Due: in class Friday, May 2, 1997

Problem Set 4

- 1. Prove that gcd(a,b) is the smallest positive element of $\{ai+bj:i,j\in\mathbb{N}\}$. (See CLR problem 33.2-7.)
- 2. Given primes p and q, integer n=pq, and integer e relatively prime to $\phi(n)$, show how to efficiently compute $d \equiv e^{-1} \pmod{\phi(n)}$.

What does this have to do with RSA?

- 3. Exercise 33.7-3 (random self-reducibility of RSA).
- 4. Exercise 33.8-2 (Carmichael numbers).