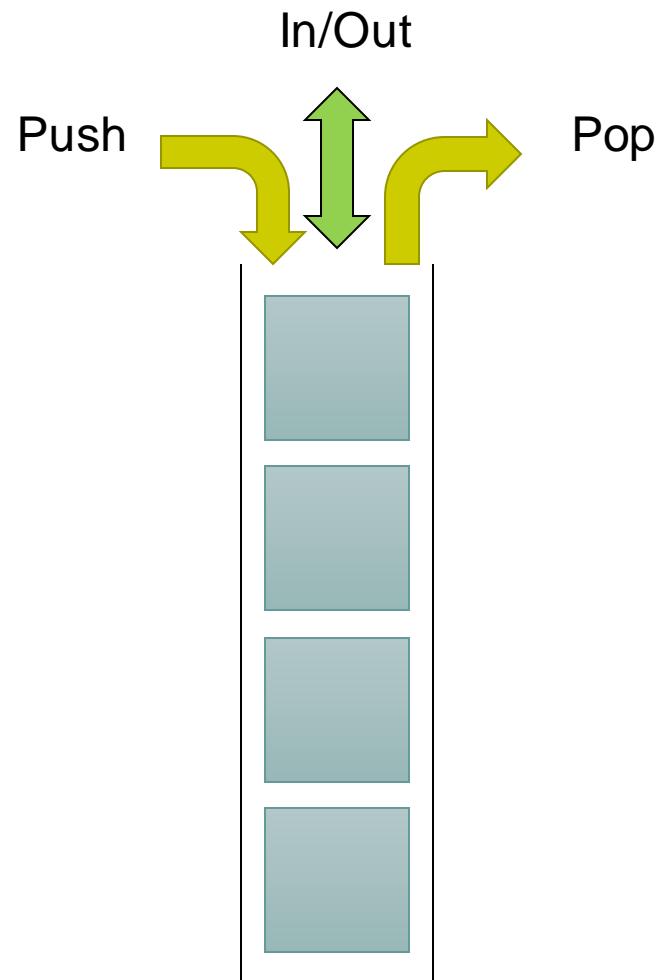
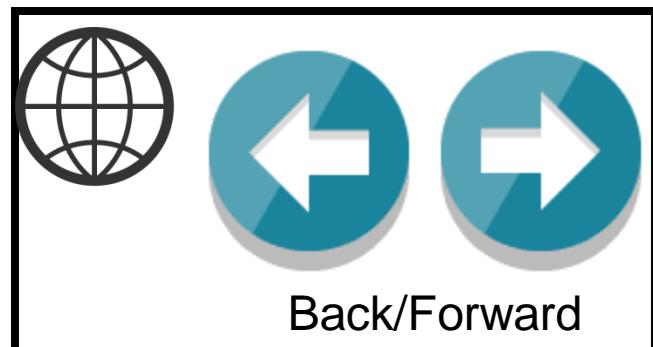


