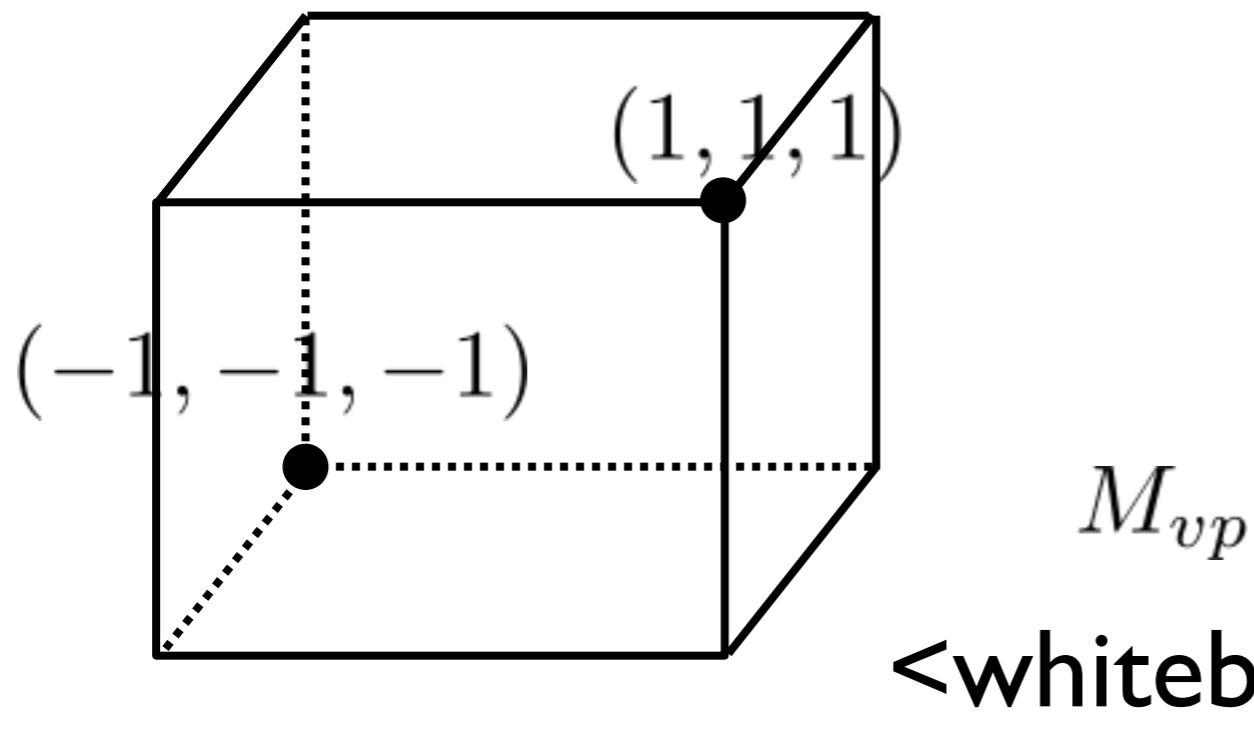
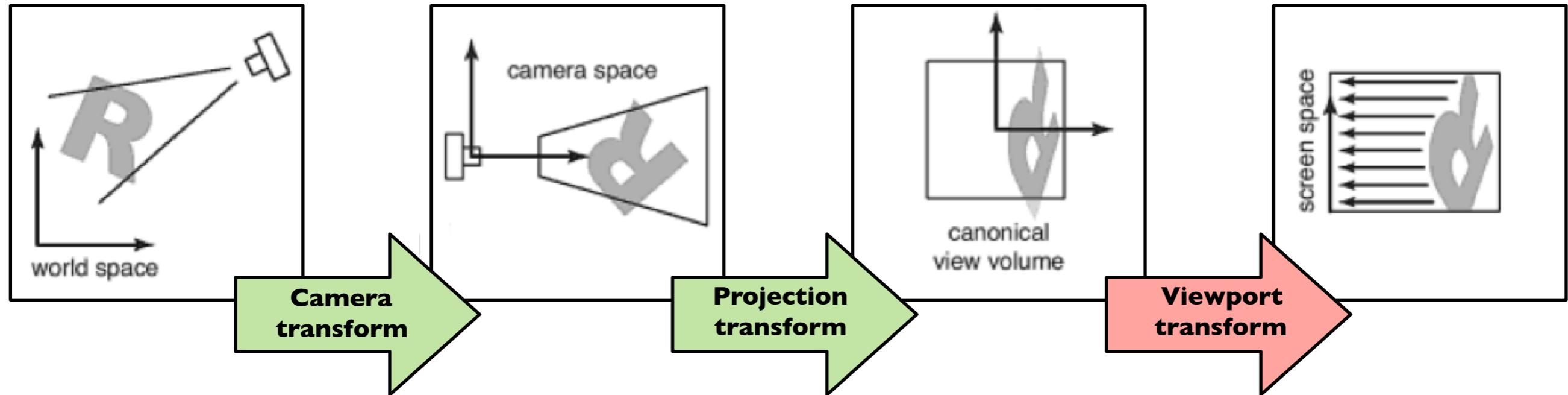


