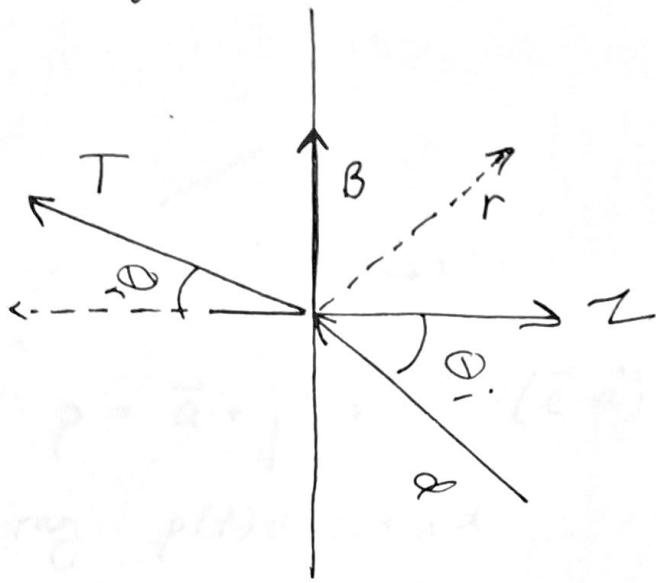


Transparency and Refraction



η = index of refraction

$$\eta_{\text{air}} = 1$$

$$\eta_{\text{water}} = 1.33$$

θ_i = angle of incidence

θ_r = angle of refraction

What is the transmitted ray T ?

First, find θ_r using Snell's Law:

$$\eta_r \sin \theta_r = \eta_i \sin \theta_i$$

using cosine's, this is

$$\eta_r^2 (1 - \cos^2 \theta_r) = \eta_i^2 (1 - \cos^2 \theta_i)$$

$$\Rightarrow \cos^2 \theta_r = -\frac{\eta_i^2}{\eta_r^2} (1 - \cos^2 \theta_i) + 1$$

$$\Rightarrow \cos \theta_r = \left[1 - \frac{\eta_i^2}{\eta_r^2} (1 - \cos^2 \theta_i) \right]^{1/2}$$

if $\theta < 0$, no
refracted ray
"total internal
reflection"

$$-\vec{d} = \cos \theta_i \vec{N} - \sin \theta_i \vec{B} \Rightarrow \vec{B} = \frac{+d + \cos \theta_i \vec{N}}{+\sin \theta_i}$$

$$\vec{T} = -\cos \theta_r \vec{N} + \sin \theta_r \vec{B}$$

$$\vec{T} = -\cos \theta_r \vec{N} + \frac{\sin \theta_r}{\sin \theta_i} [\vec{d} + \cos \theta_i \vec{N}]$$

$$= -\cos \theta_r \vec{N} + \frac{\eta_i}{\eta_r} \vec{d} + \frac{\eta_i}{\eta_r} \cos \theta_i \vec{N} = -\cos \theta_r \vec{N} + \frac{\eta_i}{\eta_r} [\vec{d} - (\vec{N} \cdot \vec{d}) \vec{N}]$$

$$\vec{T} = \frac{\eta_i}{\eta_r} [d - (N \cdot d) N] - \cos \theta_i \vec{N}$$