Stacks and Queues

Stack

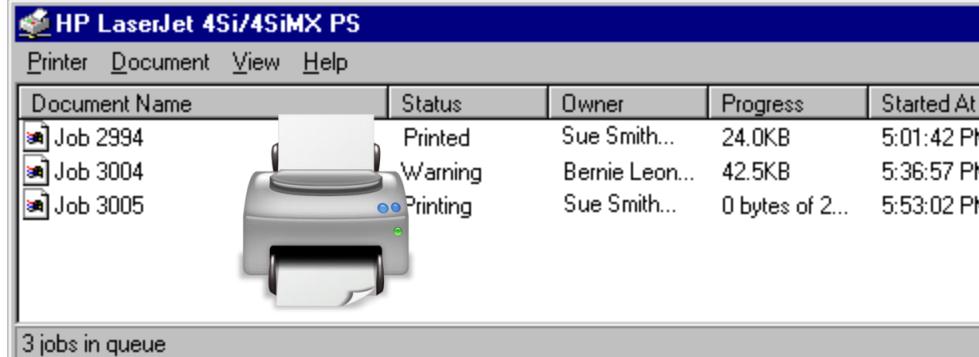
- ▶ LIFO: Last-in First-out



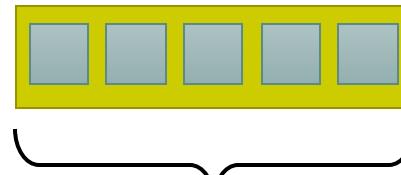
Stack

Queue

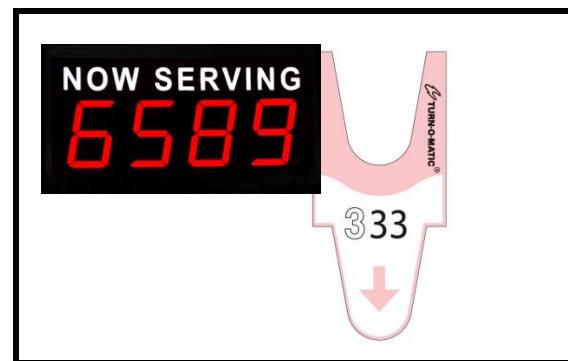
➤ FIFO: First-in First-out



HPC



Queue



Queue and Stack ADT

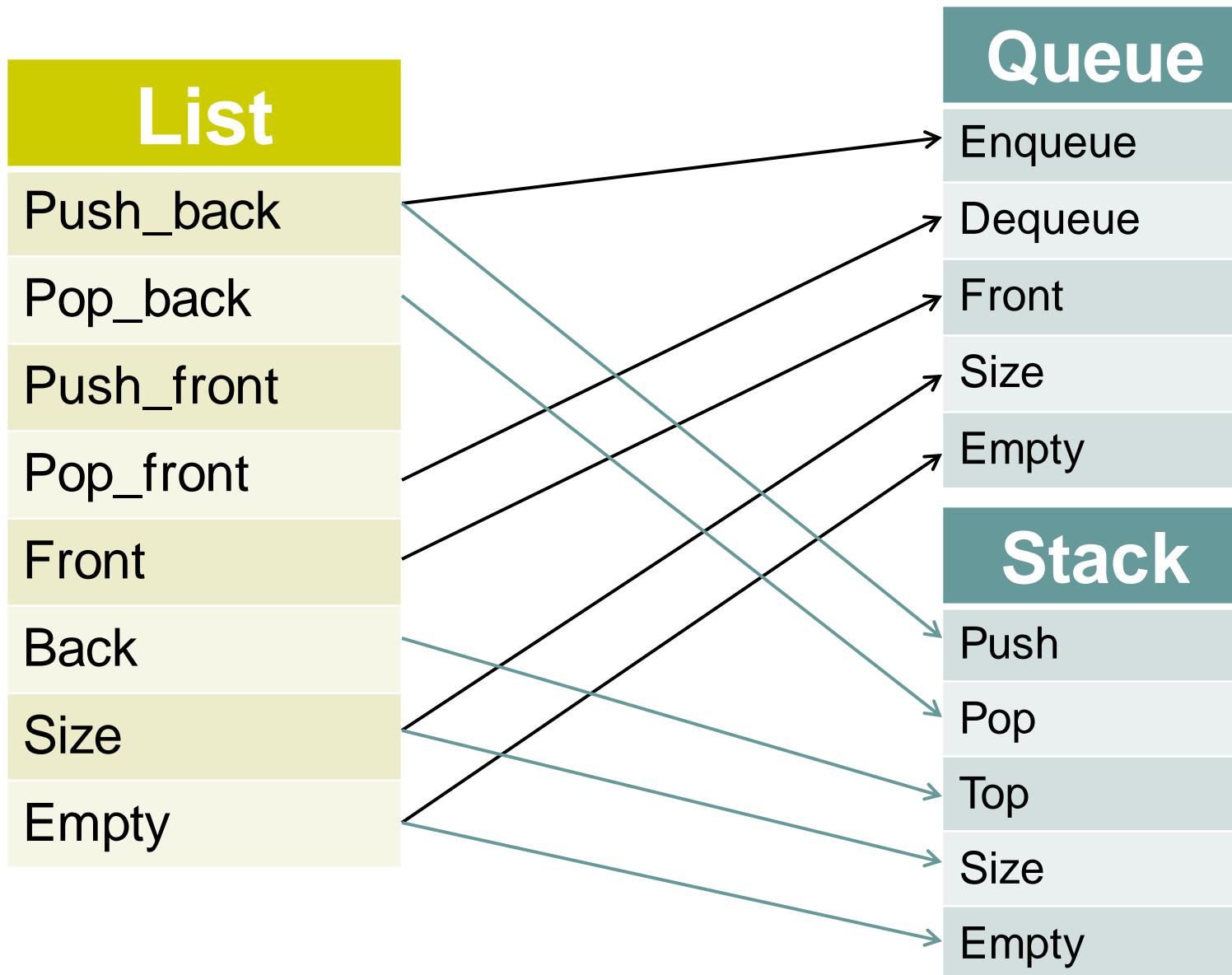
Queue

- › Enqueue
- › Dequeue
- › Front
- › Size
- › Empty?

Stack

- › Push
- › Pop
- › Top
- › Size
- › Empty?