$$(x, y, z) \rightarrow (x', y', z')$$

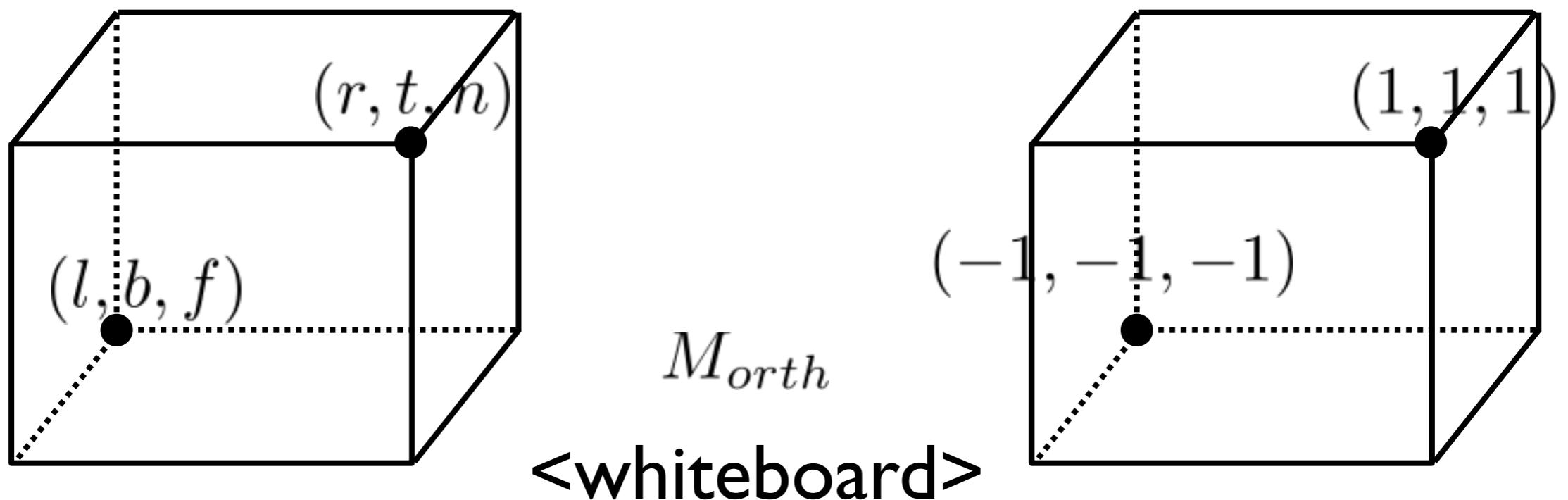
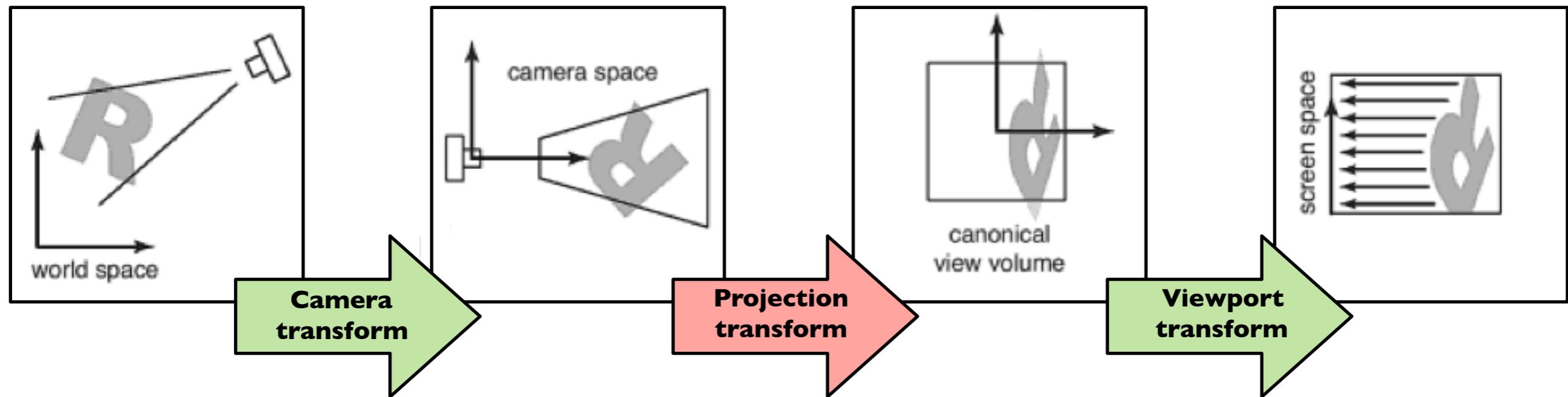
$$(x, y, z) \in [-1, 1]^3 \quad x' \in [-.5, n_x - .5] \\ y' \in [-.5, n_y - .5]$$



