

UNIVERSITY OF CALIFORNIA, RIVERSIDE
Department of Computer Science and Engineering
Department of Electrical Engineering
CS/EE120B – Introduction to Embedded Systems
Midterm 1
April 25, 2001

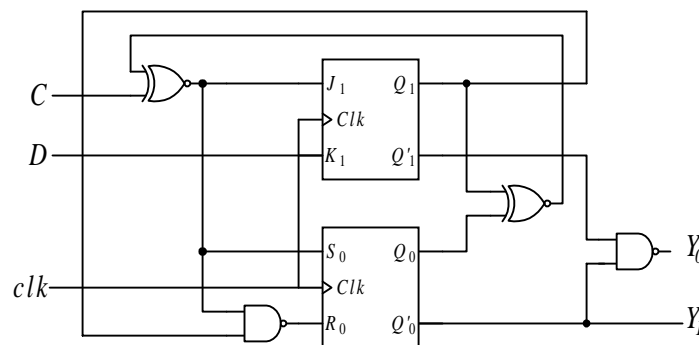
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Name: Solution Key Student ID#: _____
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Lab Section: 21 (TR 6-10): _____ 22 (WF 6-10): _____ 23 (WF 2-6): _____

(Numbers in parenthesis denote total possible points for question.)

1. Derive (a) excitation equations, (b) characteristic equations, (c) next-state equations, (d) output equations, (e) next-state/output table, and (f) a state diagram for the circuit shown below. Be consistent with the label order for the inputs, states, and outputs, i.e. use the order CD , Q_1Q_0 , and Y_1Y_0 respectively; and use the state diagram template below to draw your state diagram. (12 points)



Circuit

$Q_1Q_0 = 00$

$Q_1Q_0 = 01$

$Q_1Q_0 = 10$

$Q_1Q_0 = 11$

State diagram template to use for part (f).