Stack/Queue Implementation

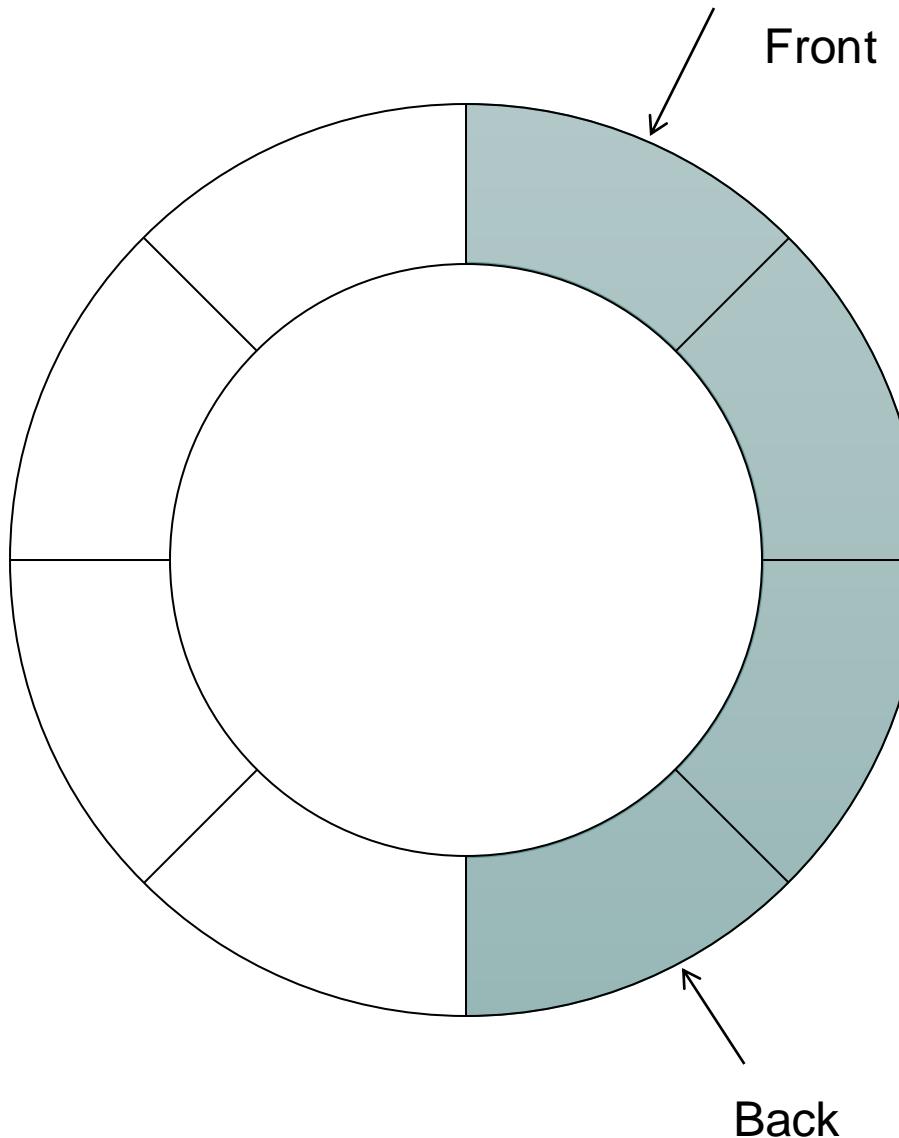


Queue Implementation



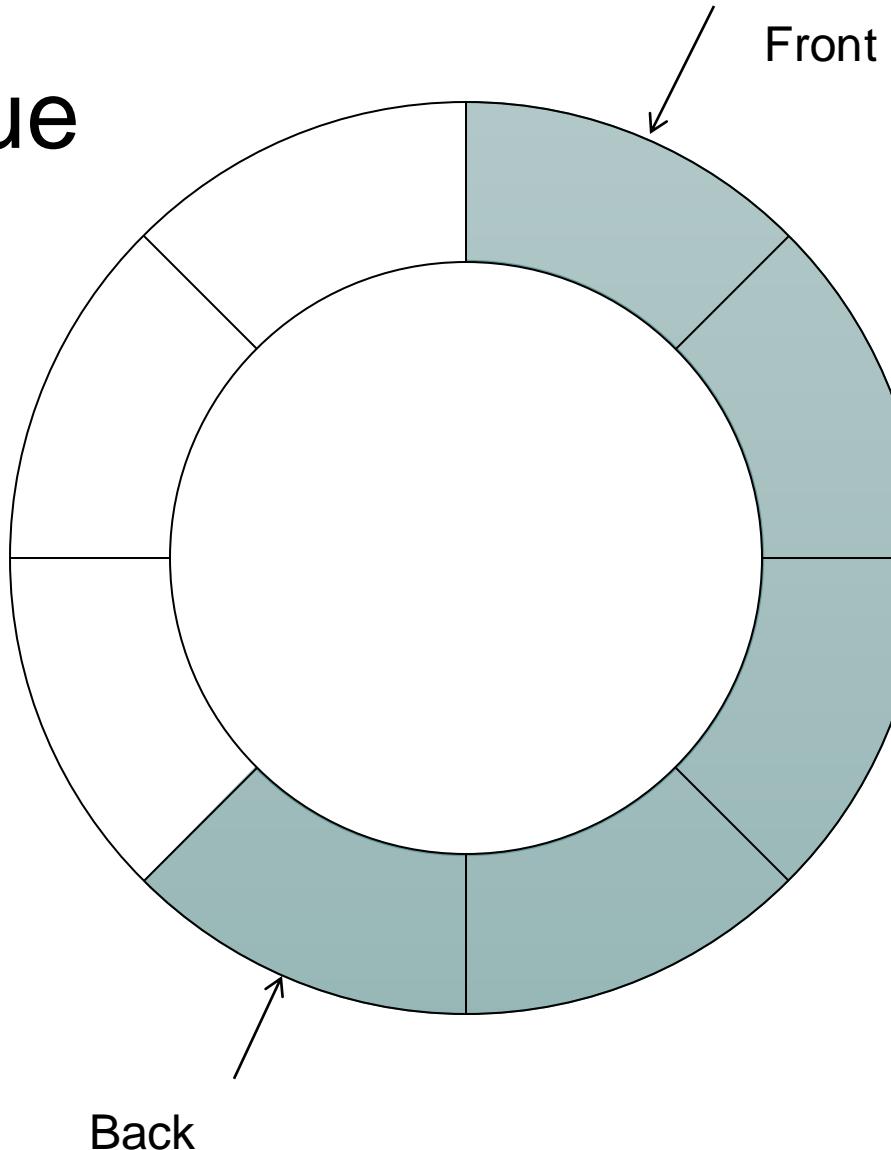
Queue	Array Impl.	Linked List Impl.
Enqueue	$O(1)$	$O(1)$
Dequeue	$O(n)$	$O(1)$
Front	$O(1)$	$O(1)$
Memory overhead	Small	Big
Random access	$O(1)$	$O(n)$