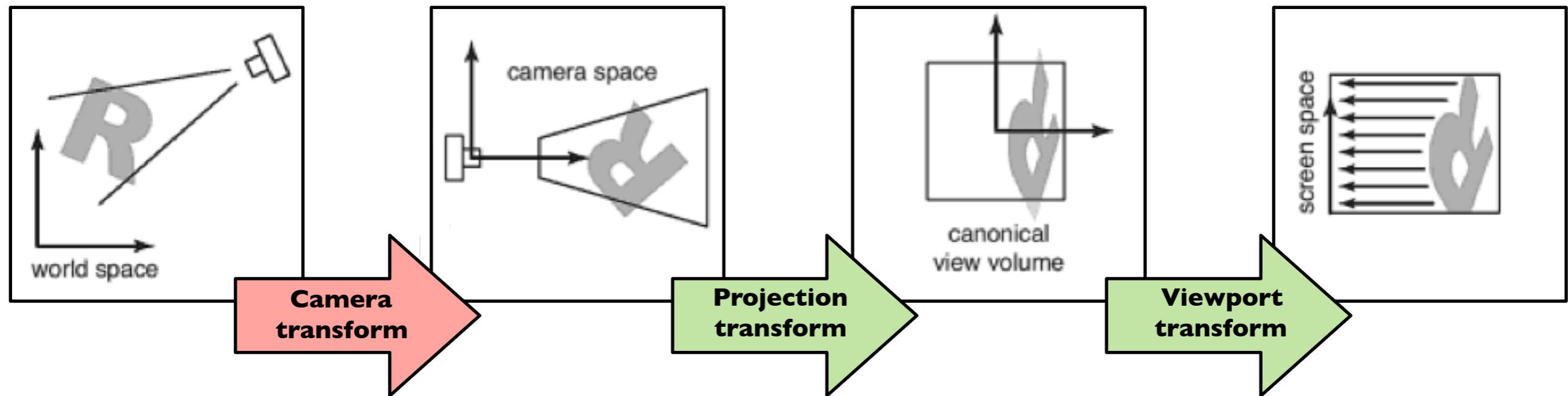
Viewport transform



Orthographic Projection Transform



Camera Transform



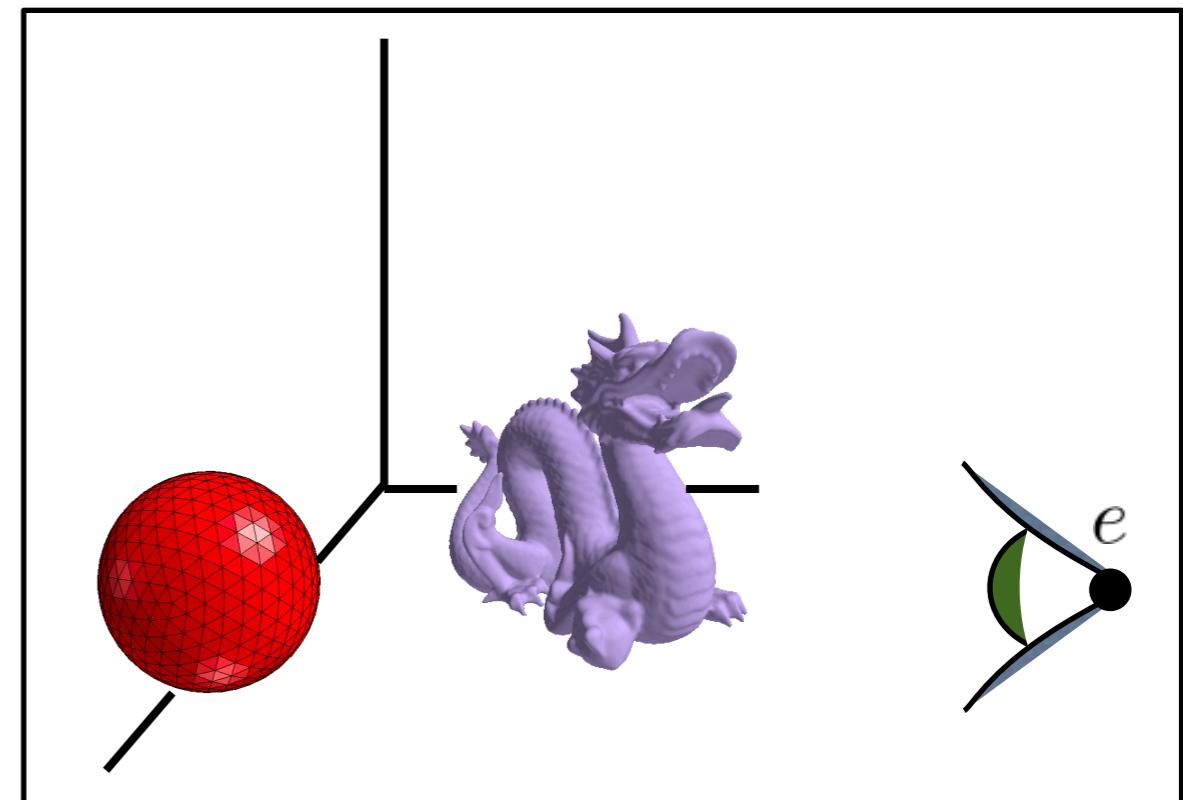
