

# CS133 Computational Geometry, Winter 2009

## Assignment 1

**Due: Thursday March 12, 2009**

1. For the first problem, you will implement an algorithm that triangulates a monotone range polygon (monotone along the y-axis).
  - a. Describe (in pseudocode) an algorithm that checks if a polygon is monotone range in linear time
  - b. Describe (in pseudocode) an algorithm that triangulates a monotone range polygon in linear time
  - c. Prove the running time of your algorithm.
  - d. Implement code that, assuming that the input polygon is monotone range, triangulates the polygon in linear time.

The output should be:

- i. The list of  $n-2$  triangles
    - ii. A visual representation of the original polygon and the diagonals used in the triangulation.
2. In the second part, you will implement an incremental algorithm for computing convex hull.
  - i. The algorithm should add one point at a time to the convex hull of the current set of points.
  - ii. The algorithm should first check if the new point is inside the convex hull. If not, it should add it to the convex hull.
  - iii. After every insertion, you should give a graphical description of the current hull.
  - a. What is the worst case running time of your algorithm? Give an example.
  - b. What is the best case running time of you algorithm? Give an example.
  - c. Compare experimentally the running time of your algorithm for the following cases:
    - i. The points are given in sorted (by x-coordinate) order.
    - ii. The points are uniformly distributed and given in random order.

NOTE: Assume that the points are in general position and don't forget to visualize the algorithms using OpenGL or similar graphic library.