Circular Array Queue



Circular Array Queue

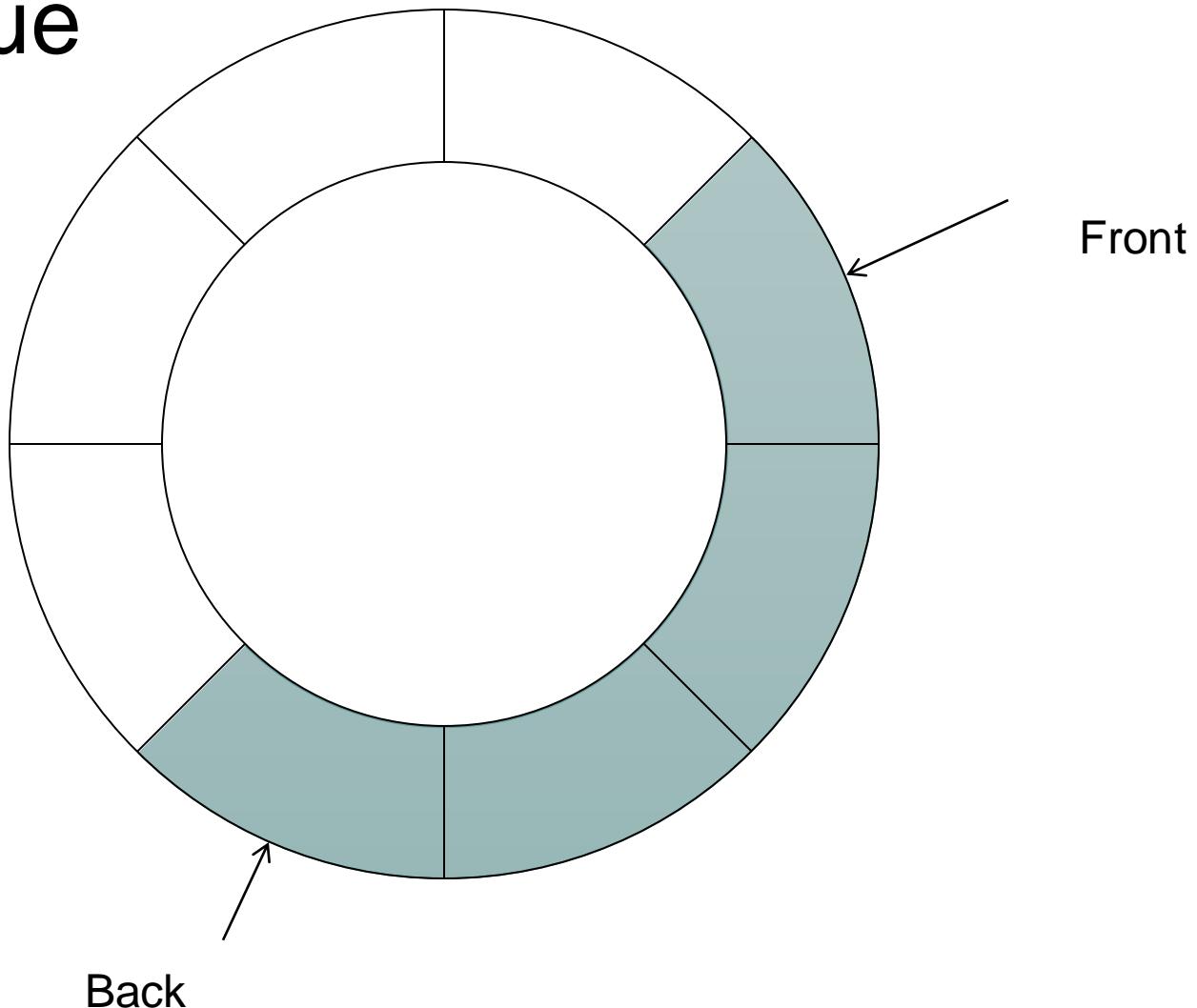
Enqueue



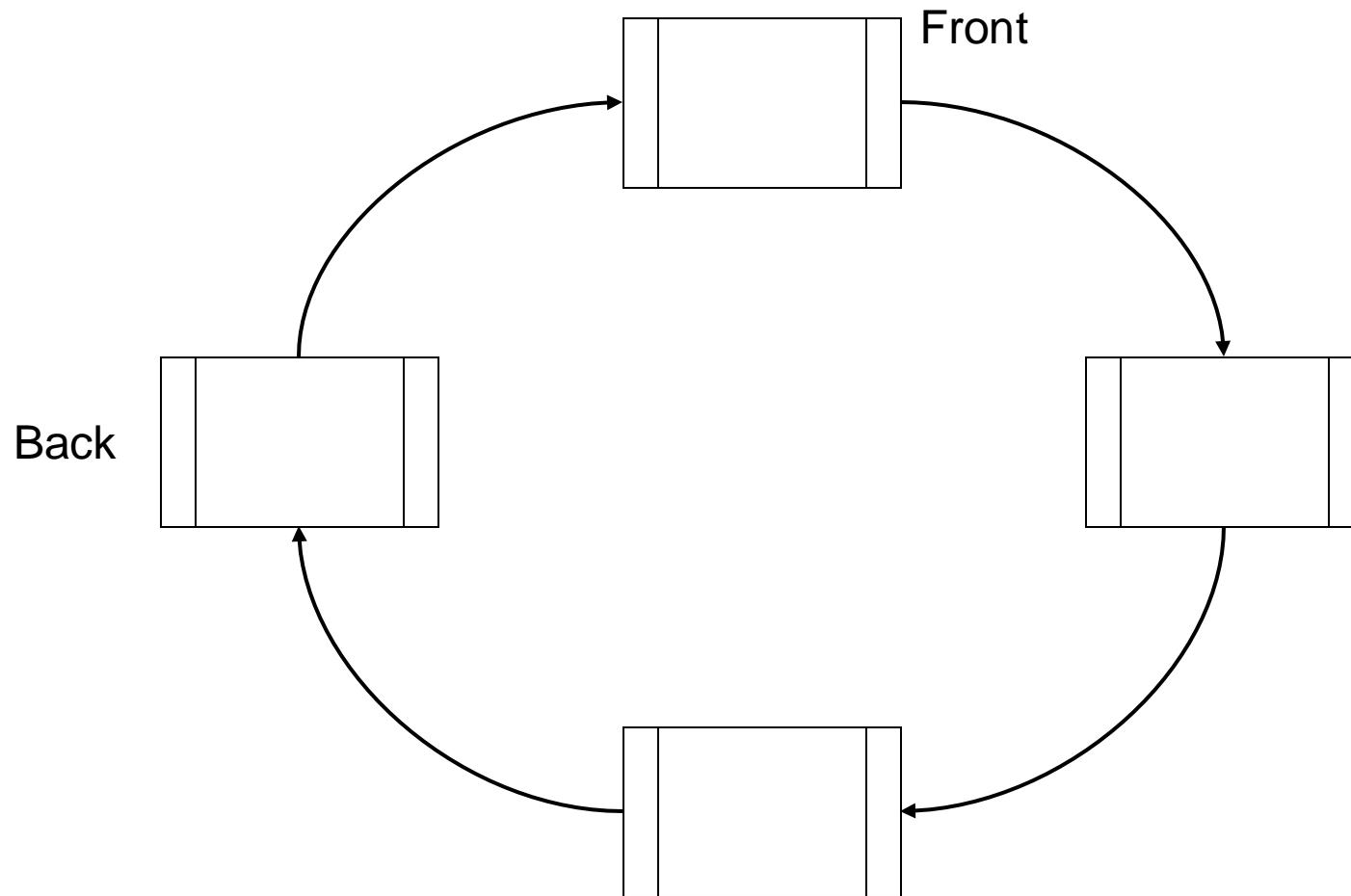
Circular Array Queue



Dequeue



Circular Linked List Queue



Queue Implementation



Queue	Circular Array Impl.	Circular Linked List Impl.
Enqueue	$O(1)$	$O(1)$
Dequeue	$O(1)$	$O(1)$
Front	$O(1)$	$O(1)$
Memory overhead	Small	Big

Standard Template Library (STL)



- Lists, stacks, and queues are all implemented in STL
- In a *real* program, you would better use them; why?
- For the sake of learning, you are not allowed to use STL during this class unless otherwise mentioned

Stack Applications



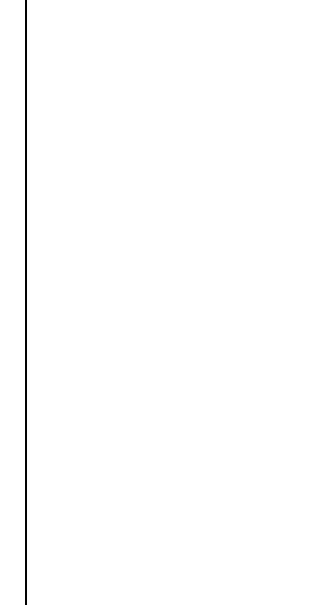
- › Expression evaluation
- › Human-friendly infix expressions
 - › The operator falls between the two operands
$$3 + 2 \times 5 = 13$$
 - › Easier to read and understand
 - › Can be easily broken into pieces
- › Machine-friendly postfix expressions
 - › The operator is placed *after* the two operands
$$325 \times += 13$$
 - › Easier to compute in one pass
 - › No need for parentheses

Evaluate postfix expressions



- › Infix: $(3 \times 5 + 4/2) \times 2 = 34$
- › Postfix: $35 \times 42/+2 \times$