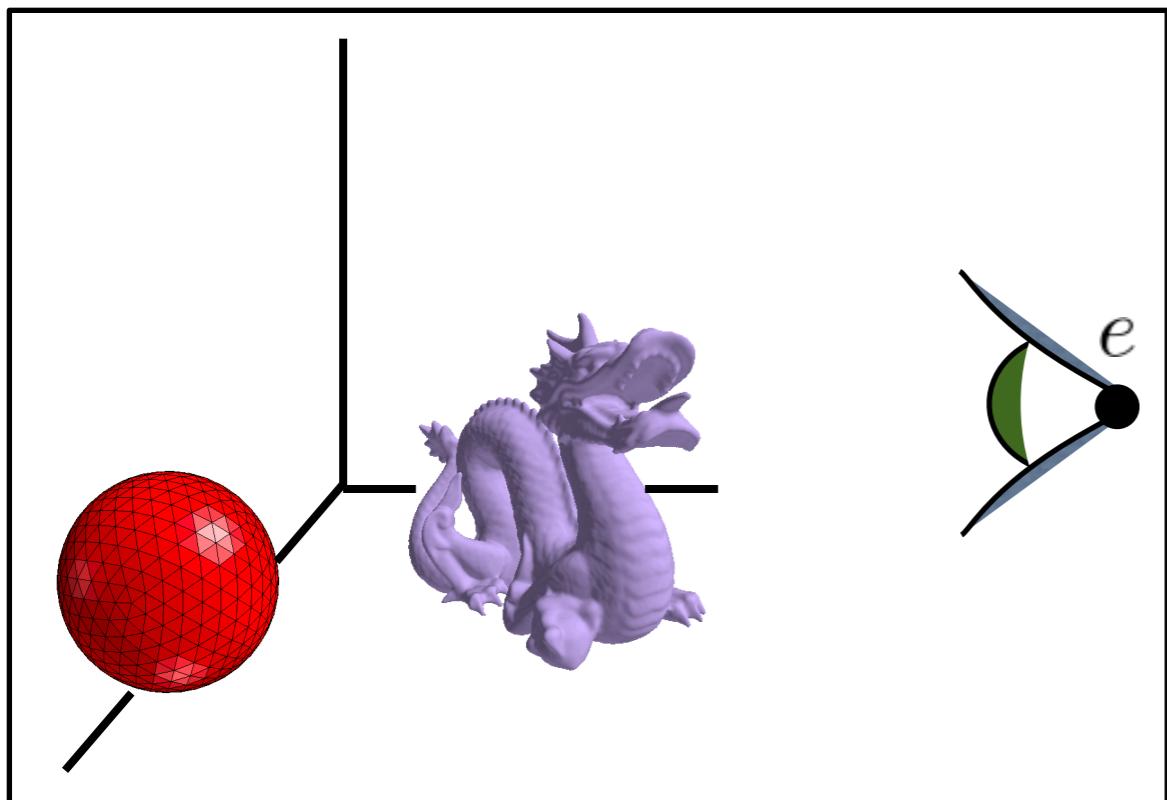
Camera Transform

How do we specify the camera configuration?

Camera Transform

How do we specify the camera configuration?

