CS120A – Homework #1

Spring 2003. Professor Hwang Given April 10, 2003. Due April 17, 2003 at the beginning of class. No late homework accepted.

Your work must be completely typeset with a word processor. Circuit diagrams can be drawn using any drawing program or by hand but it must be very neat. Handwritten works will **NOT** be accepted. (15 points total)

- 1. We said that XOR is the inverse of XNOR, but this is not always true for some number of inputs *n*. For instance, XOR is equal to XNOR for n = 3. Show using Boolean algebra that XOR = XNOR for n = 3. In general, what are the values of *n* where XOR = XNOR? (3)
- 2. Given the following truth table with four inputs (s_2, s_1, s_0, B) , derive the Boolean equation for the output function *F*. (3)

| <i>s</i> ₂ | s_1 | <i>s</i> ₀ | F |
|-----------------------|-------|-----------------------|----|
| 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 |
| 0 | 0 | 1 | 1 |
| 0 | 1 | 0 | B' |
| 0 | 1 | 1 | B |
| 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 1 | 0 | 1 | 1 |
| 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 |
| 1 | 1 | 1 | 0 |

3. Derive the truth table for the function

$$F = ((A+B') \bullet (BC)') \odot (A \oplus B')$$
(3)

(3)

4. Use Boolean algebra to convert the function

 $F = ((A+B') \bullet (BC)') \odot (A \oplus B')$

to its sum-of-products format.

5. Use Boolean algebra to simplify the following equation as much as possible and draw the circuit for it. (3)

$$F = ((A+B') \bullet (BC)') \odot (A \oplus B')$$