3	5	\times	4	2	/	+	2	\times
---	---	----------	---	---	---	---	---	----------



Stack of
operands

Postfix Evaluation Example



Postfix Evaluation Example



3 5 × 4 2 / + 2 ×



Push
→

3

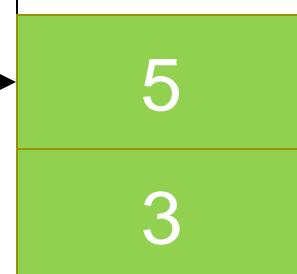
Stack of
operands

Postfix Evaluation Example

3 5 **X** 4 2 / + 2 X



Push
→



Stack of
operands

Postfix Evaluation Example

3 5 **X** 4 2 / + 2 X



5

Pop

3

Stack of
operands

Postfix Evaluation Example

3 5 **X** 4 2 / + 2 X

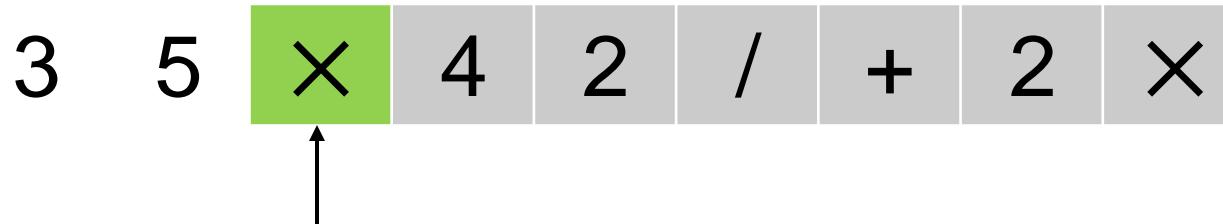
5

3

Pop

Stack of
operands

Postfix Evaluation Example



Stack of
operands

Postfix Evaluation Example



3 5 × 4 2 / + 2 ×

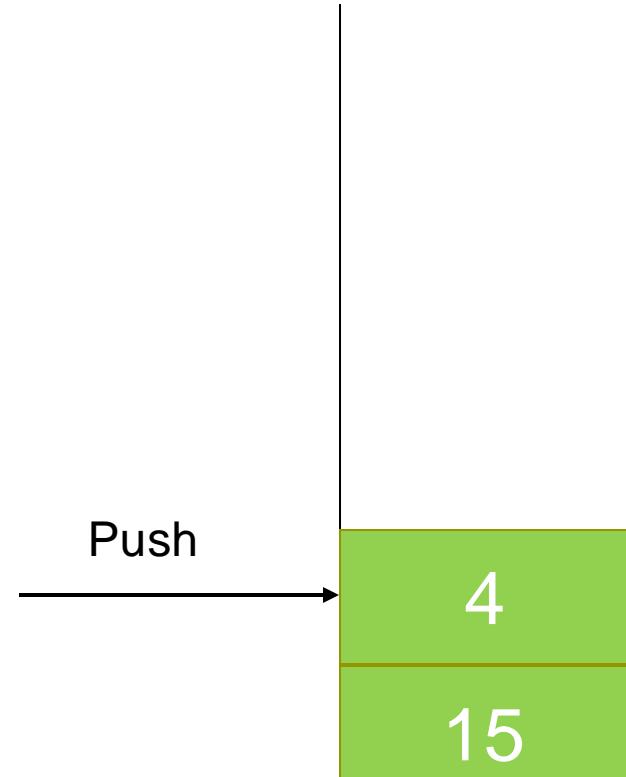
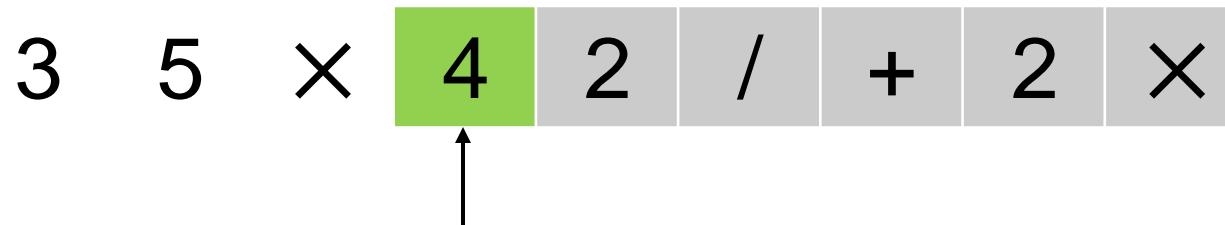