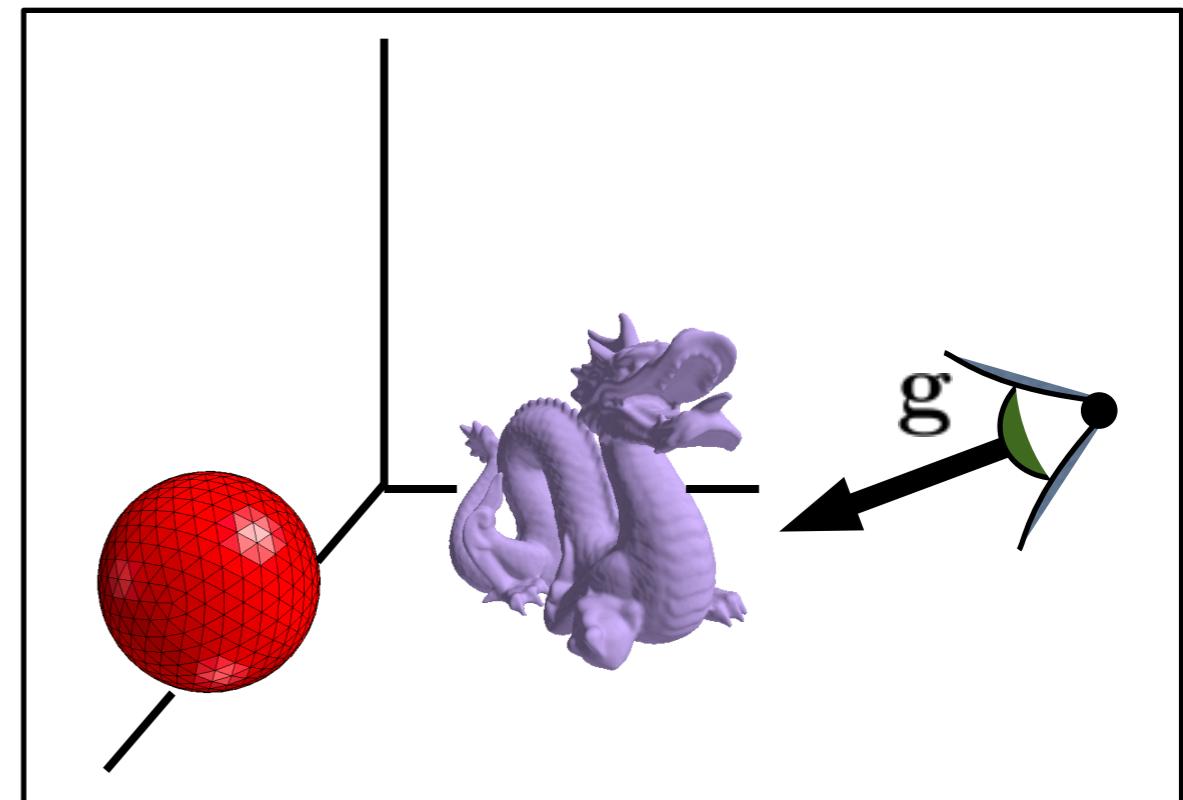
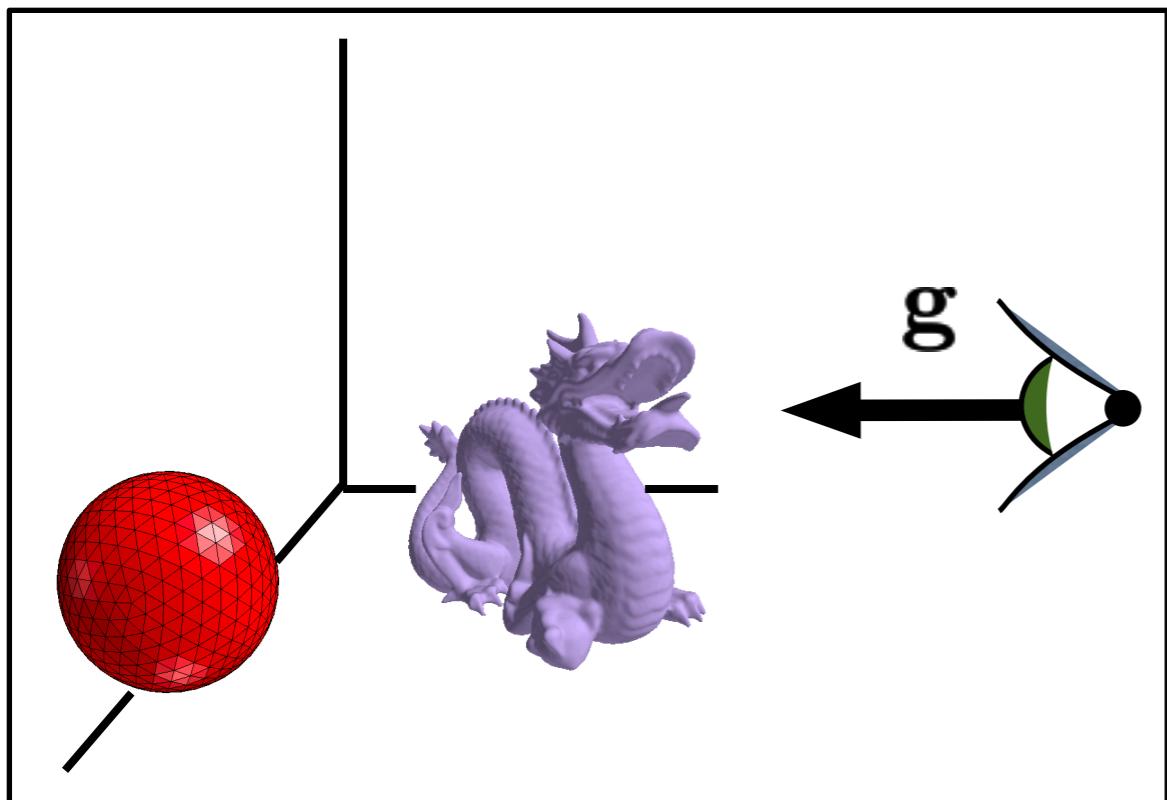
**eye
position**



Camera Transform

How do we specify the camera configuration?