Answer(a) The **excitation equations**

$$J_1 = C \oplus Q_1 \oplus Q_0$$

$$K_1 = D$$

$$S_0 = C \oplus Q_1 \oplus Q_0$$

$$R_0 = [(C \oplus Q_1 \oplus Q_0) Q_1]'$$

(b) The **characteristic equations**

$$\text{For the JK flip-flop: } Q_{1next} = K'Q + JQ'$$

$$\text{For the SR flip-flop: } Q_{0next} = S + R'Q$$

(c) The **next-state equations**

$$Q_{1next} = K_1'Q_1 + J_1Q_1'$$

$$= D'Q_1 + (C \oplus Q_1 \oplus Q_0)Q_1'$$

$$Q_{0next} = S_0 + R_0'Q_0$$

$$= (C \oplus Q_1 \oplus Q_0) + (C \oplus Q_1 \oplus Q_0) Q_1Q_0$$

$$= (C \oplus Q_1 \oplus Q_0)$$

(d) The **output equations**

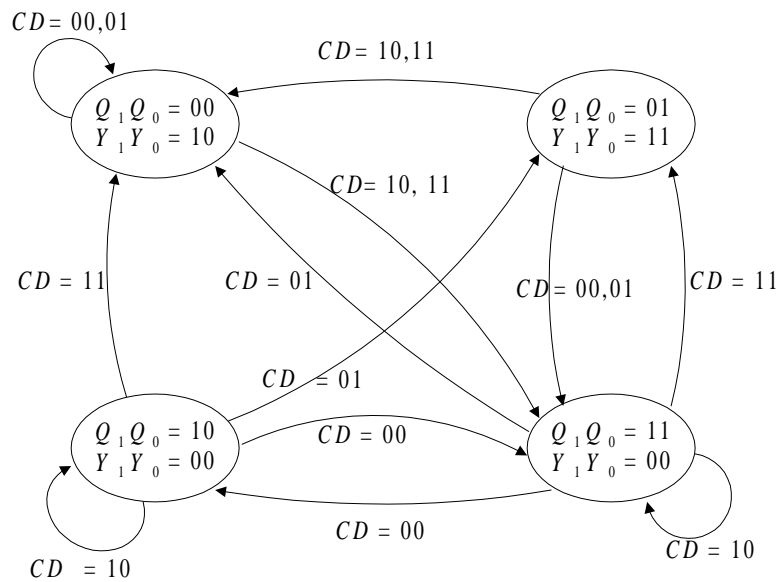
$$Y_1 = Q_0'$$

$$Y_0 = (Q_1'Q_0')' = Q_1 + Q_0$$

(e) The **next-state/output table**

Present State Q_1Q_0	Next State $Q_{1next} Q_{0next}$				Outputs Y_1Y_0
	CD=00	CD=01	CD=10	CD=11	
00	00	00	11	11	10
01	11	11	00	00	01
10	11	01	10	00	11
11	10	00	11	01	01

(f) The **state diagram**



2. Are there any equivalent states in the following next-state/output table and if so, which states are equivalent? Give your reasons. (2)

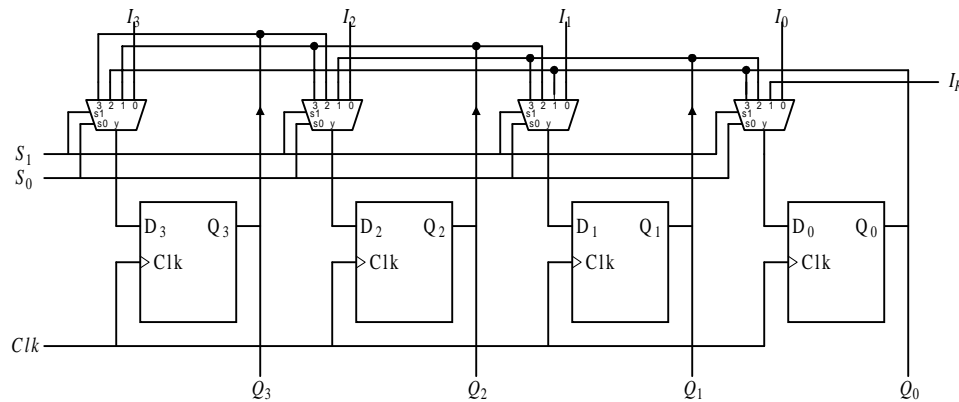
Current State	Next State				Output
	CD = 00	CD = 01	CD = 10	CD = 11	
S1	S2	S1	S2	S3	0
S2	S4	S3	S1	S2	0
S3	S2	S1	S4	S3	0
S4	S4	S3	S1	S2	1

Answer

There are NO equivalent states.

3. Draw a 4-bit shifter / rotator circuit having the following functional table (4)

S_1	S_0	Function
0	0	Load
0	1	Shift Left
1	0	Rotate Right
1	1	No Change

Answer

4. Use the “almost-one-hot” encoding and D flip-flops to synthesize a modulo-4 up counter with a count enable input C . The state for count 0 is also the initial state. The initial state is the next state for all the unused state combinations. The count is outputted as two bits y_1 and y_0 . You need to do the following:
- Derive the next-state/output table and the implementation tables. (2)
 - Derive the excitation equations for the inputs to the D flip-flops. Do not simplify the equations. (2)
 - Derive the output equations. Do not simplify the equations. (2)
 - Draw the circuit. (2)

Answer

- (a) The next-state/output table (which is the same as the implementation table is shown below:

Current State $Q_2 Q_1 Q_0$	Next State			Output $y_1 y_0$
	Q_{2next}	Q_{1next}	Q_{0next}	
	$C = 0$	$C = 1$		
000	000	001		00
001	001	010		01
010	010	100		10
100	100	000		11

- (b) $D_2 = Q_2 Q_1' Q_0' C' + Q_2' Q_1 Q_0' C$
 $D_1 = Q_2' Q_1 Q_0' C' + Q_2' Q_1' Q_0 C$
 $D_0 = Q_2' Q_1' Q_0' C + Q_2' Q_1' Q_0 C'$

- (c) $y_1 = Q_2' Q_1 Q_0' + Q_2 Q_1' Q_0'$
 $y_0 = Q_2' Q_1' Q_0 + Q_2 Q_1' Q_0'$

(d)