Push
→

15

Stack of
operands

Postfix Evaluation Example



Stack of
operands

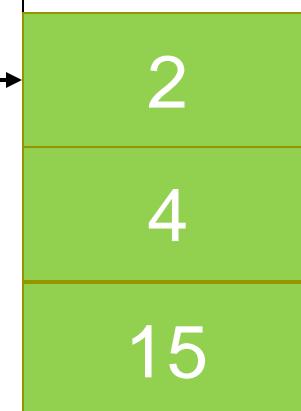
Postfix Evaluation Example



3 5 × 4 2 / + 2 ×

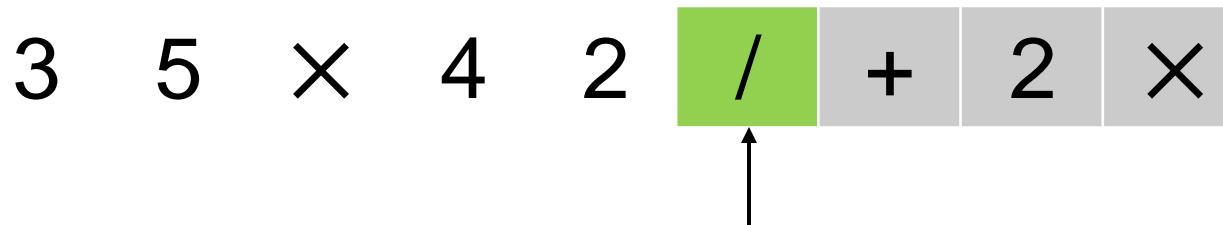


Push



Stack of
operands

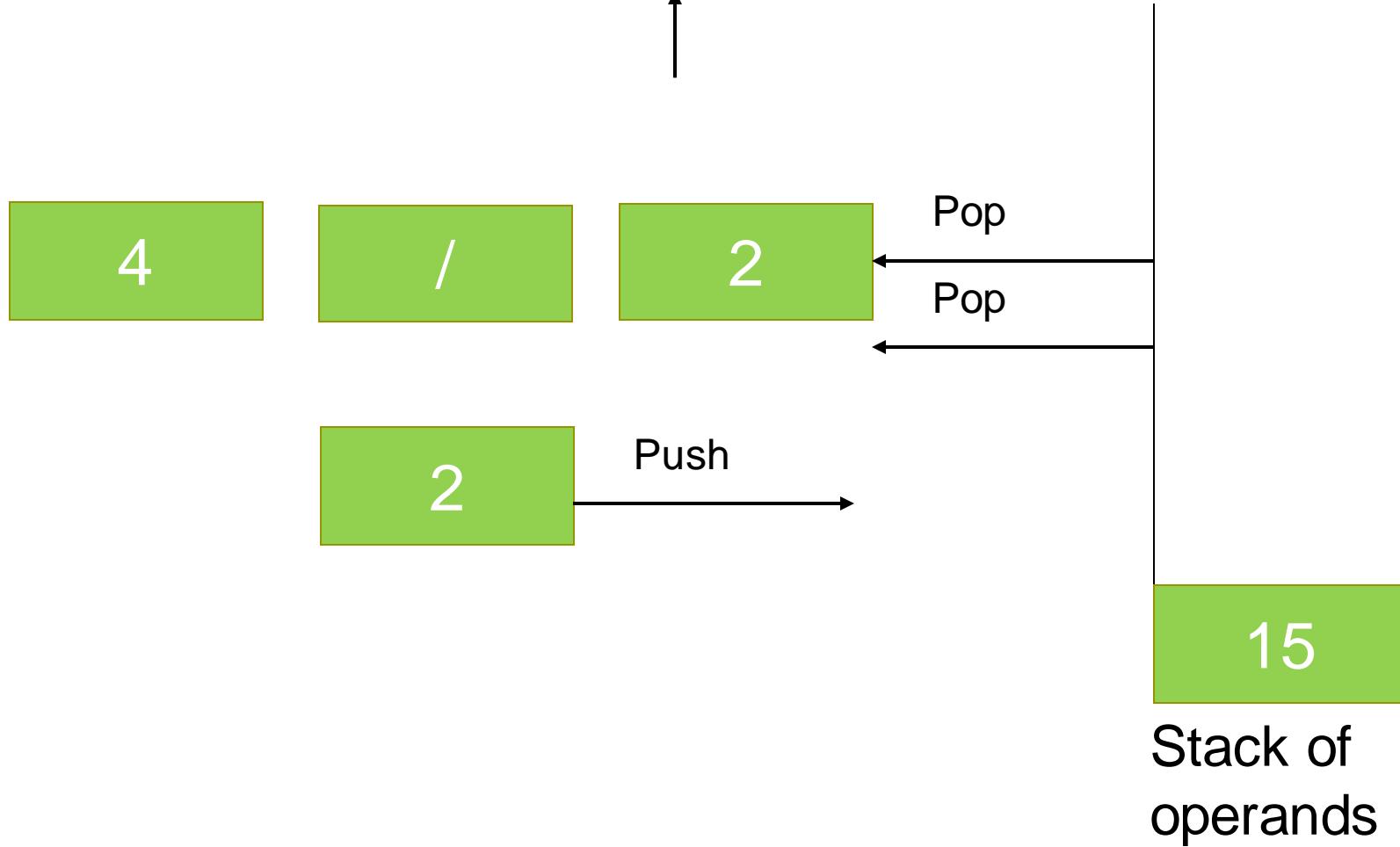
Postfix Evaluation Example



Stack of
operands

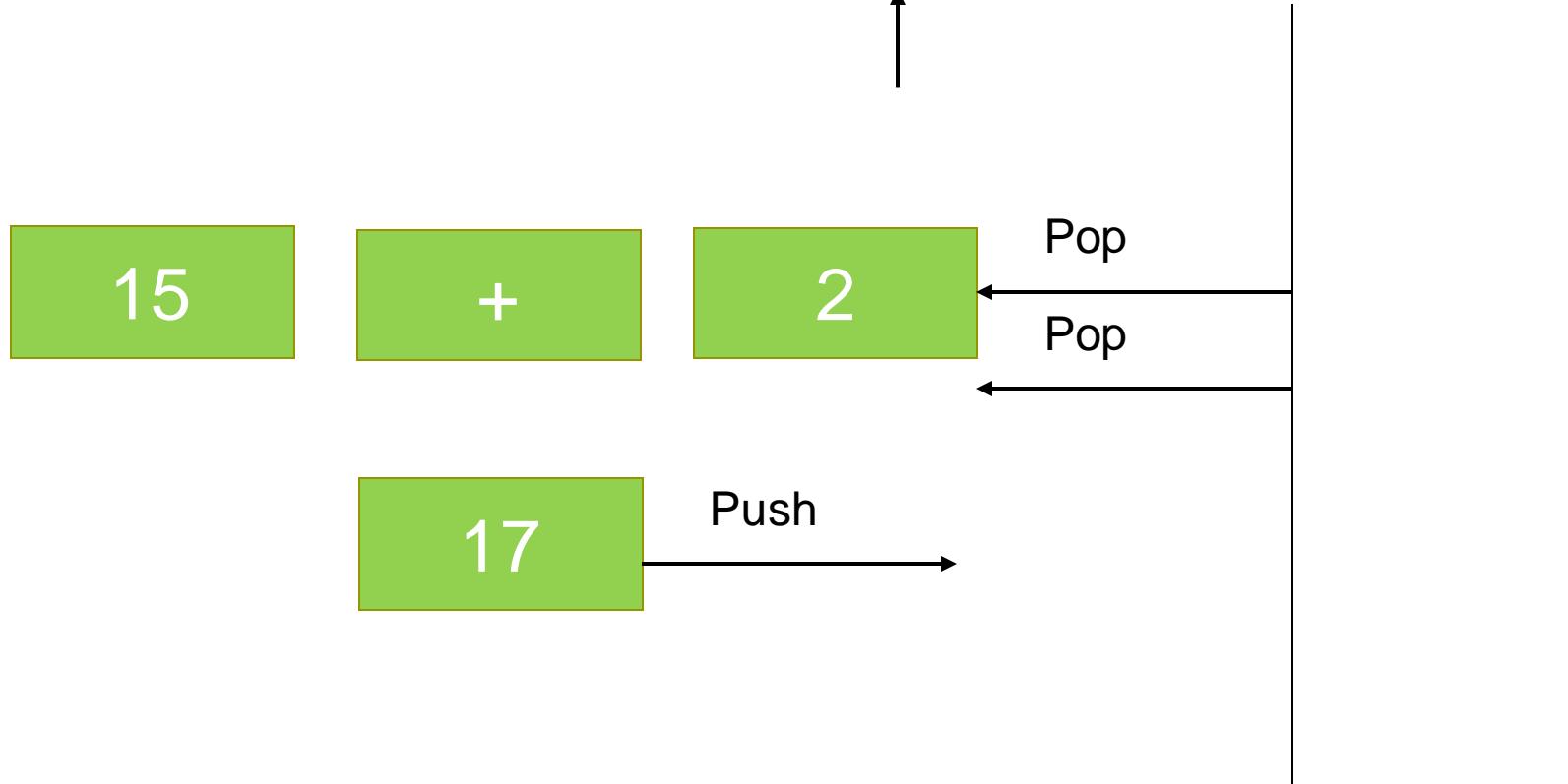
Postfix Evaluation Example

3 5 × 4 2 / + 2 ×



Postfix Evaluation Example

3 5 × 4 2 / + 2 ×



Stack of
operands

Postfix Evaluation Example



3 5 × 4 2 / + 2 ×

2 ×



Push

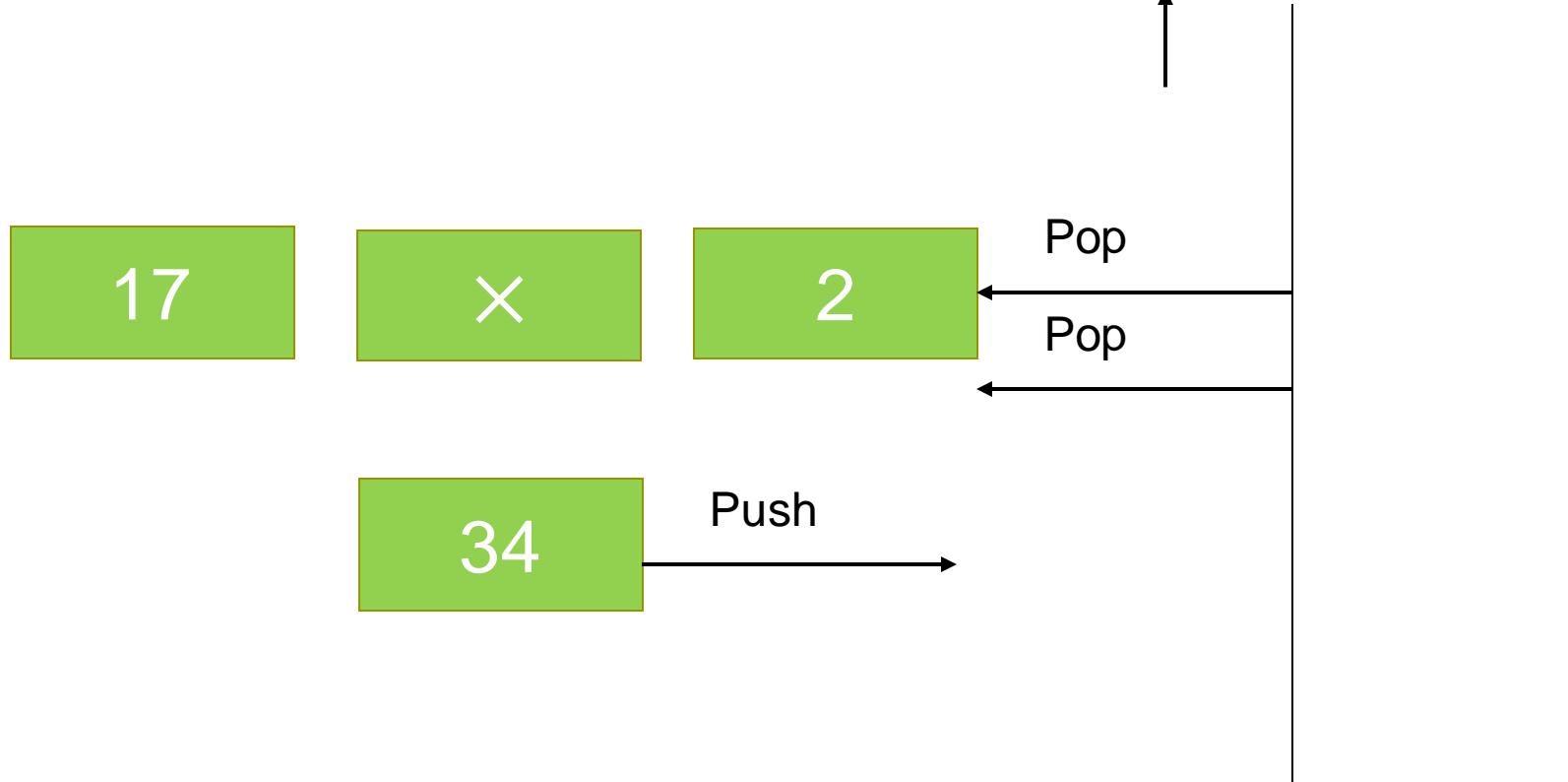


2
17

Stack of
operands

Postfix Evaluation Example

3 5 × 4 2 / + 2 ×

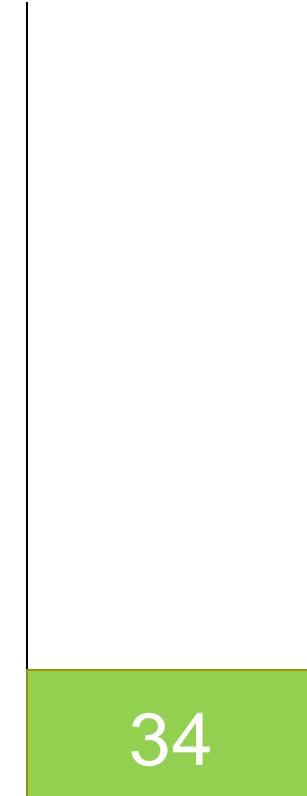


Stack of
operands

Postfix Evaluation Example



3 5 × 4 2 / + 2 ×



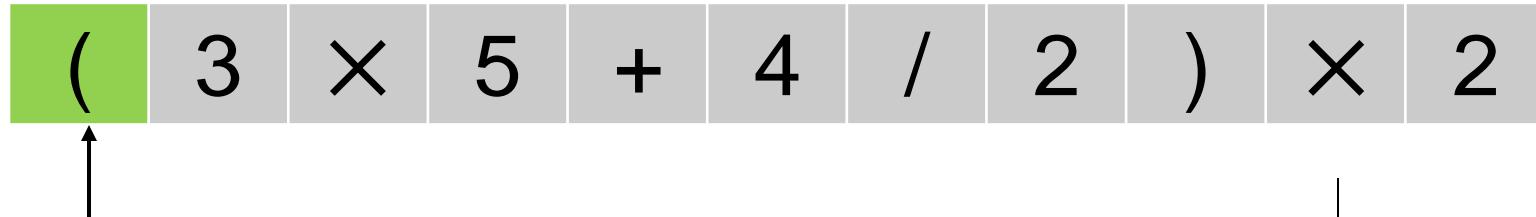
Stack of
operands

Infix to Postfix Conversion

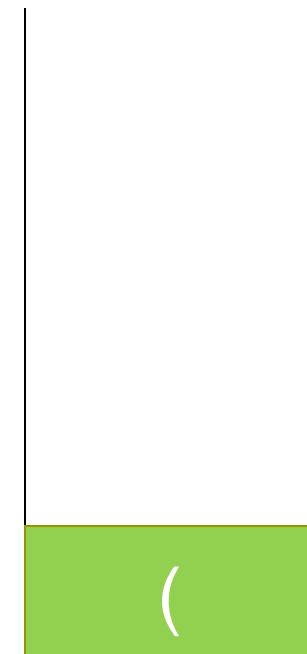