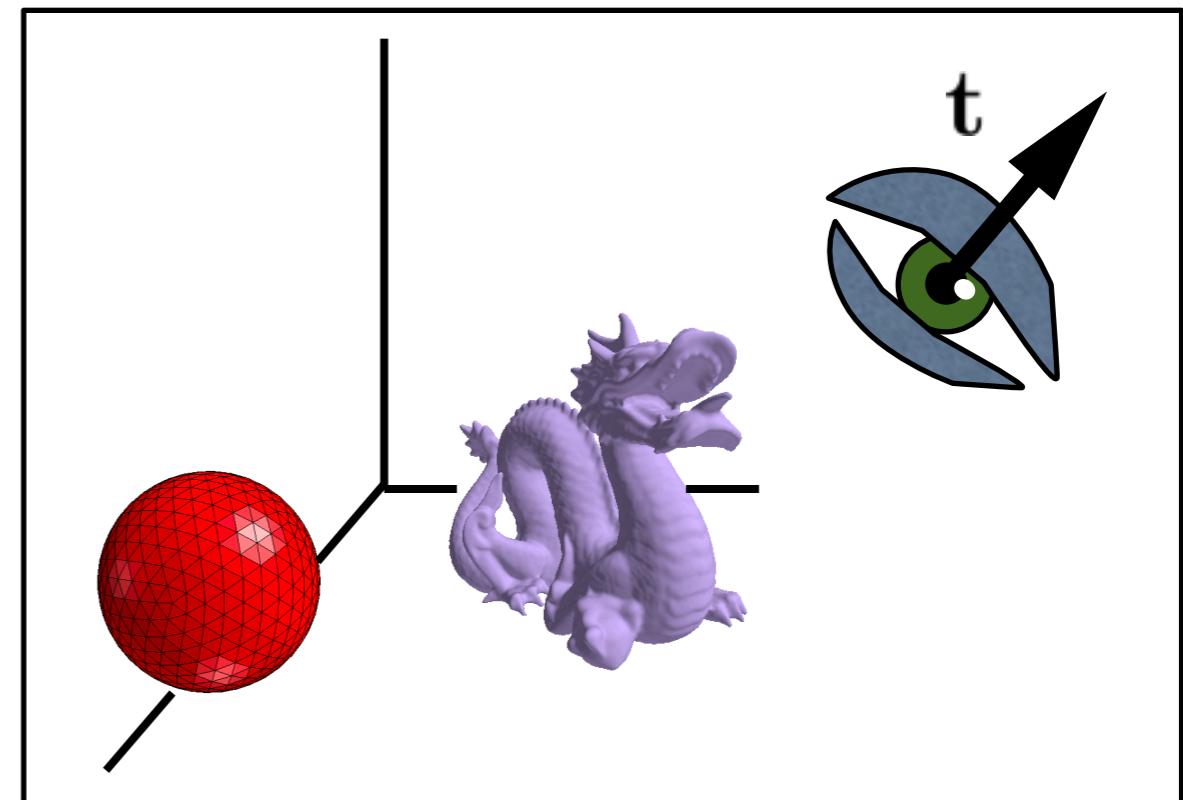
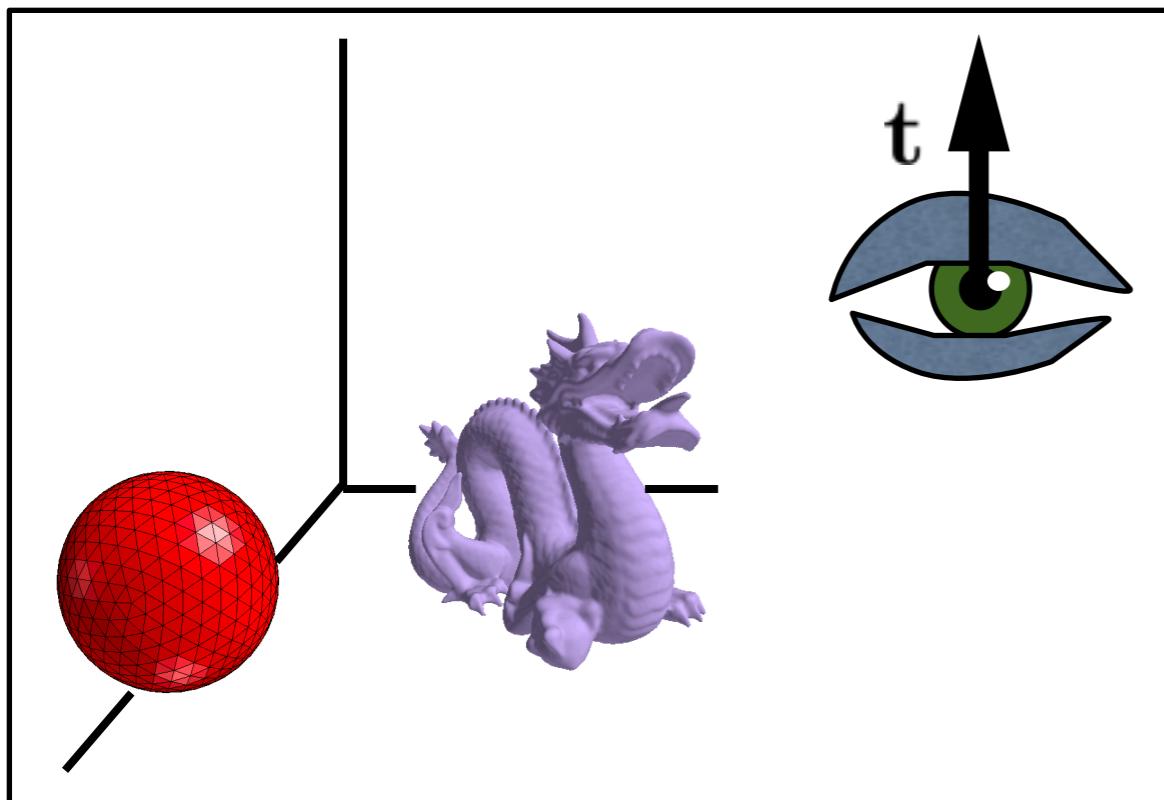
**gaze
direction**