- › Convert the input into a sequence of operators and operands
- › Account for operator precedence
- › Account for parentheses
- › Example
 - › Infix (input): $(3 \times 5 + 4/2) \times 2$
 - › Postfix (desired output): $35 \times 42/+2 \times$

Example

Input



Output

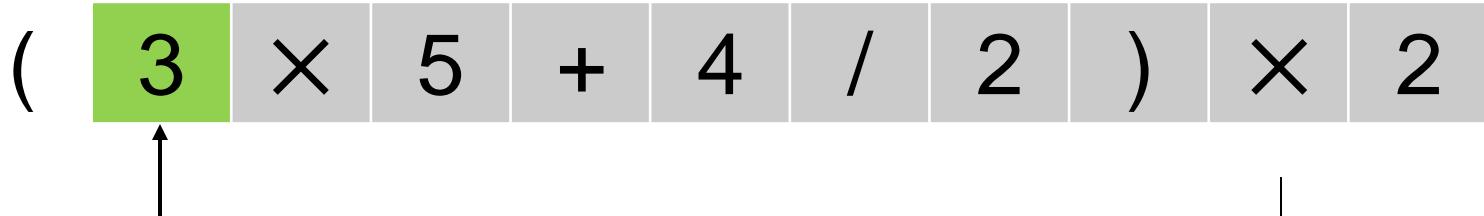


Stack of
operators

Example

Input

(3 × 5 + 4 / 2) × 2



Output

3

(

Stack of
operators

Example

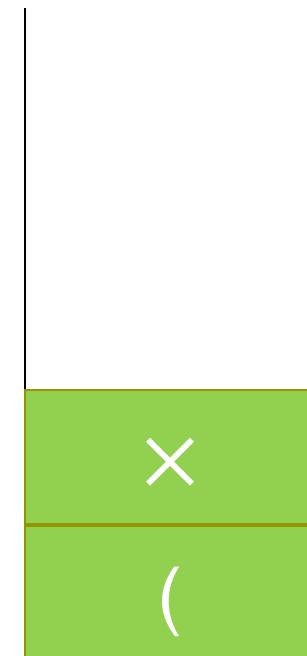
Input

(3 **X** 5 + 4 / 2) X 2



Output

3



Stack of
operators

Example

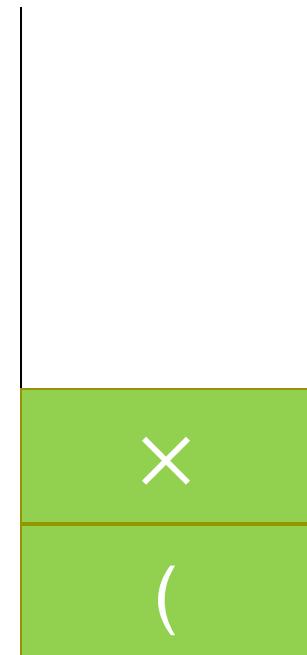
Input

(3 × 5 + 4 / 2) × 2



Output

35



Stack of
operators

Example

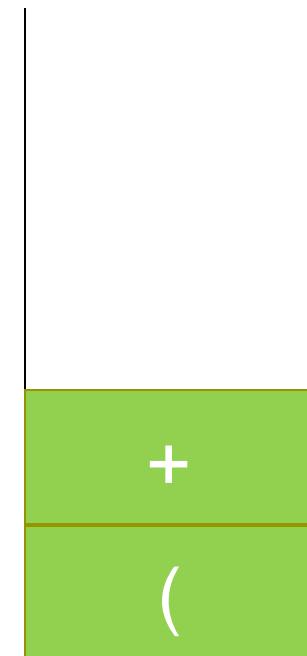
Input

(3 × 5 + 4 / 2) × 2



Output

35×



Stack of
operators

Example

Input

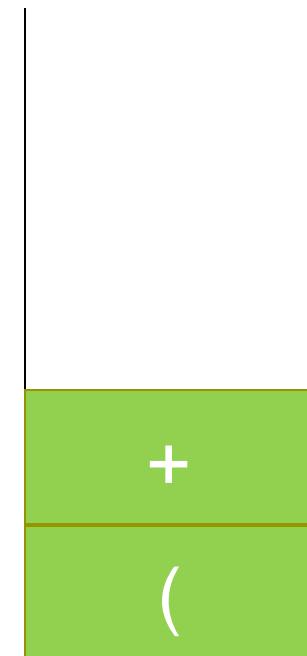
(3 × 5 + 4 / 2) × 2



The input expression is shown in a row of boxes. The tokens are: opening parenthesis, 3, multiplication sign, 5, addition sign, 4 (which is highlighted with a green box), division sign, 2, closing parenthesis, multiplication sign, and 2. An arrow points from below to the box containing the digit 4.

Output

35×4



Stack of
operators

Example

Input

(3 × 5 + 4 / 2) × 2



Output

35×4



Stack of
operators

Example

Input

(3 × 5 + 4 / 2) × 2

2) × 2



Output

35×42

/
+
(

Stack of
operators

Example



Input

(3 × 5 + 4 / 2) × 2



Output

35×42/+

Stack of
operators

Example

Input

(3 × 5 + 4 / 2) A calculator icon showing a green display screen with a black border and a grey keypad area.

Output

35×42/+



Stack of
operators

Example

Input

$$(\quad 3 \quad \times \quad 5 \quad + \quad 4 \quad / \quad 2 \quad) \quad \times \quad 2$$

Output

$$35 \times 42 / + 2$$

\times

Stack of
operators

Example

Input

$$(\ 3 \times 5 + 4 \ / \ 2 \) \times 2$$

Output

$35 \times 42 / + 2 \times$

Stack of
operators