Camera Transform

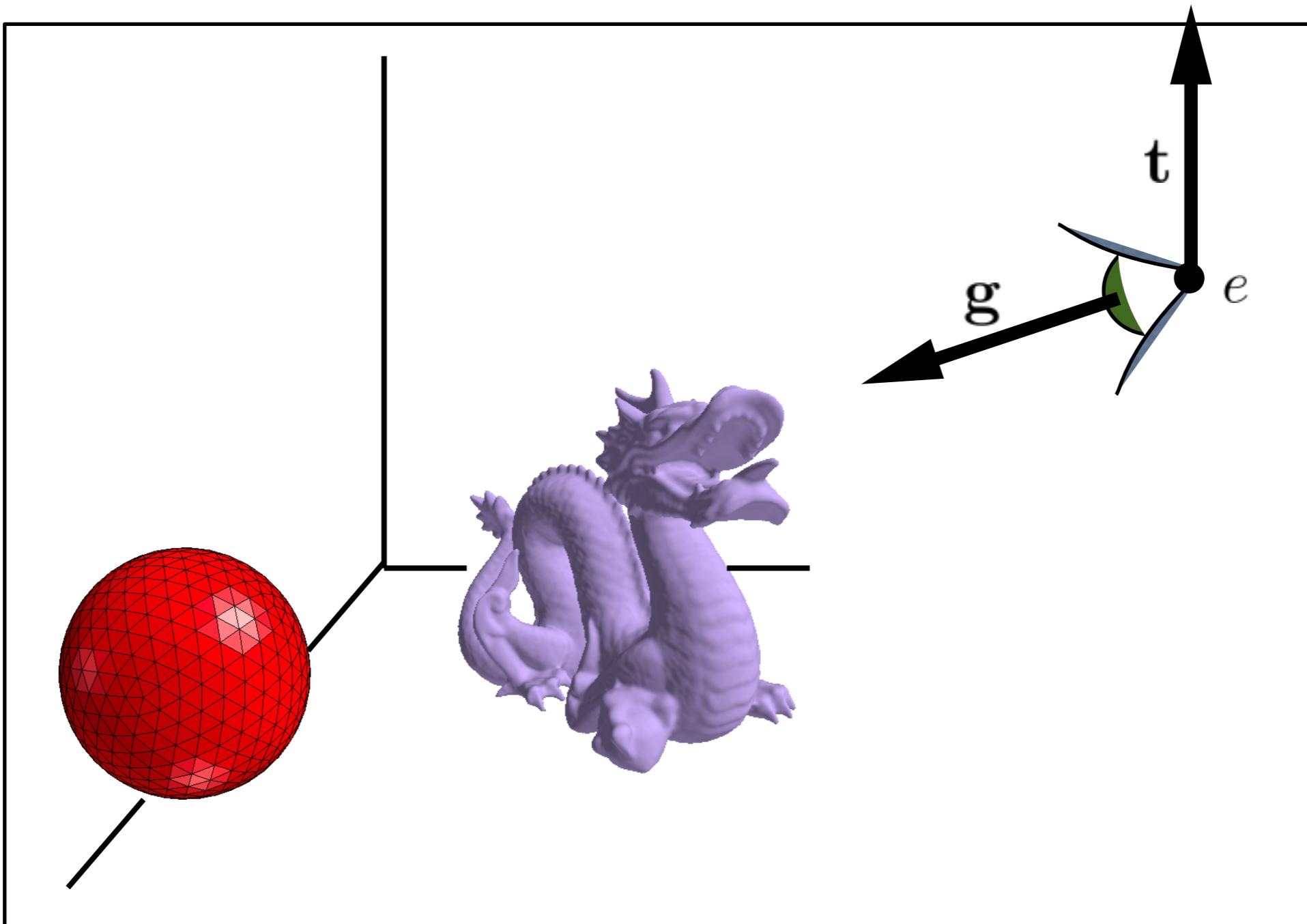
How do we specify the camera configuration?

**up
vector**

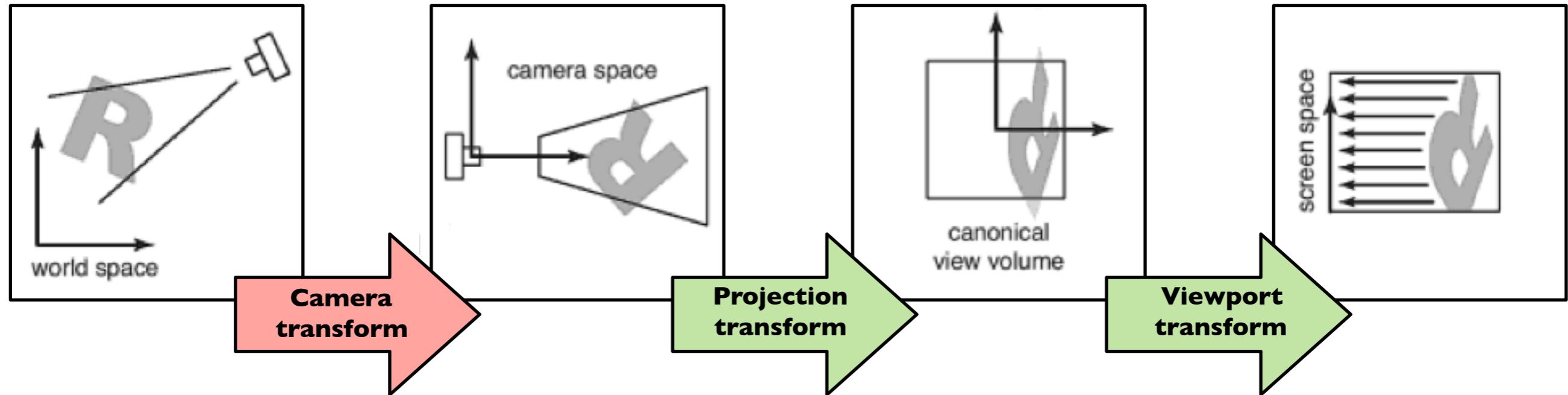


Camera Transform

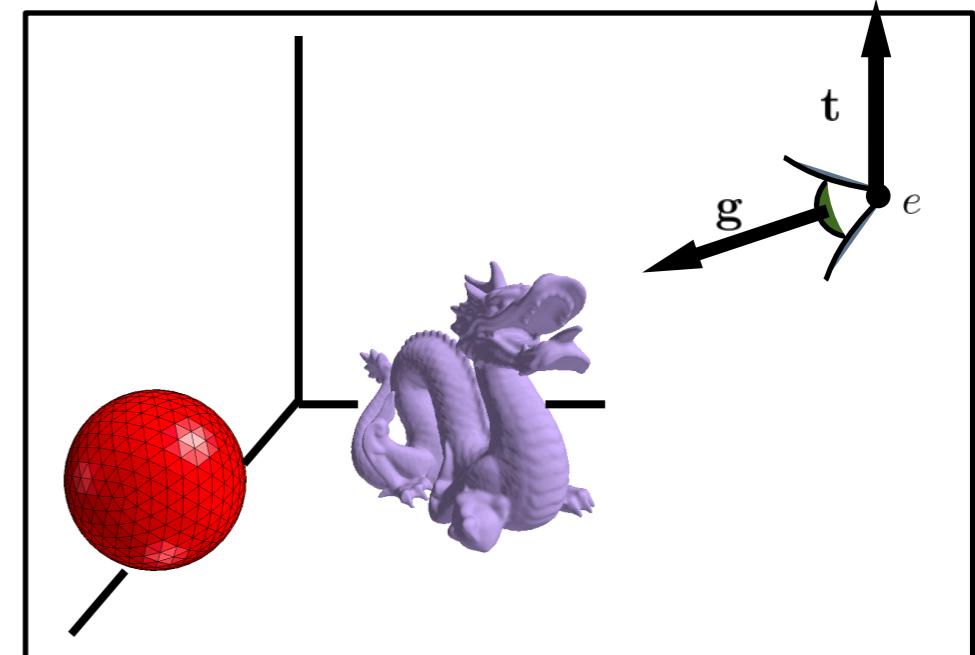
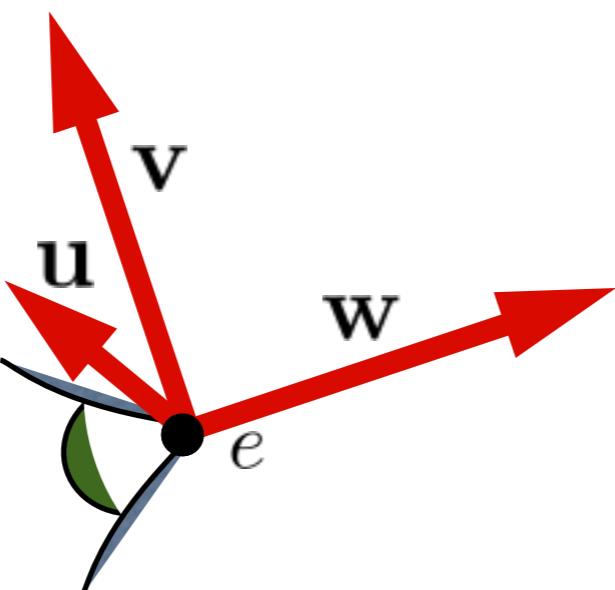
How do we specify the camera configuration?



Camera Transform



$$\mathbf{w} = -\frac{\mathbf{g}}{\|\mathbf{g}\|}$$
$$\mathbf{u} = \frac{\mathbf{t} \times \mathbf{w}}{\|\mathbf{t} \times \mathbf{w}\|}$$
$$\mathbf{v} = \mathbf{w} \times \mathbf{u}$$



M_{cam} <whiteboard>